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SEA AND AIR



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All National Resources For Disarmament

This fourth of its series of articles on the discussions of the Preparatory Disarmament Conference at Geneva, the Army and Navy Journal reveals the basic divergence of the Continental Powers of Europe and what may be called the Anglo-American group. Involved are the vital interests and present and future welfare of the United States, and the facts presented are worthy of close examination, not only by the Army and the Navy but the people generally.—The Editor.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

IV.

TWO issues vital to the interests of the participating nations brought about sharp divergence in the discussion of the Subcommission of the Preparatory Disarmament Conference at Geneva.

The first, evoked by France and her continental supporters, was whether or not any rule adopted with reference to disarmament should be applied to the Army, Navy and Air forces as a whole, or whether they should be dealt with separately, as contended by the United States, Great Britain, Argentina, Brazil and Chile.

The second, likewise advocated by the French group, was whether or not disarmament should be applied to all the resources of a nation or to the organized forces and their material, as urged by the American-British group.

The subcommission decided in favor of the French view in both instances.

The maneuvers leading up to the decisions are interesting and reveal the tactics which the French employed. Immediately upon the assembling of the subcommission, the French submitted a memorandum covering every aspect of a nation's ability to make war, which they urged be made the basis for discussion. The Netherlands and Swedish delegations likewise submitted memoranda. These memoranda were so similar to that of the French that the chairman, M'Bero, ruled that the latter should be used "provisionally" as the basis of discussion.

Committee Plan Rejected.

Then the British, supported by the Americans, sought to have three technical committees, made up of technical experts, to deal with the Army, the Navy and the Air, respectively. They were unable to induce the subcommission to so act.

After considerable discussion, the question was finally resolved into a motion to begin discussion at once upon these paragraphs of the French memorandum:

"Thus their characteristics (those of the Navy) are such as to link them closely with land and air armaments;

"In the conditions of modern warfare, the characteristics of land armaments tend more and more to resemble those of naval and air armaments."

The vote on this proposition was as follows: For—Belgium, Bulgaria, France, Italy, Poland, Roumania, Serbia, Czechoslovakia. Against—Great Britain, Chile, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden. Abstention—Germany, Argentina, Brazil, Spain, United States, Finland.

Immediately upon the announcement of the vote, the following declarations were made:

U. S. Opposed Interdependence.

Hon. Admiral Jones (United States): I desire to read the following:

"Question I calls for the definition and an indication of the special characteristics

(Continued on Next Page.)

JOURNAL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 24, 1926

BRITTEN BILL TO PASS AT NEXT SESSION.

July 22, 1926.

Editor of the Army and Navy Journal: Replying to your letter of July 17th, may I suggest that my Line Personnel Bill did not fail of passage, but was unanimously reported favorably by the Committee on Naval Affairs of the House, and is now awaiting call on the calendar.

It should be passed during the early part of the next session of Congress.

FRED A. BRITTEN,
Member of Congress.

War Dept. Announces G. S. Eligible List

WAR DEPARTMENT orders will shortly be issued placing the following officers on the General Staff Corps Eligible List:

Allen, Terry de la M., major, Cavalry.
Armstrong, Francis T., major, Field Artillery.
Baldwin, Geoffrey P., captain, Infantry.
Barnes, Theodore, major, Cavalry.
Batson, Roscoe C., major, Field Artillery.
Bender, Louis B., major, Signal Corps.
Bitting, Henry R., major, Judge Advocate General's Department.
Blair, William R., major, Signal Corps.
Boettcher, Arthur, major, Infantry.
Bonesteel, Charles H., major, Infantry.
Boughton, Roland W., major, Infantry.
Boyce, Frederic W., major, Cavalry.
Brabson, Joe R., major, Field Artillery.
Brackenbury, Benjamin A., major, Chemical Warfare Service.
Bradford, Karl S., major, Cavalry.
Brezina, Frank, major, Quartermaster Corps.
Brown, John K., major, Cavalry.
Brown, Robert D., major, Coast Artillery Corps.
Brown, Sidney G., major, Infantry.
Browne, Harrison C., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Bundy, Charles W., captain, Coast Artillery Corps.
Burch, Bruce L., major, Cavalry.
Burr, Edgar W., major, Cavalry.
Burt, Franklin T., Lieutenant colonel, Infantry.
Busbee, Charles M., major, Field Artillery.
Camp, Thomas J., major, Infantry.
Carter, Henry P., major, Medical Corps.
Chambers, William E., captain, Infantry.
Chaney, James E., major, Air Corps.
Chapman, Charles A., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Christian, Robert L., captain, Infantry.
Cobbs, Nicholas H., captain, Finance Department.
Cochran, John H., Major, Coast Artillery Corps.
Crofton, Reginald B., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Coles, Roy H., major, Signal Corps.
Conklin, Arthur S., colonel, Coast Artillery Corps.
Cotton, Robert C., major, Infantry.
Cowley, Archibald D., major, Infantry.
Crafton, Denham C., major, Infantry.
Crawford, James B., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Crystal, Thomas L., major, Infantry.
Davis, John F., major, Cavalry.
Doe, Jens A., major, Infantry.
Donaldson, George C., major, Infantry.
Donaldson, Robert S., major, Field Artillery.

Doran, Richard, major, Coast Artillery Corps.
DuBois, Bird S., major, Coast Artillery Corps.
Duty, William B., major, Air Corps.
Dwan, Edward J., major, Cavalry.
Eager, Howard, major, Field Artillery.
Edgerly, John P., major, Infantry.
Edwards, William W., Lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Elchelberger, Robert L., major, Adjutant General's Department.
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Davison Will Welcome Tips on Air Service

By M. H. McINTYRE.

CLOSE cooperation between the air arms of the two branches of the National Defense, particularly with regard to a greater coordination in the work of development and procurement of planes and equipment, is one of the chief concerns of F. Trubee Davison, who on July 16, took the oath of office and assumed his duties as the War Department's first Assistant Secretary for Aviation.

Apparently with no preconceived ideas

(Continued on Page 1142.)

Navy Staff Promotions Approved by President

Both the Navy Medical Corps and Supply Corps Selection Boards completed their work this week, and their report was forwarded to the President at the Summer White House.

Presidential approval was received by wire at the Department on July 23, and the following recommendations for promotions made public:

To Be Captain, Medical Corps.

Charles St. John Butler, John Mosley Brister, Charles Gordon Smith, William Seaman, Ulys Robert Webb, Charles Malden Oman, Robert Eustis Hoyt, Joseph Paul Traynor, John Francis Murphy, Jesse William Backus, John Laird Neilson, Clarence Francis Ely, Albert Julius Geiger, Percival Sherer Rossiter, Charles Courtney Grieve, John Darwin Manchester, James Savage Woodward, James August Randall, Allen Donald McLean, Robert Graham Heiner, Benjamin Henry Dorsey, Lewis Hawley Wheeler, Owen Joseph Mink, Harold Wellington Smith, James Edward Gill, Robert Earle Stoops, Henry Aggett May, William Arnold Angwin, Frederick Eugene Porter, Norman Thomas McLean, David Clark Cather, Isaac Stockton Keith Reeves, Addison Bertram Clifford, Richard Ambrose Warner, William John Zalesky, William Neill McDonell.

To Be Commander, Medical Corps.

Condie Knox Winn, Ausey Hamilton Robnett, James Plummer Haynes, Thomas Wrightson Raison, James Morgan Minter, Spencer Littlefield Higgins, Renier John Straeten, Reynolds Hayden, Edward Victor Valz, Montgomery Alexander Stuart, Frank Xavier Koltes, Herbert Lester Kelley, Julian Taylor Miller, Harry Alfred Garrison, Henry Louis Dillard, Myron Clarke Baker, Elmer Eaton Curtis, Charles Waite Orville Bunker, Howard Foster Lawrence, Charles Joseph Holman, Montgomery Earle Higgins, George Wanzer Shepard, Ernest William Brown, Dallas Gilchrist Sutton, William Chambers, Kent Churchill Melhorn, Joseph Albert Biello, Alfred Joseph Toulon, Harry Hamilton Lane, Ralph Walker McDowell, George Carroll Thomas, Micajah Boland, Joseph Royal Phelps, Alfred Lee Clifton, Lucius Warren Johnson, George Franklin Cottle, William Leake Mann, Jr.; Roy Culbertson, Donald Hollingsworth Noble, John George Ziegler, Glenmore Ford Clark, William Murray Kerr, John Beverly Pollard.

(Continued on Page 1133.)

Col. Meade Gives Plans For U. S. M. C. Reserve

By Lt. Col. James J. Meade, U. S. M. C.
THE MARINE CORPS RESERVE is a component part of the Marine Corps.

A well organized reserve is most essential to the Marine Corps. The Marine Corps Reserve was reorganized under the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved February 28, 1925, effective from July 1, 1925. It is administered by the Major General Commandant, in the same manner as far as practicable as the regular Marine Corps.

The mission of the Marine Corps Reserve is to provide a force of officers and men organized and trained as well as circumstances will permit, available to serve as reinforcements to the Marine Corps when the emergency comes. To make it possible to carry out this mission, it is absolutely necessary that there be in the Marine Corps Reserve prior to that time, such number of officers and men as may be needed by the Marine Corps. We are now well aware of the fact that the regular Marine Corps is reduced to "bed rock" and has only sufficient personnel to carry on its normal peace-time duties. Therefore, to provide the expeditionary force required, the present reduced Marine Corps expeditionary force must depend upon the Reserve for reinforcements.

The United States is divided into four Reserve Areas, corresponding geographically and in name, to the recruiting divisions of the Marine Corps. The officers in charge of the recruiting divisions are the Commanding Officers of the Reserve Areas and are the Commanding Officers of all Reservists residing in such areas.

The duties of the Reserve Area Commanders in connection with the Reserve, are as far as practicable, the same as the duties of a Post Commander in the regular Marine Corps.

To supply the number of Reservists required for major operations, two plans were approved by the Major General Commandant.

Mobilization Plans.

Plan I: Experience in the World War proved that it was extremely difficult to mobilize for field service the disciplined and relatively well-trained men serving in navy yards, magazines and other naval shore stations. Indeed, it was found necessary to greatly increase the number of men on this class of duty. To meet such situations the Commanding Officer of each activity of this class will be informed as to the number of men to be transferred from his command on mobilization and he will be directed to enlist in the reserve an appropriate number of men residing in the vicinity. To take care of the necessary expansion of each such command in time of need, approximately two Reservists are to be enlisted for each regular Marine transferred.

This plan makes each Commanding Officer his own recruiting officer for Reservists. There are many ways to obtain these Reservists. Some of these ways would be through talks at schools and clubs, through the Marine Corps League, through former Marines, World War Veterans' Associations, Legion meetings, etc. The Reservists enlisted at different barracks naturally become immediately closely associated with the Marine Corps. They should be invited to attend social and other affairs at the barracks. When the appropriations will permit some training should be provided for these Reservists at the barracks where they are enlisted and in (Continued on Page 1134.)

Commending Marine Bravery, Editors Await Explosion Facts

COUPLED with the deep concern manifested by newspapers published in cities near which large quantities of explosives are stored, is a recognition that the disaster at Lake Denmark, N. J., may be properly included among the "Acts of God." There is pride also in the conduct of the officers and men of the Navy and Marine Corps in the fact of this appalling catastrophe. The triple investigation underway is approved and developments therefrom are being watched with the closest attention. But, aside from the technical aspects of the matter, there is present a feeling of fear that similar accidents may occur, and a demand is rising for the removal of explosives from densely populated communities.

In an article in last Sunday's New York Times, a writer states that "without a reserve of ammunition sufficient to equip the initial forces that can be placed in the field this country would be absolutely defenceless. Some idea of the magnitude of the ammunition storage problems may be gained from the fact that the war reserve of ammunition requires approximately 172 ammunition magazines, 360 smokeless powder storehouses, 229 high-explosive buildings, and 100 warehouses for non-explosive material."

Rear Admiral C. C. Bloch, Chief of Naval Ordnance, is quoted as follows:

"After all it should be remembered that what happened was due not to inefficiency of any of our officers or men, but to an act of God. The Navy will always be alert to see to it that every possible protection is given to these arsenals, not only for the safe keeping of its own personnel and properties, but also for the safeguarding of civilian life and property outside the reservation."

The New York World (Democratic) asks:

"Were the two ammunition depots involved in Saturday's catastrophe as safe as they could be made? To the layman it appears that they were not. In the first place, both the Navy reservation, said to comprise about 400 acres, and the Army reservation, said to comprise about 2,000, were entirely too small. When they were laid out, it might be argued, they were remote from outlying settlements, so that the acquisition of large tracts would have been wasteful. This, however, is no excuse. Communities grow up around all Government reservations, and in the case of an ammunition depot it is most important that they not grow up within the area of danger. The only way to preclude such a possibility is for the Government when it builds its storage plants to acquire enough land to insure that explosions, which may be expected to occur, will do no considerable damage except to the military property."

"In the second place, it is hard to believe that the buildings, with metal roof, constituted the best method of storage. They are dangerous in two ways, both of which figured in the present disaster. To begin with, they are obviously vulnerable to lightning. Again, no matter what causes the first explosion, they are so affected by concussion and flying debris that destruction spreads; like a string of fire-crackers, they set off each other. When one goes they all go, and it is impossible to keep the trouble localized. Wouldn't underground storage eliminate these dangers. Concrete cellars, covered with earth, would be lightning-proof, and even if one of them blew up from one cause or another it is not likely that the others would be set off too. They might be expensive, but the most fabulous expense could hardly equal that of the disaster we have just witnessed."

The Elizabeth, N. J., Journal (Republican) expresses the view that only Army and Navy experts are qualified to say where and how munitions shall be stored:

"Civilian judgment on where ammunition depots should be located is likely to be based on surface facts. These depots have a very vital relation to national defense, and there is reason to believe that they must be so placed as to be quickly and continually accessible in times of emergency."

"The question arises in the public mind whether the ammunition storage houses were protected as well as possible from lightning. The question can be answered only by the Army and Naval officials and the scientists they employ to make such property safe. The New York World asks why storage of ammunition should not be underground. Underground storehouses may be too damp; they could not be more costly if otherwise practicable than this disaster that has cost the Government upward of \$100,000,000."

"It is easy for civilians to tell the Government what should have been done. It is presumed, however, that the Government was not remiss in its duty in protecting, as far as it is possible to do so, the lives of its representatives and its property. If there was negligence it should be brought out in the inquiry."

The St. Louis Globe Democrat (Democratic) in an editorial, "A Climax in Disasters," asked what precautions were neglected in the protection of the ammunition stored at the Naval munitions depot at Lake Denmark. If all the safeguards science has provided in cases similar to that which has just occurred were faithfully carried out:

"To a lightning stroke that immediately preceded them, the explosions are attributed. Is this a case of post hoc, propter hoc? In the research of science into protection against lightning, safeguards of munition magazines have had special and effective attention. If due to this attributed cause, what precautions were neglected—precautions availing the world around for these perilous storage places? If due to some other cause, to what extent were neglect and carelessness factors?"

The New York Herald Tribune (Republican) inquires:

"Could this catastrophe have been averted? That is the question asked on every side. The answer will not be given until a technical body has made a careful investigation of all its details. Science has made great strides in perfecting safeguards against premature explosions aboard ships of war. It does not seem too much to ask the explosive experts to devise means of limiting the area of destruction in the event of fire."

"While awaiting the findings of the experts it is only fitting of us to express the general admiration felt for the bravery of those who have gone through the most trying of ordeals. For those who suffered grievous loss through the series of explosions the country will have the deepest sympathy."

The Pittsburgh Gazette Times (Republican) declared:

"Precautions are taken but all that man can do is not enough against a bolt of lightning. Explosives themselves constitute the peril. The attending circumstances producing the ignition are incidental."

The Philadelphia Inquirer (Republican) cites the case of Germany after the Franco-Prussian war, which stored its vast amount of powder, shells, etc., in continuous metallic coverings and embedded the entire matter in damp earth. Lightning struck it several times without serious consequence. It further stated in connection with the recent disaster that:

"What a heavy bolt might do, a du Pont authority says, is by no means certain. Evidently it was an attack of the severe kind which the arsenal at Lake Denmark failed to withstand. Apparently every known device had been employed to ward off such a disaster as visited the place on Saturday. Heavy fortifications with concrete wall and galvanized iron roofs with buildings widely separated from one another could not check the devastation."

The New York Sun (Republican) holds out the hope that the investigation on the explosion may develop some new and less dangerous method of storing explosives.

"The disaster will be investigated by competent officers of the Army and Navy and their findings may offer suggestion for new and less hazardous disposal of ammunition reserves. Such depots must be maintained, and the New Jersey establishments were permanent stations, not hastily constructed as were those which caused deep concern in the war. Technical details as to the design and materials of the powder houses, their spacing and their disposition with relation to civilian establishments, can be discussed only by persons acquainted with the best practice in such matters. It is apparent, however, that there must be ammunition stores, and that they must be at places convenient for the services that are to use them. The only thing to do with them is to make them as safe as human ingenuity can and then keep the general public at a respectful distance from them."

The New York Telegram (Independent) pays a glowing tribute to the Marines for their bravery and the part they played in the calamitous explosion at Lake Denmark.

"The United States Marines, who died in the New Jersey Arsenal explosion, gave their lives in a vain effort that others might live. The mute story of their heroism, above and beyond the call of duty, was told by that thin blue line of uniformed bodies strewn from the Marine barracks to the remains of the TNT storehouse."

"Some of them were actually fighting the fire when the explosion occurred. Others were pulling fire apparatus to the scene when the blast struck them. Every man had his face toward the common enemy when death came. So they lived their last moment, and so they died—trying to save others and not themselves."

"But they were Marines, of course!"

All National Resources Included for Disarmament

(Continued From First Page.)

Of the different categories of armaments, military, naval and air. Question III calls for our opinion as to the standard by which it is possible to measure the military, naval and air armaments of one country against the corresponding armaments of another country. Adequate answers to these questions can be given without undertaking to formulate any general declaration of principle as to the interdependence of these types of armaments. The American delegation, therefore, feels that the consideration of this question by this subcommission is not called for, and we therefore propose that this subcommission omit from its report any expression of opinion as to the interdependence of the various types of armaments."

Admiral Aubrey-Smith (Great Britain): The British delegation has already emphasized that the principle of cooperation had been recognized in every staff college and school of war. There is no wish on the part of the British delegation in any way to dispute the fact that the close relationships between the various forms of fighting services results in certain subsidiary operations of war being possible of execution by more than one branch, but the broad principles which underlie the main functions of each of the three services appear to be so distinct as to warrant their consideration separately and not in combination. The British delegation are of the opinion that it will be very difficult in

deed to combine in one index figure the proportionate strength of each of the three armaments to which each state will be justifiably entitled. It seems, moreover, quite impossible to compare the armament value of a battalion, a battleship and an air squadron. To reduce these dissimilar factors to one common denominator would appear to be an abuse of mathematics and if attempted would be almost certain to lead to the adoption of an arbitrary ratio bearing no relation to the realities of the case.

France for Ratio.

Colonel Requin (France): The relationship between the three forms of armament is due in the first place to the identity of their functions; in the second place, to the fact that when a country is estimating the total force which is required for national defense, it had to arrive at a suitable combination of the three categories: thirdly, to the organization peculiar to the respective forms of armament; and lastly, to the essential consideration—the methods in which they were employed in war. There was a quantitative ratio between the naval, land and air forces. It must naturally be left to the Governments to determine that ratio since they alone could decide what was necessary for their security. Taking land armaments as an example, it went without saying that at any moment any special arm could be employed for a purpose for which it was specially fitted. This was not a reason for disassociating the three arms, infantry, cavalry and artillery, which generally operated in combination. The same argument applied to land, naval and aerial armaments.

The following paragraph was put to a vote on the motion of Colonel Requin (France):

"This survey shows that although each

of the three main categories of armaments (land, sea and air) possess special characteristics, it is nevertheless necessary to study them constantly in combination in order to judge of the effects that a measure taken against one of them is likely to have on the others."

Here is the way the nations voted on this proposal: For—Germany, Belgium, Spain, France, Italy, Poland, Roumania, Serbia, Czechoslovakia. Against—United States. Abstentions—Argentina, Bulgaria, Great Britain, Chile, Finland, Japan, Netherlands, Sweden.

Definition Creates Split.

Because of the difficulty of agreeing on a definition of "armaments," the subcommission devoted its time preliminarily to describing the elements of which they are composed. Here again, the French, supported by the Continental Powers, split with Great Britain, the United States, Argentina, Brazil and Chile. The divergence of view was thus explained:

Commander de Gama (Brazil): It is important to define exactly what is meant by the term "armaments." Too wide an interpretation has been given to it. It is necessary first of all to establish a distinction between the different senses in which the word has been used. By the term armament, some people mean all the arms and implements of war, others mean all the arms together with the troops they could put into the field, and others again mean the whole of the resources of a country, what has been called the "potentia de guerra." The subcommission should put on record a definite distinction between the three meanings of the word.

Colonel Temperley (Great Britain): Every one knows that "armaments" mean ultimately the whole resources of a nation, the whole of the economic and finan-

cial resources, the raw materials, and the whole of the personnel of a nation, but in considering a definition the subcommission must consider the purpose for which it has been formed, and the view of the British delegation is that the subcommission has been formed to limit armaments which are limitless, in other words to supply a definition of "armaments" for the purpose of disarmament. The British delegation offered as a definition of "armaments":

"The forces immediately available on the outbreak of war and the material maintained for their use."

Jones Makes Proposal.

Rear Admiral Jones (The United States): In view of the lack of entire accord in the scope of the definitions already suggested for the expression "armaments," the American delegation ventures to suggest a definition which we hope may, to a very large extent, meet the main points of difference which have thus far developed.

In consequence, I suggest for the purpose of this subcommission that the expression "armaments" should be defined as:

"The organized military (Army, Navy and Air) forces of a country (including reserves) with their material and installations actually in being."

In the foregoing definition, the term "organized military forces" should be construed to mean persons equipped and formed into groups under the direction and control of a central authority, to maintain and protect national rights through force of arms.

The term "material" should be construed to embrace generally the arms of various calibres, ammunition, means of transportation and communication, supplies, acci-

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War Dept. Announces G. S. Eligible List

(Continued From First Page.)

Eisenhower, Dwight D., major, Infantry.
Elliott, Jesse D., major, Infantry.
Elliott, Malcolm, major, Corps of Engineers.
Emery, Ambrose R., major, Infantry.
Evans, Vernon, major, Infantry.
Fales, Eugene W., major, Infantry.
Fickel, Jacob E., major, Air Corps.
Field, Edgar L., major, Infantry.
Fisher, Arthur G., lieutenant colonel, Air Corps.

Foos, John W., major, Infantry.
Foster, Charles W., major, Cavalry.
Fox, Tom, major, Infantry.
Frank, Walter H., major, Air Corps.
Franke, Gustav H., major, Field Artillery.
French, Charles A., major, Coast Artillery Corps.
Gerow, Leonard T., major, Infantry.
Giffin, Stewart S., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Gillespie, James A., major, Field Artillery.
Gilmor, Albert, major, Coast Artillery Corps.
Godfrey, Stuart C., major, Corps of Engineers.
Halbert, Edward O., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Hall, Henry W., major, Cavalry.
Halpin, Robert J., major, Infantry.
Hamilton, Charles S., lieutenant colonel, Quartermaster Corps.

Harris, Arthur R., major, Field Artillery.
Hart, W. Lee, major, Medical Corps.

Haw, Joseph C., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Hawley, Harry, major, Infantry.

Hazzard, Oliver P. M., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Heidner, Samuel J., major, Infantry.

Helmick, Charles G., major, Field Artillery.

Hickox, Alfred A., lieutenant colonel, Infantry.

Hicks, George R., major, Infantry.

Higley, Harvey D., major, Field Artillery.

Hinemon, John H., Jr., major, Signal Corps.

Hoag, John A., major, Field Artillery.

Hoge, Benjamin F., major, Cavalry.

Hoop, Oscar W., major, Infantry.

Horowitz, Nathan, major, Field Artillery.

Houghland, Howard J., captain, Air Corps.

Hyatt, Robert F., major, Field Artillery.

Johnson, Davenport, major, Air Corps.

Jones, Thomas H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Jordan, Frank E., major, Field Artillery.

Kahle, John F., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Kemble, Franklin, major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Keyes, Geoffrey, major, Cavalry.

King, Harry L., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Kingman, Ralph W., lieutenant colonel, Infantry.

Kuegle, Albert S., major, Infantry.

Kunziger, Louis A., major, Infantry.

Ladd, Jesse A., major, Infantry.

Lee, Robert H., major, Ordnance Department.

Leonard, Joseph S., major, Infantry.

Lewis, Cedric W., major, Signal Corps.

Lewis, John E., major, Field Artillery.

Lindt, John H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Littlejohn, Robert McG., major, Quartermaster Corps.

Livesay, William G., captain, Infantry.

Llewellyn, Fred W., major, Infantry.

Lockett, James M., major, Infantry.

Long, John D., colonel, Cavalry.

Longino, Olin H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Lytle, Robert S., major, Infantry.

McCain, Joseph D., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

McCarron, Thomas R., major, Infantry.

McCleanly, William R., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

McDonald, Robert C., major, Medical Corps.

McNarney, Joseph T., major, Air Corps.

Maddux, Rufus F., major, Chemical Warfare Service.

Magruder, John, major, Field Artillery.

Mather, William F., major, Field Artillery.

Maloney, Harry J., major, Field Artillery.

Mandell, Harold C., captain, Cavalry.

Marks, Edwin H., major, Corps of Engineers.

Marshburn, Herbert E., major, Infantry.

Martin, Frederick L., major, Air Corps.

Metzger, Earl H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Miller, Faunteley M., major, Infantry.

Millikin, John, major, Cavalry.

Moore, J. Merriman, major, Infantry.

Three New Brigadier Generals for U. S. Army

THREE new temporary brigadier generals for the Army for a four-years detail to fill existing vacancies in the Air Corps and Q. M. Corps have been appointed by President Coolidge during the past few days. In none of the appointments was the President governed by seniority of service.

The officers advanced are: Lt. Col. William E. Gillmore and Frank P. Lahm, of the Air Corps, to be brigadier generals in that corps for four years to fill recently created vacancies, and Col. Arthur W. Yates, Q. M. C., to be a brigadier general and assistant to the Quartermaster General in that corps, vice Dalton, retired at his own request.

General Gillmore stood No. 5 on the list of Lieutenant colonels in the Air Service and General Lahm No. 7. General Gillmore is at present on duty as Chief of the Supply Division in the office of the Chief of Air Corps, Washington, and will probably remain at Air Corps headquarters for duty.

General Lahm, who is on duty in San Francisco, Calif., where he has been air officer of the 9th Corps Area, has not at this writing been given any new assignment. It is understood that until the Secretary of War returns to Washington early in August, nothing will be done concerning his assignment.

General Yates stood No. 8 on the list of Lieutenant colonels in the Q. M. Corps. He is at present on duty in the Philippines, but will be assigned to duty in the office of the Quartermaster General at Washington.

According to gossip in the War Department, General Yates will serve not more than one year. He then will be 62 years of age and will apply for retirement. His successor will not be determined upon until that time, but the officers whose names continue to be mentioned for the vacancy originally caused by the retirement of

Brig. Gen. Dalton are Colonels Francis H. Pope and Frank H. Lawton.

General Yates' selection at this time occasioned great surprise. It appears that he was urged for the position by Major General Leonard A. Wood, with whom he has been associated, and Major General Fred Sladen. Major General Hines, Chief of Staff, is understood also to have approved the appointment.

All three officers have excellent records. Those of Gens. Gillmore and Lahm were given in *The Army and Navy Journal* of July 10, in the exclusive announcement of their appointment. Both are graduates of the U. S. M. A.

Gen. Yates was born in Wisconsin February 14, 1865, and was commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry in the Regular Army from civil life in August, 1891. He served at various stations with the infantry until 1901, graduating from the Infantry and Cavalry School in 1895, and in 1901 being transferred to the Q. M. Corps with which he has since served.

Prior to the World War, among other duties, he was chief quartermaster of Vilas, P. I., with the transportation service to Cuba during the Cuban occupation, assistant in the office of the Quartermaster General, assistant to the Depot Quartermaster during the San Antonio concentration in 1911, Quartermaster at Portland, Oreg., and assistant to the Quartermaster at San Francisco and Manila.

During the World War he was first engaged as executive to the Quartermaster at New York, in the organization of the transportation service to France, and later became Quartermaster of the port of Boston, going to France after the Armistice, where he was first Quartermaster in the district of Paris and finally Chief Quartermaster of the American forces in France during the period of final withdrawal and adjustment.

Moseley, Robert L., lieutenant colonel, Infantry.

Mountford, Frederick A., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Muller, Carl H., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Murray, Maxwell, major, Field Artillery.
Musgrave, Thomas C., major, Infantry.
Newgarden, Paul W., major, Infantry.

Nichols, Harold F., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Oliver, Edward J., major, Infantry.

Olsmith, Vernon G., major, Infantry.

Ord, James B., major, Infantry.

Ottosen, Peter H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Paddock, Richard B., major, Field Artillery.

Parker, Ralph M., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Parkinson, John L., major, Infantry.

Patterson, Charles H., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Pearce, Albert S., major, Infantry.

Pearson, Madison, major, Infantry.

Pendleton, Henry McE., major, Cavalry.

Pendleton, Randolph T., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Petty, James M., lieutenant colonel, Infantry.

Peyton, Philip B., major, Infantry.

Peifl, Henry H., major, Adjutant General's Department.

Phillips, Albert E., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Pirie, John H., major, Air Corps.

Pitz, Hugo E., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Pool, Herbert M., major, Infantry.

Price, George W., major, Infantry.

Ransom, Paul L., captain, Infantry.

Rayner, Harold M., major, Cavalry.

Rhett, John T., major, Infantry.

Rinehart, Claud K., major, Field Artillery.

Richtart, Duncan G., major, Cavalry.

Richmond, Joseph F., major, Cavalry.

Roberts, William L., major, Infantry.

Robertson, Walter M., major, Infantry.

Rogers, Frederick C., major, Infantry.

Rucker, Casper B., major, Infantry.

Rutherford, Allan, major, Infantry.

Ryder, Charles W., major, Infantry.

Sands, Alfred L. P., major, Field Artillery.

Saunders, Edwin O., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Judge Advocate General's Department.

Schillerstrom, Merl P., major, Infantry.

Schimelfenig, Charles A., major, Ordnance Department.

Schwencen, James C. R., major, Cavalry.

Seals, Carl H., major, Infantry.

Seaton, David S., captain, Air Corps.

Selton, Hugo D., major, Infantry.

Sharp, William F., major, Field Artillery.

Sherrard, Robert G., major, Infantry.

Skene, Cedric M. S., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Slaughter, Homer H., major, Infantry.

Sloan, John E., major, Field Artillery.

Smalley, Howard R., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Smith, Selwyn D., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Spalding, Isaac, major, Field Artillery.

Spencer, Theodore K., major, Infantry.

Stadtman, Claud E., captain, Infantry.

Stuart, Alexander J., major, Ordnance Department.

Sturdevant, Clarence L., major, Corps of Engineers.

Sumner, Lee, major, Infantry.

Tack, Willis J., major, Infantry.

Tatum, Howard C., lieutenant colonel, Cavalry.

Thompson, Harold, major, Cavalry.

Tierney, James H., major, Infantry.

Tillson, John C. F., Jr., major, Cavalry.

Tinker, Clarence L., major, Air Corps.

Tucker, Albert, major, Infantry.

Tully, Joseph M., captain, Cavalry.

Vanderveer, Harold C., major, Field Artillery.

Van Nostrand, Percy E., major, Air Corps.

Villaret, Eugene, major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Von Holtzendorff, John D., major, Field Artillery.

Waddill, Edmund C., major, Infantry.

Waite, Sumner, major, Infantry.

Walker, James F., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Walker, Walton H., major, Infantry.

Wallace, John H., major, Field Artillery.

Walsh, Roland F., major, Quartermaster Corps.

Waltz, Millard F., Jr., major, Infantry.

Ward, Orlando, major, Field Artillery.

Watson, James A., major, Infantry.

Weaver, James R. N., major, Infantry.

Weld, Seth L., major, Infantry.

Wheeler, John P., major, Cavalry.

Wheeler, Lester M., major, Infantry.

White, James M., major, Infantry.

Williams, Robert Crayton, major, Corps of Engineers.

Williford, Forrest E., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Wilson, John H., captain, Coast Artillery Corps.

Wilson, Ralph W., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Winton, Walter F., major, Field Artillery.

Wood, Charles M., major, Coast Artillery Corps.

Gen. Helmick to Be District Commissioner

Unless all signs fail, Maj. Gen. Ell A. Helmick, U. S. A., the Inspector General of the Army, will be appointed Commissioner of the District of Columbia. Thus, the Government has turned again to the Army for men to fill important positions, the most recent prior case being that of Brig. Gen. Albert C. Dalton, U. S. A., who was named as President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

The President is understood to have selected Gen. Helmick because of his desire to have as Commissioner of the District of Columbia an official in whom the residents of the city and indeed of the country could have implicit confidence. Mr. Coolidge was shocked by the revelations in the case of Commissioner Fenning, and the moment Congress adjourned he made it clear to that officer that his resignation was desired. Mr. Fenning complied, and the President then began his search for a successor, finally deciding in favor of Gen. Helmick.

Gen. Helmick will be placed upon the retired list on his own application. He was born in Indiana on September 27, 1868, and thus would have had a little more than a year to serve on the retired list. He has had a distinguished military career, and as Inspector General has conducted his office with ability and judgment. As Mr. Fenning's successor he will have direct charge of police, traffic and like matters, and thus will be able to apply the long experience he has had.

During the World War Gen. Helmick served as a temporary Major General in the Inspector General's Department. In 1918 he was assigned to command the 8th Division and arrived in France with its leading elements about the time the armistice was signed. The D. S. M. was awarded him for his service as commander of Base Section No. 5 and director of the embarkation of troops at Brest. Since the war Gen. Helmick has served as chief of staff of the Sixth Corps Area and in the Inspector General's Department. When a vacancy was created by the retirement of Maj. Gen. John L. Chamberlain on November 5, 1921, Gen. Helmick was appointed Inspector General of the Army.

Gen. Helmick won distinction in the Spanish-American War, being promoted by brevet for gallantry in action during the campaign against Santiago de Cuba, and was in the field at Lake Lanao, Mindanao, P. I., during the Philippine Insurrection. In addition to duty with troops he has served on the General Staff and in the Adjutant General's Department.

No selection has yet been made of an officer to succeed Gen. Helmick. The names prominently mentioned are those of George D. Moore (Infantry) and Col. George H. Jamerson (Inf'y.). It is understood that the appointment will be determined upon by Secretary Davis when he returns to Washington about August 1.

Changes Among General Officers U. S. Army

SEVERAL important changes were ordered by the War Department this week in the stations and duties of general officers.

Maj. Gen. William Lassiter is relieved from command of the Panama Canal Department and is assigned to command the 6th Corps Area with headquarters in Chicago, Ill. Major Gen. William S. Graves relieved from command of the 6th Corps Area, will assume command of the Panama Canal Division, with headquarters at Fort Amador C. Z. This Division comprises special troops and the 19th and 20th Brigades.

Major Gen. Charles H. Martin, who has been in command of the Panama Canal Division, has been assigned to command the Panama Canal Department, with headquarters at Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, C. Z.

Letters to the Editor

The Army and Navy Journal invites all of its readers to send in communications on various topics of interest to the Services and will be glad to publish them. While no limit as to length is set, it is suggested that letters be confined to about 300 words whenever possible. The Army and Navy Journal particularly would like to have the views of its readers on the injustices existing in the promotion list of the Army. This subject is now being studied by the Secretary of War and it is felt that our readers' views will be of material assistance in reflecting the Army's attitude and furnishing constructive suggestions which may aid to solve the problem.

THE DARDANELLES EXPEDITION.

Dear Mr. Editor:
NATURALLY I was very much interested in the letters from Col. J. W. Gulick and Comdr. W. A. Glassford, U. S. N., concerning your review of "The Dardanelles Expedition." I was surprised that Commander Glassford openly recommended a Department of the Defense for the United States, and that Colonel Gulick suggested United Command in the theatre of operations, as the best solution of the difficulties of amphibious war.

I found nothing in the history of the Dardanelles Expedition to indicate the necessity of either a Department of the Defense or United Command for the United States. A Department of the Defense would possibly help in the case of Great Britain, because in 1688 the crown was deprived of all executive power which devolved upon the cabinet. A cabinet can not make war nor can a war council. So it might be well to have a single Cabinet Minister in Great Britain responsible for both the Army and Navy. No such necessity exists in this country, because the President is Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, and has practically unlimited power during war time. To create a national Department of the Defense would simply place a Cabinet Minister between the President and the United States Army and Navy.

To confide the Army and Navy to a single commander who could not possibly qualify to command both an Army and a Navy, would be to hazard one branch or the other, depending on which branch commanded. General Hamilton testifies that the Navy supported him efficiently at every turn. Admiral Weymouth and Admiral de Robeck testify that the Army supported the Navy on every occasion. Both Army and Navy authorities testify to the cordial relations existing between the two services at all times in the theatre of operations. The Dardanelles Commission which investigated the operation and which spared no one, reported that "there was full cooperation between the Navy and Army and the two services worked well and harmoniously together." The Suvla landing and the evacuation were both models of amphibious effort, and show conclusively that under the most difficult conditions of amphibious war, cooperation between properly indoctrinated Army and Navy officers is sufficient to insure success.

There was no cooperation in London between the Army and Navy, nor between departments of the Army or departments of the Navy. In the case of the War Office, it was due to the departure of most of the officers trained in general staff duties to France. In the case of the Admiralty, the First Lord insisted on running the Admiralty as a personal department, and would listen to no expert advice which did not coincide with his own ideas. Naturally there could be no cooperation under such circumstances.

In my opinion, the big lesson of the Dardanelles is that civilian Cabinet members must be guided by expert Army and Navy opinion during war time, and this I think you brought out very clearly in your review of the book. Yours sincerely,

W. D. PULESTON,
Captain, U. S. Navy,
Chief of Training Division.

PROMOTION IN ARMY.

To the Editor:

It seems to be a frequent and well established form of punishment—this reduction of an officer several hundred files upon the promotion list. A court-martial adjudges such a sentence upon a guilty officer with all severity. The sentence in due course of time is gravely approved and announced. It should be dreaded, for is it not inflicted as a form of punishment? Perhaps the offender has broken a regulation—not frequently, no—not infrequently the offender has forgotten his Uniform, his Profession.

Among those who read these court-martial sentences, there stand alone, some sixty or so Second Lieutenants. They

draw the phry of First Lieutenants, of six or seven years' service, some held a higher rank in 1918! Their ages—around thirty years—the same age as many promising young Captains, with years of service, opportunity for staff schools, in short, of the calibre referred to as "promising young Officers."

These few Second Lieutenants, at least, stand bewildered. Perhaps their efficiency reports refer to honest and faithful service. They wonder at such a form of punishment. What is their offense for which they are forfeiting no mere hundreds of files? What have they done? Wherein have they failed?

Was it that they were a few months too late in returning to the service? They ask no credit for service unperformed. Was it that they were foolishly led to believe that promotion was to be according to their length of service or even Commissioned Service? They stand aside, as they have done for some five years. They receive practically no credit for Commissioned Service performed; often in action—unrewarded for long months in hospitals from wounds—perhaps contributory to their delay in returning to the service. They competed with younger men fresh from school, and were placed with those new to the service:

Our Secretary of War has made a remark to the effect that "Promotion means an Officer's career." Their Career—the sixty-old Second Lieutenants. Their hair will grow white, serving their sentence of reduced files—adjudged by A Few Months, and Legislative Decision.

Rightly may it have been said that the present promotion system works a hardship upon the junior officers, and above all, the Honorable Sixty. May their service be always loyal and efficient—the chosen few, for whom might have been written "FOR PROMOTION COMETH NEITHER FROM THE NORTH, NOR FROM THE SOUTH, NOR FROM THE EAST, NOR FROM THE WEST, BUT FROM THE LORD ALONE ***"

A HUMBLE OFFENDER.

All National Resources Included for Disarmament

(Continued From Page 1122.)
series, etc., necessarily to the operation of the forces. The term "installations should be construed to include fortifications, arsenals, dry docks, plants and accessories, etc., designed or employed for specific use in connection with the accomplishment of a military purpose.

Colonel Requin (France): The reply to the question will have to be that "armaments" include all the human resources and all the resources of every other description which a country employs for the purpose of war.

Consider Nation in Arms.

The subcommission ought to start from the idea of the nation in arms. The power of a nation in arms depends on the resources which it has available. To start with, there was the population of a country and its distribution. In war time, there was the male population partly forming the peace effective of the Army and also embodied in the semimilitary formation, such as gendarmerie and police. Then there were the reserves of the army, which had to be called to the colors and equipped, and in the next category there were other classes of reserves who required a certain preliminary period of training, and then there was a further class which would have to be trained altogether before they could be used. Behind these, there was all the man power employed in the factories, then a large number of persons, both male and female, employed on communication, and then a large part of the population, both male and female, who were engaged in the various services which maintained and fed the army in the field, and then behind there was nothing but the aged and the children. It was impossible to stop

with that enumeration and say one had exhausted the categories which might be regarded as military. A similar remark would apply to material and the financial resources of a country. In addition, there were special conditions which went to make up the military force of a country, such as the political unity of the people and, perhaps, even their religious unity. Again, the question dealt with geographical elements. Under these would have to be included the situation of the country in relation to other countries, whether the country was insular or continental, the physical features, its mountains, its lines or rivers, the position of its frontiers, whether those frontiers were actually strong or weak, the position of the capital and the vital centers of industry in relation to its frontiers, and even the shape of the country itself, and, again, whether it possessed detached portions, colonies, in other parts of the world, and whether those colonies were scattered or whether they were close together. Further, there were all the demographic factors which must be taken into account, the density of the population, the distribution of the population, the population which existed in other countries, and the ethnic minorities within the country itself.

Defines American Attitude.

Major General Nolan (The United States): The delegation of the United States is convinced that if the Preparatory Commission is to achieve a useful result its task must be confined to the consideration of what is tangible and visible. It seemed, therefore, advisable that the attitude of the United States representatives should be made perfectly clear. Their view was that the various factors upon which the power of a country in time of war depended, included, among other things, the following:

1. Geography, topography and climate.
2. Population and social conditions.
3. Political situation, including alliances and ententes.
4. Economic situation:
 - a. Material resources, food and raw materials.
 - b. Manufacture and munitioning capacity.
 - c. Transportation and communications.
 - d. Foreign commerce.
 - e. Finance, etc.
5. Military and naval establishments; reserves of materials, etc.

The position of the American delegation was that of the factors, enumerated above, the one dealing with "military and naval establishments, reserves of material, etc.," was the only one capable of a satisfactory evaluation by the subcommission for the purpose of reducing or limiting armaments. An attempt to evaluate the other factors would lead into such a mass of speculative questions, diversity of opinions, and differing formulae, that from the point of view of the reduction and limitation of armaments, it appeared very doubtful if such a consideration would serve a useful purpose at the present time.

Britain Agrees With U. S.

Admiral Aubrey-Smith (Great Britain): The British delegation supports in principle the opinions expressed by the United States delegation. We can never reach useful results if we lose ourselves in a forest of details. For instance, one of the lists of resources for making war includes such items as "pigs" and "fogs." It appears to be the desire of this subcommission to enumerate everything that could be used in war time. The completion of such a task is impossible. For example, in any future war the development of broadcasting and the radio-telegraphic method of getting in touch with the inhabitants of a country might prove of great value.

Rear Admiral Jones (The United States): While the American delegation did not wish to object to the fullest discussion, it thought the very extensive enumeration of articles and elements made by the French, Netherlands and Swedish memoranda would not tend materially to advance the work of the subcommission. The contention of the American delegation, which was considered fundamental, was that the elements listed were resources, and should not be included in the definition of "armaments," as was apparently the intention of the French memorandum, and also of The Netherlands memorandum.

Admiral Aubrey-Smith (Great Britain): I propose the following:

"Material and animals in service in the Army, Navy and Air forces in time of

peace, including warships which can be put to combatant use."

If every ship which could be put to combatant use were brought to account, the country with one of the biggest navies in the world would have more units caught in the net than the others. If any other formula were adopted dissimilar to that proposed, it might result in a great deal of unfairness and inequality. For instance, two countries with an equal number of warships of the same type might have a different number of ships in commission and in reserve, and it would be unfair that the country with the larger number of ships in reserve should be able to say that they could not be taken into account because they could not be manned without mobilization.

Measure By Extensive Tonnage.

Read Admiral Jones (United States): The American delegation is in accord with the British proposal. The only way of measuring is by existing tonnage. Almost all countries have different categories in regard to the status of their warships, as to whether they were in reserve or out of commission or refitting, so that the American delegation thought that the only real basis of calculating the strength of navies for the purpose of limiting naval armaments was by actual tonnage in existence.

This paragraph, substantially as proposed by the British delegation, was adopted.

The American delegation watched closely every development in the discussion, inquiring into the use or application of this or that element, or word. For example, the United States abstained from voting on the following adopted paragraph as part of the answer to the question on what constitutes armaments:

"Defensive systems in the mother country and colonies, naval bases, air bases, defended ports, canals, etc."

Oppose Canal Inclusion.

Rear Admiral Jones explained the American delegation's vote on the ground that it did not understand the whole significance of the paragraph, whether it would include canals in the interior of a country, the Panama Canal or the possible Nicaragua Canal. Admiral Jones could not see why canals should be included any more than any other strategic means of communication between countries. If the term "air bases" were included, would it mean that air bases would have reference exclusively to military air bases and in no sense refer to commercial air bases? Particularly was the delegation watchful of the effort on the part of the French and others to include all the industries of a nation among its armament. Admiral Jones pointing out that a rolling mill which had a contract to roll special treatment for steel for armor plate might also get a contract to roll plates for bank safes, and exactly the same plant would be used; and the same remark would apply to open hearth furnaces and electric furnaces, which produced the same material for guns as was required for many other things in civil life. Similarly, he objected to a paragraph requiring a survey of the extent to which a country could be self-supporting, mention being made especially of coal, liquid fuel, steel, cotton, cellulose, azote, sulphuric acid, cereals, sugar and meat; transportation and financial strength, etc. The Admiral regarded it as dangerous to incorporate such a list unless it was absolutely complete because the omissions might be quite as important as the articles mentioned. He noticed, for instance, that no mention was made of rubber or of non-ferrous metals. Steel, mentioned in the list, was not an element but in reality a manufactured article. Upon the suggestion of Admiral Jones the paragraph was modified so as to read the extent to which a country can be self-supporting in fuel, foodstuffs and raw material.

It was apparent from the discussion that the French contention for the consideration of all resources would succeed.

In our next issue we will present the decision of the subcommission on all the matters it considered.

SURFMAN MAKES DARING RESCUE.

Surfman Donald, Rockaway Point Station, Fourth District, swam from the picket-boat CG-2367 to the motorboat K-2665 recently carrying a line which prevented the motorboat from drifting into the rough surf with its occupant. The disabled craft was pulled to a safe position, bailed out, towed to Sheepshead Bay and beached.

**Army and Navy
U.S.M.C.—N.G.**

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

**Coast Guard
Reserve Forces**

NEW ARMY HOUSING PROJECTS.

THE CONSTRUCTIVE Service of the Quartermaster Corps of the Army, is now busy perfecting plans for the new construction projects authorized by Congress, of barracks, quarters for officers and noncommissioned officers, hospitals and other types of buildings necessary at various posts, badly in need of such structures.

The buildings will be constructed of either brick, concrete, or tile, and while the general features will apply to all posts, the types of buildings will be similar in architecture to those prevailing in the community at or near to the site of the post. Another feature of interest to officers and men will be that the buildings to be erected will be suitable to the peculiar climatic conditions of the section of the country the post is located at.

The Army post under the present plans of the Quartermaster Corps, should become attractive suburban additions to the cities or towns near which they are located. The habitations will be up to date, comfortable, and substantial, and will be real homes. The proposed layout of McCook Aviation Field near Dayton, Ohio, furnishes an excellent example of the mode of construction to be followed.

The section of the field which will be devoted to purely military activities, which will embrace the administration buildings, shops, hangars, and other buildings of like character, will all be constructed so as to best meet the military requirements. The part of the post in which the buildings for officers and men will be located, will be laid out so as to be in keeping with the best architectural and building plans in civil communities, with a view to having this section of the Army post an attractive suburban addition to the city of Dayton.

The list of construction projects which involve an expenditure of \$7,020,000, and the amounts from this to be expended at each post, which has been approved by the War Department, appeared in the Army and Navy Journal of July 17, on the first page.

The new construction work will be started at the earliest possible moment, and it is considered very probable that in about three months time, ground may be broken for some of the new buildings so badly needed.

REDUCING ARMY PAPER WORK.

THERE is no branch of the Army more desirous of reducing paper work and forms than the Adjutant General's Department, and a great deal of progress along these lines has been made, and more will be made, especially in paper work concerning the combatant services. With the creation of many new units in the Army, new activations, new methods of training, etc., there was naturally a great increase in paper work, regulations, manuals of training, etc. It has been the desire of the Adjutant General's Department to reduce all these to the lowest possible minimum.

To effect this there is a permanent board of officers which meets weekly at the War Department, to consider all recommendations or suggestions regarding paper work, and how to make it lighter, and suggestions from officers of the Army at large as to this are always welcome, and many of them have been acted upon favorably.

The present board consists of Col. George H. Jamerson, Inspector General's Department, president of the board, Maj. Edward A. Brown, A. G. O., Capt. William N. Skyles, Finance Department, and Capt. Hal T. Vigor, Q. M. Corps, recorder. One of the most valuable officers who has assisted in the work of the board has been Maj. Charles P. Daly, Q. M. C., known as one of the best experts on paper work in the Army. He has been on the sick list for some time, but despite this fact the Major has been up and doing whenever possible.

As an example of the reduction in paper the Adjutant General's Department has accomplished, it is interesting to note that in 1924 the 1,308 blank forms then in use, were reduced to 433, of which 100 were for the Army at large, and 333 for office administrative purposes.

The board is continuous one, and is at work on various matters with which it has to do, and in the natural course of events it will undoubtedly recommend further changes in paper work or regulations deemed advisable for the benefit of the Army.

RATINGS OF AIR MECHANICS.

NEW THAT Assistant Secretary of War for Aviation, Mr. Davison, has assumed office, the War Department will begin shortly to issue ratings as air mechanics, first and second class, to enlisted men of the Air Corps who meet the required qualifications. These ratings carry pay of the second and third grades respectively.

Provision for this action is contained in the Army Air Law. It was adopted because of the recognition that the Air Service is in competition with civil industries which are willing to pay higher remuneration than did the government for men who had been educated at the technical school of the Air Service and had acquired valuable experience in the maintenance of aircraft. The new rates of pay offered, although, in many instances, below those in similar civilian occupations, are yet sufficiently high to insure the retention of both white men in the Army.

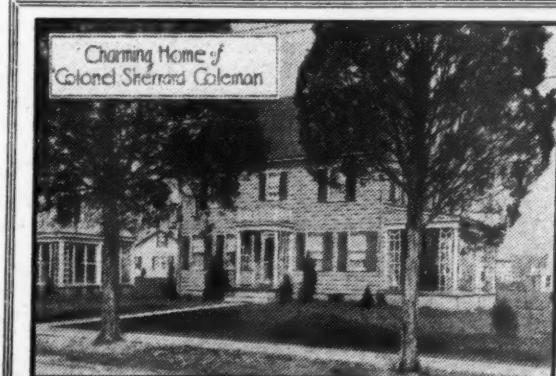
Secretary Davison is heartily in favor of the better provision made for air mechanics. He argued that the safety of the flyers depends upon having experienced mechanics. Congressman James, senior member of the House Military Committee, points out that the law simply permits the Secretary of War to rate enlisted men as mechanics up to a total of 14 percent of the total authorized strength of the Air Corps.

It is believed that this provision, Mr. James says, will serve to hold expert mechanics in the Air Corps and that the additional cost will be saved many times over by the reduction in the loss of aircraft and the prolonging of its life through better care. Reduction in the loss of lives, of flying personnel can not be calculated in dollars and cents, and the decrease in schooling required and administration entailed in constantly securing replacements for men who find it more attractive outside the Army will be an additional saving to the Government.

Some comment has been made about a provision of this sort causing enlisted men

to receive more pay than officers. Mr. James contends that this comment is not appropriate, and in substantiation the following is quoted from the hearings held in 1922 on the pay bill. This is the opinion of a board composed of members of the several departments affected by the pay bill:

"It should be noted that in establishing the pay schedule for enlisted men and warrant officers no particular attention was paid to the fact that the highest-grade enlisted man and the warrant officer receive more pay than the junior second lieutenants. It is considered that the pay schedules for officers and enlisted men and warrant officers are based on very different principles, and the pay of a second lieutenant, who is just starting his career in the commissioned service, bears no relation to the pay of an enlisted man of the first grade and a warrant officer, who are completing their careers in the enlisted service."



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—by letting us provide suitable accommodations when you come to Washington—whether you want to rent or buy, in the city or suburbs. We know the needs of service people and will save you time, trouble and money.

COMING PROMOTIONS, ARMY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

IT CAN BE stated on official authority that the Surgeon General of the Army, Major Gen. Merritte W. Ireland, is not a bit concerned about the future assignment of officers of the Medical Department as the result of their promotion to higher grade under the existing law. Statements that have been made that there would be difficulty encountered in making the promotions and assignments of the officers in question can be put down as absurd and unwarranted to say the least.

All promotions in the Army Medical Department are based solely on the length of service of officers and because of that fact there has been practically no promotions in the higher grades since the World War.

Naturally all those officers who have been marking time in their respective grades for the past 10 years, will eventually get their deferred promotion in comparatively large groups. When that time comes to the Surgeon General's office it can be said with certainty does not apprehend any difficulty in providing for their assignment commensurate to their higher grade.

ARMY AIRCRAFT EXHIBITIONS.

THE WAR Department is receiving numerous requests from various sources for the participation of Army aircraft in all kinds of activities, both civil and military, but is forced to decline large numbers of them because they would seriously interfere with training work, that it is imperative to prosecute. This is well illustrated in a response by the Secretary of War this week in answer to a request for the detail of Army aircraft, and an Army band, in a naval carnival to be held at Hampton Roads, Va., from August 18 to 21, next. Mr. Davis said:

"With reference to the detail of Army aircraft * * * to participate in this carnival, I regret I am unable to take favorable action in accordance with your request in regard to aircraft, as, in view of the necessity for obtaining the maximum amount of tactical training, the War Department has been compelled to prescribe that the flying of Army aircraft be kept at an absolute minimum. It should also be noted that the provisions of the Army appropriation act prohibit military aircraft from making exhibition flights from fields other than Government-owned, except where an indemnity bond has been furnished to insure the Government against liability."

CREDIT FOR SALVAGING S-51.

DETRACTING nothing from the credit given Lt. Comdr. Edward Ellisberg, Construction Corps, U. S. N., for the stellar part he played in the successful salvaging of the submarine S-51, similar credit is due another Navy officer for the really brilliant achievement which is to stand out in naval annals. While little has been said publicly the service is fully cognizant of the fact that Capt. E. J. King, U. S. N., shares to a full extent the credit for the accomplishment. In charge of the entire operation, under the supervision of Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, U. S. N., commandant of the Third Naval District, he was the driving force that for nearly nine months kept "plugging away" at the job, facing, with his fellow officers and the men with them, obstacles that seemed at times insurmountable. "A hard job, well done" one of his superiors classified it and he and Lieutenant Commander Ellisberg and "all hands" are being commended throughout the service.

SONS OF ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS AT U. S. M. A.

THE following are the sons of Army and Navy officers in the new class (1926) at the United States Military Academy.

The sons of Navy officers are indicated with an *.

Allen, W. H., son of Major W. H. Allen, Sr.	N. Lothrop, Markham, H. S., son of Col. E. M. Markham.
Brett, J. O., son of Major J. L. Brett.	Miller, Troup, Jr., son of Col. Troup Miller.
Brandt, C. A., son of Major A. Brandt.	Patrick, B. C., son of Major Gen. Mason M. Patrick.
Burnzell, R. L., son of Major O. L. Burnzell.	Parker, Richard C., son of Col. James S. Parker.
Carlimichael, R. L., son of Col. R. L. Carlimichael.	Stokes, John H., son of Col. Marcus B. Stokes.
Cordray, David P., Jr., son of Major D. P. Cordray (retired).	*Stone, Alexander G., son of Commander Raymond Stone (retired).
Davis, M. F., son of Gen. M. F. Davis (Supt. N. Y. Military Academy).	Sweeney, W. C., Jr., son of Major W. C. Sweeney.
Gibner, H. C., son of Lt. Col. H. C. Gibner.	Taylor, William N., son of Col. Hiram H. Taylor.
Haskell, J. F., son of Major Gen. W. N. Haskell (New York National Guard).	Twymann, J. H., Jr., son of Capt. James J. Twymann.
Howze, H. H., son of Major Gen. Robert L. Howze.	Watson, Albert, Jr., son of Capt. J. F. Watson.
Kent, T., son of Lt. Col. Guy Kent.	Wing, Franklin F., son of Col. Franklin F. Wing.
Kumpe, E. F., son of Major G. E. Kumpe.	Wooten, S. C., son of Col. W. P. Wooten.
Kunzig, H. B., son of Major L. A. Kunzig.	
Lothrop, Robert B., son of Capt. James	

BATTERY PARK

By COLONEL SHERRAD COLEMAN.

I moved from Washington to Battery Park to get fresh air for my children and to be free from the constant menace of auto traffic and the noise of a great city. The Maddux-Marshall Company built us a house after our own plans—to suit our purse and convenience. We have found Battery Park a most delightful place to live—in the quiet of the restricted Country Club district of Northwest Washington with all the advantages of a modern and up-to-date city, including good schools, stores and transportation facilities within half an hour's ride of the White House.

To leave behind you the fuss and worries of the office and go to a real home, where you can dig and plant your own trees and flowers and sit out on your own porch with no mosquitoes to bother you, and listen to the mocking bird and the chirp of the katydid—among good neighbors—lends a charm to life that I have been unable to find in any other part of the country. At present I am stationed in Chicago, but my family will live in Battery Park, where I hope to spend the balance of my days on retirement.

Maddux, Marshall, Moss & Mallory, Inc.
923 Fifteenth Street

Washington, D. C.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

22D INFANTRY MAKES FINE RECORD IN SHOOTING TESTS

Machine gun companies of the 22d Infantry U.S.A., on duty at Camp McClellan, Ala., in their annual proficiency tests, made a high record, as did also Co. E. of the same regiment in combat firing. There records are very gratifying to Col. George F. Baltzell commanding the regiment and to the officers in charge of the competing organization: Colonel Baltzell praised all the units concerned.

Machine Gun Companies.

In the records made by Companies "D," "H," and "M" the Machine Gun Companies in recent proficiency tests, the phase of the tests upon which most stress was laid by the officer in charge, Capt. S. C. Harrison, was a problem designed to bring out the action of a Machine Gun Platoon in the Advance Guard. There were two objects of the exercise submitted:

- (a) To test the ability of the Machine Gun Platoon leader in the tactical handling fire directions and control of his Platoon.
- (b) To test the training of the personnel.

One peace strength Platoon from each Machine Gun Company was organized to represent the company in the exercise, which was conducted as a competition between the three Platoons. Relative values were assigned to the various phases of the problem, and each element of the competing Platoons was graded in the execution of the tasks assigned.

The problem concluded with the firing of all ammunition at enemy positions, outlined with prone and kneeling silhouettes and subsequent advance to new firing positions.

The platoon representing Company "D" led by Sgt. Clair A. Bell, made the best record of proficiency. A cup offered by Colonel Baltzell will be formally presented to the winner of the competition.

Combat Squad.

The squad from Company "E," won the designation of: "The Chief of Infantry's Combat Squad of the Twenty Second Infantry" when the competition was held at Camp McClellan.

The problem was a flank patrol one, and in spite of a dull day and difficult observation, was finely handled by the winning squad, led by Corporal Sterlin Young. All the men showed a high degree of training as well as initiative and forcefulness.

The members of the squad are as follows: Corporal Sterlin Young, Privates 1st Class Albert M. Ricker, Walter W. Massey, Lee Powell, Chestal Jones, Asbon J. Evans, John Newby, and Private Charles Oshell.

The problem was given to the corporal verbally on the ground in the following words:

Situation—The enemy is in position in those hills (pointing). Your battalion is attacking in that direction and has now reached a position along that general line (pointing out position to the right). Your squad has been sent out to the left flank of your battalion to act as a combat patrol and protect the flank of your battalion.

NOTE—Rifles are then loaded and the corporal places his men in the desired formation. The corporal should be told that combat principles should be observed regarding formations, methods of advance, use of cover etc., but that it will not be necessary for him to send any messages or maintain communication with any other unit.

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2D CORPS AREA CAN TRAIN 1,000 MORE IN C. M. T. C.

MAJOR Gen. C. P. Summerall, U. S. A., commanding the 2d Corps Area, has announced that by authorization of the War Department, an additional 1,000 youths can be trained at C. M. T. C. camps at Plattsburg and elsewhere.

The increase follows an earlier addition of 500 to the original quota of the Second Corps and is in response to an insistent clamor from youth of the States of New York, New Jersey, and Delaware for greater opportunity to attend the Government's summer encampments. General Summerall declared:

With seven Citizens' encampments scheduled to open for 30 days in August, the increased quota will result in the greatest attendance ever registered at a volunteer training camp in this country. Last year's record enrollment of 47,000 will be exceeded by 1,200.

General Summerall announced that expansion of the enrollment facilities would go into effect at once to accommodate those who apply for the extra vacancies. Prominent surgeons as well as medical officers of the Army, Navy, Marines and Reserves at all points of the Corps Area have agreed to conduct the physical examinations without charge.

Most of the thousand vacancies are for the Basic, or first year course, at Plattsburg and Fort Niagara and will be filled by young men between 17 and 24 years who can pass the physical and mental tests of the Government.

Other vacancies are available for advanced students who can qualify in the higher courses, such as the Coast Artillery course at Fort Hancock, N. J.; the Field Artillery at Madison Barracks, N. Y.; the Engineers at Fort DuPont, Del.; and the Radio and Signal course at Fort Monmouth, N. J.

PASSENGERS FROM PANAMA

THE following officers were passengers on the U. S. Army Transport St. Mihiel, sailing July 14 from Panama for New York:

Coast Artillery Corps: Relieved from assignment and duty, granted leave to Sept. 13 date of expiration foreign service tour and assigned to Coast Arty. School, Ft. Monroe, Va.; Maj. R. H. Van Volkenburgh (Sept. 23); Capt. J. D. Powers, 1st Lt. A. D. Amoroso, M. G. Cary and K. P. Flagg, 2nd Lts. H. O. Bixby and C. C. Delaney.

Infantry: Relieved from assignment and duty and granted leave to expiration of foreign service tour dates of which precede new assignment, Capt. C. E. Hutchins, Sept. 6 to Inf. School, Ft. Benning, Ga., and N. L. Simmonds, Oct. 9 to 17th Inf., Ft. Crook, Nebr.; 1st Lts. H. W. Barrick, Nov. 8 to Inf. 1st Div., Ft. Niagara, N. Y.; F. M. Flanagan, Oct. 9 to 13th Inf., Ft. Andrews, Mass.; T. F. McCarthy, Aug. 14 to Inf. 3rd Div., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.; R. J. Nelson, Aug. 14 to Univ. of Mo., Columbia, Mo., and B. Winston, Aug. 14 to Inf. 2d Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; Second Lts. I. A. Robinson, Aug. 14 to Inf. 3rd Div., Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

Relieved from assignment and duty due to expiration of foreign service tour and new assignment indicated: Maj. W. P. Tyler to Org. Res., 4th Corps Area, 87th Div., New Orleans, La.; Capt. E. N. Hackney to 5th Inf., Ft. Williams, Me.; 1st Lt. S. M. Brabson to Tenn. Military Academy, Sweetwater, Tenn.

Relieved from assignment and duty and granted leave to expiration of foreign service tour dates of which precede new assignment: Lt. Col. A. E. Donovan, V. C., Oct. 9 to 1st Corps Area, Boston, Mass.; Maj. F. Bradley, A. C., Aug. 14 to Langley Field, Va.; Capt. O. C. Schwalm, V. C., Nov. 8 to N. Y. Gen. Intermediate Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 1st Lts. I. S. Amberry, A. C., Oct. 9 to Selfridge Field, Mich., and R. H. Wylie, Q. M. C., Nov. 8 to 4th Motor Repair Bn., Ft. Mason.

On leave and return: Lt. Col. G. L. Wertenbaker, C. A. C.; Maj. A. R. Kimball, Q. M. C., and E. W. Elles, C. A. C., G. S. C., Capt. T. F. Davis, D. C., 1st Lts. V. B. Hough, A. C., and F. E. Powell, F. M. C.

28th Infantry True to Traditions

IN ITS issue of July 17 the Army and Navy Journal published the first instalment of a brief history of the 28th Infantry of the Regular Army, Col. Ralph E. Ingram, whose headquarters are at Fort Niagara, N. Y. Below we give the concluding chapter of this fine regiment, which has proved its worth in many fields of activities both at home and abroad.

Referring to the continued high state of discipline of this regiment and its excellent morale in France during the World War, Maj. Gen. H. E. Ely, U. S. A., among other things said: "It has always retained this high state of discipline and morale, which makes it stand out as one of the very best, if not the very best regiment in the American Army."

East of Charpentry the 28th Infantry relieved elements of the 35th Division in the Meuse-Argonne offensive; and on October 4, 1918, in a dense fog, the regiment attacked Montre Beau; continued the attack all the 5th and on and including the 12th day, when the 42nd Division—Rainbow—relieved the regiment. The gas casualties were heavy in this action. Eight officers and 211 men were killed and total casualties were 1,343.

The regiment went to a rest area at Erize St. Dizier, received replacements, and on November 6, 1918, received orders to march on Sedan. The regiment attacked Sedan and then, gallantly, permitted the French troops to enter first. The regiment moved then and on November 11, 1918, when in the front line, received word of cessation of hostilities through an armistice.

On March 17, 1919, the regiment was marching toward the Rhine. On December 13, 1919, the Rhine was reached. Training continued in Germany. On June 28, 1919, the 3rd Battalion was ready to take the city of Limberg when word was received that the German delegates signed the peace treaty. Training continued. On August 15, 1919, the first elements entrained for Brest, and the regiment returned to the States, once more reaching Hoboken, then going to Camp Merritt. With other elements of the famous First Division the regiment paraded in New York city on September 10, 1919, and on the 17th in Washington, D. C., then went to Camp Meade, Md., and from there, on October 4, 1919, to Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky, then to Camp Dix, New Jersey, where it remained until June 2, 1922, when it proceeded by marching to Forts Niagara, Ontario and Porter, in western New York, where it remained, except the 1st Battalion at Fort Porter, which is now en route to Madison Barracks for station. Fort Porter, a fort for 100 years, has been turned back to the city of Buffalo, New York.

The motto of the 28th is: *Vincit Amor Patriæ—Love of Country Conquers.*

Many famous officers have been in its ranks, Major General Ely; Major General Helmick; Brigadier General Fiske; Colonel Berkeley Enoch; and many officers later to be known as rare and good military leaders.

The following is the list of present officers of the 28th Infantry:

Col. R. E. Ingram, commanding, Lt. Col. G. A. Herbst, R. Ex., Maj. F. J. Ostermann, C. O., 2nd Bn., A. E. Brown, C. O., 1st Bn., Lee S. Tillotson, C. O., 3rd Bn., Capt. G. L. Kraft, C. O., Co. H., W. R. Mann, C. O., Co. M., W. Hones, DS., Hq., 2nd Corps Area., T. W. Doyle, R-4, G. E. Kelsch, C. O., Co. D., J. A. Griffin, C. O., Co. G., F. M. Fuller, absent sick, Walter Reed Hospital, W. R. Ketcham, C. O., Co. F., S. J. Grogan, Regt. Adj., W. O. Poindexter, C. O., Ser. Co., J. F. Hill, C. O., Co. A., J. Metcalf, C. O., Co. B., W. V. Witcher, Jr., R-3, T. Henry, C. O., Co. L., First Lts. W. R. Irish, C. O., Co. C., I. W. Black, C. O., Co. E., A. H. Taylor, C. O., Co. K., E. L. Miller, C. O., Co. I., E. J. Fitzgerald, Duty, Co. D., J. F. Farley, C. O., Hq. Co., Second Lts. W. W. Robertson, Adj., 3rd Bn., R. E. Cullen, absent sick, Walter Reed Hospital, H. I. Kiel, Duty, Co. L., M. C. Noble, Duty, Co. F., J. W. Bryan, Duty, Co. E., H. R. Vail, Duty, Co. H., Capt. (Chaplain) H. A. Rinard.

[Next week the Army and Navy Journal will publish the history of the 7th U. S. Field Artillery. In succeeding issues the histories of other Regiments of the U. S. Army will be published. Subscribers who save the above and succeeding articles will have in their possession an invaluable set of *Regimental Histories* of the U. S. Army.]

RETIREMENT OF N. C. O.

MSTR. Sgt. John T. Leary, Hdqrs. Battery, 5th Coast Artillery, U. S. A., was placed on the retired list at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., on July 14, 1926, after long and faithful service. He first entered the Regular Army as a Corporal in Co. "C," 9th Infantry in September, 1898. Sergeant Leary's foreign service includes duty in Cuba, the Philippine Islands, China, and during the World War in France. He has in his possession nine honorable discharge certificates all with character "Excellent."

In announcing the retirement of Sergeant Leary, Col. Edward Croft, Inf., U. S. A., extended to him the best wishes of the entire command and said in part:

"Mstr. Sgt. Leary's unselfish devotion to duty and loyalty to superiors has earned the unqualified recognition of all."

Staff Sgt. John M. Dempsey, Hdqrs. Battery, 9th Coast Artillery, U. S. A., retired from active service at Fort Banks, Mass., July 17, after long and honorable service. Sergeant Dempsey first entered the military service as a private in the U. S. Marine Corps in December 28, 1899. He was honorably discharged in December, 1904, and in January, 1905, he enlisted in the 81st Company, Coast Artillery Corps, U. S. A., and served in that branch of the service until 1918 when he became a temporary 2d lieutenant, Quartermaster Corps, during the World War and then returned to the Coast Artillery.

Sergeant Dempsey served with the relief expedition in China, and in the Philippine Islands on three different occasions. He has in his possession, nine honorable discharges.

In announcing the retirement of Staff Sergeant Dempsey Col. Frank E. Harris, said in part: "In the retirement of Staff Sergeant Dempsey, the regiment loses a man of excellent character and of long and gallant service in distant lands."

HEALTH OF TROOPS IN U. S.

Maj. Gen. M. W. Ireland, U. S. A., Surgeon General, in a review of current statistics of diseases for the troops in the United States for the four weeks ending June 26, 1926, gives the following figures of comparison by Corps Areas:

The troops of the Fourth Corps Area had the highest admission rate from all causes and those in the District of Washington, the lowest. For the respiratory group of diseases, the highest admission rate was in the Sixth Corps Area, the second in the Eighth, the third in the Fourth, and the lowest in the District of Washington. The troops in the Eighth Corps Area had the highest venereal rate, which was but slightly higher than the one in the Fifth. The third highest was in the Third Corps Area, and the lowest in the Ninth.

CHANGES IN ARMY REGULATIONS.

The Publication Division of The Adjutant General's Department, U. S. A., announced this week changes in Army Regulations relating to the following subjects:

A. R. 40-2240, Veterinary Statistical Reports.

A. R. 31-20, relating to W. D. publications including binders therefor, and blank forms, allowance and distribution thereof.

A. R. 100-20, drawing of cable routes.

A. R. 40, 2270, Veterinary health certificate and memorandum.

A. R. 40-2260, Veterinary meat and dairy hygiene record and report.

Col. William E. Welsh, 3d U. S. Infantry, on duty at Fort Snelling, Minn., has issued a valuable little handbook for the use of the Regular Army National Guard, Organized Reserves, R. O. T. C., and C. M. T. C., during the training season at Camp Snelling. A timely foreword bidding a cordial welcome to all and pointing out the advantages of field training is among the data.

THE U. S. NAVY -:- THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

SECRETARY OF NAVY IS MAKING INSPECTION TOUR

ACCOMPANIED by Capt. Walter R. Gherardi, U.S.N., his aide, Secretary Wilbur left Washington on July 23 en route for the west coast. He planned to visit the summer White House and confer with the President on July 24 and is scheduled to arrive at Seattle on July 30.

Although the question of next year's appropriations for the Army are reported to have been discussed by the President with Secretary Davis on his recent visit, the Secretary of the Navy said that this would not be one of the matters he wanted to discuss. He stated that the Lake Denmark explosion and a number of other matters were to be taken up.

In discussing the plans for his trip the secretary made it plain that no investigation of the present system of storing naval explosives was contemplated at this time, and no action would be taken until the board, headed by Rear Admiral R. E. Coontz, U.S.N., had completed its investigation and submitted its report.

Should the hearings now going on develop any reason for an investigation or changes at any of the other naval storage depots, the findings are expected to carry recommendations that will serve as the basis for departmental action. It was intimated that in such an event, if the recommendations should be of a sweeping nature, another board would be convened to work out a specific plan for putting them into effect. No such drastic action by the Coontz board however is generally anticipated though its work is expected to be complete and all-embracing. Before the hearings are closed, a number of the foremost explosive experts from civil life are slated to be heard, and any practical additional measures for further safeguarding high explosives that are developed will be incorporated in the recommendations.

Secretary Wilbur's west coast itinerary provides for an inspection of the principal shore establishments and particular attention will be given the aviation outfit. He will accompany the fleet when it sails on August 16 for San Francisco where a 10 day stop will be made before the departure on August 30 for San Pedro. His plans for returning to Washington are unsettled though he will leave shortly after the first of September.

U. S. NAVY SEAPLANE MAKES SUCCESSFUL INLAND FLIGHT

A U O Seaplane, with Lt. Ralph A. Ofstie, U. S. N., of the Bureau of Aeronautics as pilot, was transferred by air from the Naval Air Station, Anacostia, D. C., to the Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill., on July 8-9. The route chosen followed the Potomac River to Cumberland, and then overland to rivers in the vicinity of Pittsburgh; thereafter the Ohio river to the Mississippi; up the Mississippi to the Illinois; up the Illinois and across the Chicago Drainage Canal to Lake Michigan. Five stops were made en route.

The pilot reported that no difficulty whatever was experienced in obtaining service at the various stops and that the river route appeared particularly interesting for seaplane operation, as practically every city and town along the river has a landing located close to the center of the city and aviation gasoline and oil can be readily procured. The current is not sufficient at any point to be bothersome, nor is the assistance of boats or buoys required at stopping points. The route followed is suitable for seaplanes of practically any size and, although rather circuitous for the particular trip in question, affords an entirely feasible route for the transfer of seaplanes to or from inland points.

PROMOTIONS

The following officers of the Navy have become due for promotion:

Lts. L. F. Safford, July 9, 1926; W. M. Fechteler, July 16, 1926; F. W. Wead, July 16, 1926; R. A. Awtry, July 21, 1926.

Lts. (j.g.) F. J. R. Eggers, July 9, 1926; R. C. Percival, July 11, 1926; R. B. Tompkins, July 16, 1926; H. B. Brumbaugh, July 16, 1926; E. W. Humphries, July 21, 1926; J. E. Pixton, July 21, 1926.

NAVY OFFICERS GRADUATE FROM CHEMICAL SCHOOL

The third class of the Chemical Warfare School for officers of the Construction Corps of the Navy Department, completed its four weeks' course of instruction a few days ago. The class consisted of 11 lieutenants (jg) who are receiving an extensive course of instruction in the work of their corps, having attended the Post-Graduate School at the Naval Academy and completed a course at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Upon completion of their course at the Chemical Warfare School the officers were sent to the General Electric Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for further instruction.

Rear Admiral John D. Beuret, Chief of the Construction Corps of the Navy Department, made a short talk to the class and presented the certificates of graduation. Admiral Beuret pointed out that the elements of chemical warfare problems are fundamentally the same for the Navy as for the Army, and for that reason the Navy and the Army are working together at Edgewood Arsenal on such problems; and that the naval officers taking courses at the Chemical Warfare School constitute a part of the link established between the Navy and the Army for the dissemination and exchange of information.

The following officers received certificates of graduation:

Lts. (j.g.), U. S. N.: Clement F. Cotton, Nicholas A. Drain, Carlyle L. Helber, Joseph C. Huske, Leonard Kaplan, William H. Magruder, William J. Murphy, Harry W. Pierce, Dale Querton, John A. Sweeton, Francis H. Whitaker.

VARIOUS NAVY NOTES.

THE U. S. S. Hannibal has just completed the work planned for the survey season 1925-26 in the Gulf of Batabano on the south coast of Cuba, and is on her way to the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, for overhaul. An area of 1,515 square miles was surveyed, which is the largest area surveyed in any one season. The Hannibal was accompanied by an aerial survey unit comprising two Leoning amphibian planes. This unit successfully completed the task of making photographs of the shore-line and outlying cays.

The U. S. S. Nokomis has arrived at the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, having been employed for several months in a survey of the north coast of Cuba, in the vicinity of Cardenas and Isabela. The aerial survey units, before joining the Hannibal in the Gulf of Batabano, made an aerial survey of the area being surveyed by the Nokomis.

The U. S. S. Niagara will leave the Navy Yard, Philadelphia, for survey duty in the Gulf of Venezuela. She will be accompanied by an aerial survey unit.

In San Diego the Navy pigeon lofts had 100 per cent returns in the 60, 100 and 135 miles races. In the 60-mile race 75 pigeons were entered, representing 10 lofts, and the Navy carried off the honors for first and second places. In the 100-mile race 70 birds entered. The Navy again came in first and second. In the 135-mile race, with 68 entries, the Navy came in first again, with also fourth place to its credit.

NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA.

Lt. Comdr. John C. Huntington, 1st Bttn., New York Naval Militia has been placed on the State Reserve List. It has been announced by Brig. Gen. Franklin W. Ward, the Adjutant General of New York.

Standing of Vessels.

The standing of the highest vessels of the Navy in the Tender Class in engineering for the competition year ending June 30, 1926, is as follows:

(1) Shawmut, (2) Melville, (3) Vestal, (4) Canopus, (5) Black Hawk, (6) Jason, (7) Langley, (8) Medusa, (9) Dobbin, (10) Antares.

The Shawmut, Captain H. L. Brinser, U.S.N., Commanding, Lieutenant T. A. Solberg, U.S.N., Engineer Officer, was awarded the trophy, prize money, and white "E" for highest final merit.

The Melville, Captain J. B. Gay, U.S.N., Commanding, Lieutenant R. F. Nourse, U.S.N., Engineer Officer, was awarded the red "E" for attaining 98 per cent merit of the trophy winning ship.

FURLOUGHS IN U. S. M. C.

The following instructions regarding furloughs in the Marine Corps for the 27th National Encampment, Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States, have been sent by the Major General Commandant to the commanding officers of all posts within the U. S.:

The Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States will hold their 27th National Encampment at El Paso, Tex., from September 19 to 23, inclusive, and have requested that all marines who may be affiliated with this organization be authorized appropriate furloughs for the purpose of attending this encampment.

You are authorized to grant any men who may be members of the above organization and who apply for same, an appropriate furlough for the purpose of attending this encampment, provided their services can be spared and their conduct records warrant this consideration.

CHIEF WARRANT OFFICER, U. S. M. C. VACANCY TO BE FILLED

It is the intention of the Major General Commandant to examine for appointment as chief warrant officers, about September 15, 1926, all warrant officers who will complete six years' commissioned or warrant service on December 31, 1926.

The scope of the examination is covered in the Major General Commandant's circular letter to all warrant officers, dated July 7, 1926.

The San Diego loft trained 20 pigeons for use with the Alaskan aerial survey. It is particularly interesting to note the manner in which these birds were trained at home. After selection they were transferred to a separate loft, the roof of which has been painted in large black and yellow squares. The pigeons quickly identified their own loft. No care was necessary in settling them in a similar loft after arrival in Alaska.

NEW POLICY REGARDING SENTENCES OF COURTS

FOLLOWING the recommendations of Major General Eli K. Cole, U. S. M. C., Commanding General of the Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., the Secretary of the Navy announced this week a new policy of the Navy Department dealing with the remittance of portions of sentences of summary court-martial prisoners of the Navy whose sentences involved confinement, deprivation of liberty on shore or foreign stations or extra police duties for a period of 30 days or more. In the future such prisoners will be credited with one-third of their sentences from the date on which the sentence begins.

Upon completion of two-thirds of the sentence, the prisoners will be restored to duty provided his conduct or performance of duty while a prisoner warrants, in the opinion of his commander officer, his release and restoration to duty. Otherwise the entire sentence will be carried out. This procedure is to apply equally ashore and afloat, but will not change the present power of the reviewing authorities of summary courts-martial to remit, mitigate or set aside in whole or in part any sentence adjudged by a summary court-martial. The same policy is to apply also to sentences adjudged by deck courts whenever it is practical to do so.

The above policy has been in force for some time with general court-martial prisoners and it has been found by experience to have bought about such great improvement in the behavior of prisoners and in the amount and quality of work performed by them while prisoners that the Secretary decided to apply the policy to all other men serving sentences adjudged by courts-martial.

About 1,300 applications from amateurs for enlistment in the Volunteer Naval Reserve have been acted upon recently and forwarded to commandants concerned. It is hoped that every effort will be made to enlist these men in proper ratings.

(No. 44)

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Articles submitted by our readers should be accompanied by return postage if return is desired in the event of unavailability for publication.

"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it. The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—From Vol. I, No. 1 of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1926

Whenever you would ruin a person or a Government, you must begin by spreading calumnies to defame them.—BUSENBAUM.

A WORLD REASON FOR PREPAREDNESS.

Frankly we do not like the agitation against the United States which the politicians of debtor nations are fomenting. It is not enough to invite attention to the whole-hearted way in which we responded to the call of the Allies during the war, the sacrifice in blood and treasure which was entailed, our refusal to accept any of the spoils of war, and the generous debt terms we granted. The French people have become embittered by the representations of their politicians that they owe us nothing, and that we are grasping Shylocks who are endeavoring to get the pound of flesh with the pound of flesh. The British, under the leadership of Winston Churchill, are seeking to convince the world that the loans we made to them, and which, to their everlasting credit they are repaying, were made not for them but for our special benefit. Where once "Uncle Sam" was the great benefactor, today he is the grasping skimpfint. Back of all this anti-Americanism is, of course, envy at our prosperity, and even a willingness to see us tumbled from the high position we have attained. It is fortunate for us that no nation or group of nations at this time is disposed to translate their resentment into deeds. But if our country were weak, as the pacifists would have us, if it should fail to provide for that adequate national defense which is essential, we would not have to be the seventh son of a seventh son to forecast what our fate would be.

LOW COST OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

The Republican chairmen and the Democratic minority leaders of the Senate and House Appropriations Committees have made their annual speeches commenting upon the amounts authorized to be expended during the fiscal year which began on July 1. The Republicans "point with pride" to their achievements, the Democrats denounce the "gross extravagance" which have characterized Republican policy. Interesting as is the buncombe, the services are more directly concerned with the figures for the first time assembled and the inevitable comparisons which they will afford. The grand total of all appropriations for the fiscal year is given at \$4,409,377,454.15. The amounts authorized for military and naval activities are:

Army	\$271,615,207.92
Navy and Marine Corps	323,040,600.02
Total	\$594,655,807.94

Thus, the cost of national defense is roughly 13 per cent of the entire cost of the Federal Government during the present fiscal year.

How small would be the cost of national defense if comparison were made between the amounts spent for the total cost of government, Federal State and municipal, in the United States! Yet that is the true comparison to make.

Any one who has made a study of the estimates and appropriations for the Services will realize they can not be cut further. There is a point in economy where it destroys efficiency. The fact that the budget estimates for the War Department were increased by Congress by \$4,115,386.16, and that this increase received the approval of the President, are indicative of the appreciation of this fact both by the executive and legislative branches. The naval appropriations are \$1,304,955 below the estimates presented, but this was in part due to a reduction in the enlisted strength of the Navy and Marine Corps, and the way is being paved for this to be restored.

Taking it by and large, it may well be said that in this period of economy, based upon an insisted public demand, the President and the Congress have done well for national defense.

A GREAT FRIEND OF THE ARMY PASSES.

The memory of John W. Weeks will be tenderly enshrined in the records of the Army. He was its friend in Congress, he was its advocate as Secretary of War. The part he played in placing national defense upon a sound basis cannot be soon forgotten; his insistence that the Regular Establishment be dominant and adequate earned for him the gratitude of all those who want the nation sufficiently prepared for emergency. His interest in the Army continued after his retirement from the War Department. When he returned from Honolulu, he spoke with emotion of the review given him by the Regular Forces there, and made it clear that if there were anything further he could do for the Army, he would be at its command.

Thus, the Army is deprived of champion by the death of this great and good man. And to add a personal word, the editor of the Army and Navy Journal has suffered a severe loss not only of friendship but of the wise counsel which Mr. Weeks was always willing to grant.

PRESIDENT TO BACK GENERAL WOOD.

The Philippines will not be permitted to hold a plebiscite on the question of their independence. Thus, the President will uphold the action of Governor General Leonard A. Wood. The latter has vetoed a bill for this purpose, the Senate of the Philippines Legislature passed the measure over the veto, and the House of that body is expected to do likewise. Now the matter is coming to the President for his decision. The Filipino politicians will not be kept long in doubt as to his full-hearted support of General Wood.

But where is the agitation to end? Will it result in a feeling of resentment in the islands against the sovereignty of the United States? Will that feeling give rise to outbreaks, and will this Government be placed in the position of having to determine whether or not armed occupation should be reestablished?

These are all possibilities as viewed in Washington. They may or may not eventuate. Here it is hoped a saner estimate of the situation will be made by the mass of the Filipino people. In any case, the War Department is being kept informed by General Wood. Carmi Thompson, the President's commissioner, is expected to advise the authorities of what to expect when he shall have completed his inquiry. Aware of all the facts, the President undoubtedly will consider them in their proper relation, and will adopt the policy best suited to meet the needs of both the United States and the Philippines. If the time of separation should arrive, it would be well for that people to bear in mind that America will refuse to consider them as wards and support them as against other powers. Instead, they will be left to their own devices. If they should fall into the hands of the Japanese or any other power, then that will be their lookout. If the Filipinos are wise, they will scrap their politicians and rely upon American good faith. This will assure their independence and have this country back of them in the difficult struggle to establish themselves among the family of nations.

SERVICE HUMOR

Furloughs were in order, and the company commander said: "Every man who has a good reason for requesting a furlough step forward."

"Company, halt!" roared the captain. Everybody's.

Ex-Service Man—I had good luck in the war; went over the top five times and got hit only three times.

Buddy—I had better luck; curried 2,000 mules and didn't get kicked.

Private—I don't believe in parading my virtues.

Corporal—You couldn't; it takes quite a number to make a parade.

Cadet—What's heresy?

Second Cadet (a colonel's son)—That's something my old man believed in before I started out to be a soldier.

Sympathetic Onlooker—Why don't you stop abusing that mule when you can see that it has a sore foot and can't stand on it?

Q. M. Wagoner—Why don't you mind your own business? This mule's foot is not sore. He's standing at "parade rest."

Judge—Do you mean to say that such a physical wreck as he is gave you that black eye?

Marine—Your honor, he wasn't a physical wreck until he gave me the black eye.

"I make it a rule to advise everyone to sleep with their windows wide open."

"Then, you are a doctor?"

"Nothing like it. I'm a burglar."

"How do you guys like them frankfurters?" inquired the company cook.

"Not so good," shouted one soldier who found a piece of wood in his. "I don't mind the dog, but I bar the kennel."

"Mose, can you explain wireless telegraphy?" the captain asked.

"Ah shoo' kin. Hit's lak dis here: Eff yall had a long, long dawg and he stretched from here to dar, and yall stepped on his tail here, yall would hear him howl dar. Dat's de way hit wuk, 'ceptin' yall do need no dawg nor wiabs."

A colonel who had been promoted to general gave a banquet to his regiment.

Addressing himself to the soldiers, he said: "Fall upon the food without pity—treat it as if it were the enemy."

At the end of the banquet he observed a sergeant hiding two bottles of wine.

"What are you doing?" asked the colonel.

"Obeying orders, sir. In war, when you don't kill the enemy, you take them prisoner."

—Leavenworth Times.

Contributors to this column are warned to watch the vintage and twists of their jokes. There are unmistakable indications that the column is read with close scrutiny, and jesters are being held to a strict accountability. For instance, Gen. Roy Hoffman, President of the Reserve Association wrote us the following letter: "I don't want to criticize your fun column, but permit me to call attention to the fact that the recently published quip about the bandit general was a work-over of the old joke which went about as follows:

"Negro (on reading inscription of tomb, "Here lies a lawyer and an honest man"):

"For Gaud's sake, how come 'em to put bofe dem fellers in one grave?"

All of which goes to prove that Gen. Hoffman knows his jokes. Do you know yours? Yes? Then why not send them in?

ASK THE JOURNAL

General—The suit started by General Arnold to recover money which was alleged to have been illegally withheld by the Comptroller General is known as the McKenla suit. The suit, evidence and record is complete and ready for trial in the U. S. Court of Claims. It probably will come to trial in October or the early part of November. Legislation passed since this suit was started will not affect the status of those concerned, in the opinion of General Ansell.

E. W. R.—Asks the authority under which officers of the Army may use, for purposes other than official, the title of the highest grade held by them temporarily in time of war. (A). See General Orders No. 31, and Army Regulations No. 600-10.

H. B. Y.—Discharged from the Army in 1922, I did not receive travel allowance. Am I entitled to travel allowance to my home, and how do I go about putting in a claim? (A). Travel allowance is paid to the place of acceptance. Claims for back pay are handled by the General Accounting Office, Military Division.

A. E. L.—Asks if he is entitled to back pay from the Army. I enlisted in 1902 for three years, 21 months of which was served in the Philippine Islands, and for which I believe I am entitled to double pay. (A). Double time for retirement counted previous to 1912 for foreign service, but this did not affect the pay. You are not entitled to more pay for foreign service.

Lt. C. E. C., Res.—For information relative to appointment to the U. S. Military Academy, secure from the Adjutant General or the Government Printing Office a copy of the pamphlet "Information Relative to the Appointment and Admission of Cadets to the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y."

Recruit—Your list of more than a dozen questions is covered in Army regulations, but is far too long and complicated for use to answer here. If complete regulations are not available at your post, the Adjutant General will forward more.

IN THE JOURNAL 60 YEARS AGO

(Excerpts from the Army and Navy Journal of July 21, 1866.)

On the 27th of June the Fifth Corps of the Army, under the Crown Prince of Prussia, commanded by Gen. Von Steinmetz, forming the advance of the army that entered Bohemia by way of Braunaub and Reinerz, fell in with the Austrians at Nachod, on the Silician frontier, 25 miles west of Glatz. A sharp engagement took place, in which the losses were not inconsiderable on both sides, both in men and guns; and at the close the Prussians as well as the Austrians maintained the positions they occupied before the battle. A portion of the latter had retired to the fortress of Josephstadt, and had been replaced by fresh troops. On the day following a second attack was ordered by Gen. Steinmetz, who had been reënforced during the night by a division of the First Army Corps. Opposed to him was an Austrian force reported to be 60,000 strong. The ensuing battle lasted several hours. The Austrians fought with unsurpassed bravery and determination, but the fortune of the day was against them. The superiority of the Prussian needle-gun to the Austrian arms was terribly evident. Burning to make up for the inferiority of their weapons, the Austrians resorted to the bayonet; but long before they could reach the Prussian ranks, their number was so thinned by the rapidity and precision of the fire of the needle-gun, that the survivors were compelled to retreat. Again and again the attempt was repeated with the same result. In only one instance did the Austrians succeed in crossing bayonets with their enemy. A cool and taciturn regiment from the north of Germany agreed to cease firing, in order to give the Austrians a chance to measure their strength in cold steel. After the first shock of the encounter the Prussians, who dislike the bayonet, drew their swords, and after a few minutes of slashing the bayonet yielded to the sabre. Towards evening the Austrians were in full retreat. (On July 5, after a 12-hour battle on July 3, the Austrians asked for an armistice.)

NEWS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD

10TH INFANTRY WINS POLO GAME OVER OHIO GUARD

THE Tenth Infantry Polo Team met the Polo team of the Headquarters Troop, 54th Cavalry Brigade, Ohio National Guard at Madison Park, Cincinnati, a few days ago, and won by a score of 4 to 1.

After the game the 10th Infantry polo squad gave a farewell dinner in honor of 1st Lt. J. J. Yeats, 10th Infantry, U. S. A., at Newport, Ky. Lieutenant Yeats has been team captain for the last ten years, but is being transferred, effective August 1, from the 10th Infantry to Vancouver Barracks, Washington.

The members of the polo club and other officers of the Tenth expressed their appreciation of Lieutenant Yeats and his work with the Tenth Infantry by presenting him with a silver loving cup.

During the evening talks were given by Col. Dana T. Merrill, Commanding Officer of the 10th Infantry, and by Lt. Col. L. D. Gasser, Executive Officer, 10th Infantry. Reply was made by Lieutenant Yeats.

Many unique features attracted the attention of the guests at the table. Two figures in the center of the table in the form of "Spark Plug" polo ponies, and small manikins representing Captain Halloran, present captain of the team, and Captain Beaucond, thrown from their mounts on the field of conflict, recalled more or less amusing incidents of the polo field; while polo balls used as place cards, on which other incidents, riding habits and characteristics, enlarged upon, were pen-sketched brought back similar, perhaps painful or embarrassing memories.

The entire table itself was arranged so that it represented a polo field. "The affair was an enjoyable one save for the one note of regret occasioned by the knowledge of Lieutenant Yeats' early departure from Fort Thomas," writes an officer. "Both officers and men are sorry to see him leave."

The guests present at the banquet were: Col. Dana T. Merrill, Lt. Col. L. D. Gasser, Major John C. French, Major I. J. Nichol, Capt. R. O. Baldwin, M. E. Halloran, C. H. Beaucond, 1st Lts. R. S. Henderson, J. B. Willis, J. K. Bush, R. E. Round, 2nd Lt. L. F. Wells, 1st Lt. J. J. Yeats.

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VIRGINIA.

CHARGED with a violation of the 96th Article of War, Capt. Chas. E. Townsend, 1st Lt. Clyde P. Nicholson and 2d Lt. Southgate L. Lohman, 183d Infantry; Capt. Lovering H. Gilpin, 1st Lts. Louis S. Philhower and Harvey R. Butt, and 2d Lts. Olin S. Stubbs and Beecher G. Cowan, 29th Signal Company, and 1st Lt. Thomas J. Johnson, Ambulance Co. 110, Virginia Nat. Guard, were ordered tried by G. C. M., a few days ago at Virginia Beach.

The detail of the court was: Lt. Col. Robert E. Craighill, 116th Inf.; Major Robert T. Barton, Hdqrs. 3rd Bn., 116th Inf.; Major George M. Alexander, Hdqrs. 1st Bn., 116th Inf.; Major William C. Coulbourn, J. A. G. D., Va. N. G., a Law Member; Capt. Edward V. Walker, Company K, 116th Inf.; Capt. Jonathan C. Gibson, Hdqrs. 91st Inf. Brigade; Capt. Horace T. Hawkins, Medical Corps, 116th Inf.; Capt. Joseph M. Hurt, Q. M. C. Detachment, Va. N. G., Trial Judge Advocate; Capt. James R. Sheppard, Jr., 183d Infantry, Va. N. G., Defense Counsel.

The specification of the charge stated that the accused officers signed a statement which was sent to their commanding officer, Major Frank H. Von Durant, 3d Battalion, and to Col. John F. Bright, commanding the 183d Infantry, about conditions in their command to the prejudice of good order and military discipline.

The specifications went on to say that the officers who signed the resolutions unanimously decided that for the past two years conditions had steadily declined and that the morale of the men and organizations had become dangerously low, and that this was due to a general lack of the forceful leadership which is essential to the efficient operations of all the units in the 12th Street Armory.

The resolutions also declared among other things that the officers deemed it immediately necessary to take such steps to remedy the conditions before disintegration in the individual units has progressed to the fatal point. The resolutions also stated that it was believed that a younger man to command, physically and mentally more active and politically unfettered was the only hope for immediate improvement.

Among the witnesses ordered before the court were Col. John F. Bright, 183d Inf., Maj. Frank H. Von Durant, 183d Inf., and Lt. Col. Edwin P. Conquest, A. C. of S., G-2.

WASHINGTON NATIONAL GUARD

IN THE drill attendance of the Washington National Guard for the month of May, 1926, Brig. Gen. Maurice Thompson, the Adjutant General, announces that Hdqrs. Company, 1st Battalion, 161st Infantry, was the honor unit with a percentage of 92. Co. I, 161st Infantry with a percentage of 82 was rated Excellent.

The following companies with their percentages were rated Very Satisfactory:

Co. D, 161st Infantry	78
Med. Det., 248th C. A.	77
Battery A, 146th F. A.	77
Co. K, 161st Infantry	77
Battery E, 146th F. A.	77
Hq. Det., 248th C. A.	77
Hq. Btry & CT, 1st Bn., 146th F. A.	77
147th Ambulance Company	75
Battery K, 248th C. A.	73
Hq. Troop, 24th Cav. Div.	71
Co. F, 161st Infantry	71
116th Observation Sq., A. S.	70

AMERICAN GUARDIAN ASS'N.

Col. Gordon Johnston, U. S. A., Chairman of the Washington-Southern Division of the American Guardian Association which is collecting funds for Philippine orphans, reports under date of July 14 that the funds from Army Posts in its division amount to \$2,469.67.

These contributions from the Corps Areas and Departments in the division were as follows:

Department of Hawaii, \$516.64; Eighth Corps Area, \$480.22; Third, \$372.10; Seventh, \$277.13; Sixth, \$174.06; First, \$157.34; Fifth, \$150.50; Ninth, \$134.93; Second, \$94.00; Fourth, \$82.75; District of Washington, \$30.90. Total, \$2,469.64.

KENTUCKY.

BRIG. GEN. JAMES A. KEHOE, The Adjutant General of Kentucky, announces the following will govern in the field training of the Kentucky National Guard for 1926:

Camp Perry, Ohio, July 11-26 Staff of 54th Brig. Cavalry.

Camp Knox, Ky., Aug. 7-22, 63rd F. A. Brig., 138th F. A., 138th Hosp. Co., 38th Military Police Co.

Camp Knox, Ky., Aug. 16-29, State Staff Corps and Depts., 38th Div. Train less 149th M. T. Co., 75th Inf. Brig. 149th Inf., 137th Hosp. Co., 53rd and 54th Mach. Gun Squads., 38th Tank Co.

The strength attending will consist of about 190 officers and 2550 men. Athletics will be given special attention with such useful articles as sweaters, watches, knives, thermos bottles and athletic equipment as prizes.

Rifle ranges are in process of building at Marion (Co. I), Livermore (Co. K), Mayfield (Co. L), Booneville (Co. F) and Frankfort (Troop A, 54th M. G. S.). Bids for the first State owned armory are being received at Bowling Green, Kentucky. This is to be a magnificent stone structure of white stone, three stories high with an auditorium or drill floor 100' x 90'. Negotiations for similar buildings are going on between the State Armory Commission and the cities of Hopkinsville and Mayfield. The new concrete Tank Park at Covington, Kentucky, is nearly finished and will be shortly occupied by the 38th Tank Company.

OKLAHOMA.

AMONG the problems to be worked out by the 179th Infantry, Col. Hutchinson son of the Oklahoma National Guard when it goes into camp for two weeks at Ft. Sill, Okla., will be the following:

August 20—Problem No. 3—Attack against Snow Ridge from the direction of Apache Gate illustrating an envelopment and the use of the battalion reserve in repelling a counter attack.

August 23—Problem No. 1—Attack against Hummel Knoll illustrating an envelopment and the use of the battalion reserve when the attack is definitely held up.

August 25—Problem No. 2—Organization of a center of resistance by a battalion, a strong point by a company, combat groups by platoons and sections.

August 26—Problem No. 4—The battalion constituting the advance guard of a regiment, illustrating road spaces, distances, elements of an advance guard, and the action of the leading elements in a meeting engagement.

PROBABLE SUCCESSOR TO COLONEL GRANT, 244TH C. A.

Gossip concerning the probable successor to Col. Sydney Grant, commanding the 244th Coast Artillery, N. Y. N. G., when that officer retires on October 12 next, leads to the belief that Lieut. Col. Bryer H. Pendry will be the officer to wear the silver eagle. While a new colonel of the 245th under the military law of New York will have to be appointed by the Governor upon recommendation of the major general commanding the National Guard, there seems to be little or no doubt that the major general, following the wishes of the commissioned personnel of the regiment, and appreciating the ability of Lieutenant Colonel Pendry, will recommend his appointment.

He first joined the regiment as a private in Company F in 1895 and served to successive grades to his present rank. He is known as a highly efficient officer who has served long and faithfully and has the confidence and esteem of the regiment. The 244th is one of the leading National Guard regiments in the United States.

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203D (A. A.) REGIMENT, MO. N. G.

THE 203d Anti-Aircraft Regiment, Missouri National Guard, Col. T. H. Loy, some 800 strong, arrived at Fort Sill, Okla., early in July for field training for two weeks and at once entered on a busy course of instruction. The schedule of training included anti-aircraft firing at shell bursts, and firing at towed targets. The regiment made a commendable showing.

The tow target was 3 feet long, made of canvas and had a diameter of two feet at the open end, and was 3 feet in diameter in the center and the end of the target away from the plane was closed. The target was towed by a plane at the end of an 1800 foot cable.

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ACTIVITIES OF THE ORGANIZED RESERVE

PORLAND, ORE., RESERVES WELCOME COL. MACNIDER

COL. HANFORD MacNIDER, Assistant Secretary of War, while making an official tour of the Pacific Coast in the interest of industrial preparedness, recently visited Portland, Oreg., and was elaborately entertained by the Portland Chapter Reserve Officers' Association. He was taken to Vancouver Barracks, Washington, where as the guest of Brigadier General Paul A. Wolfe, U. S. A., he inspected the Post and the C. M. T. C. there. Returning to Portland, Colonel MacNider visited the U. S. Veterans' Hospital No. 77, exchanging war experiences with the disabled veterans. He was tendered a banquet in the evening by the Portland Chapter and the Portland Chamber of Commerce, which was attended by 300 Reserve Officers and citizens. Major T. Walter Gillard, President of the Portland Chapter, presided.

The Honorable George L. Baker, Mayor of Portland, officially welcomed Colonel MacNider to the city. Col. C. C. Colt and Lt. Col. Edward G. Sammons told of the past participation of the Pacific Northwest during the World War and of industrial facilities available for the future.

Lt. Col. Clarence R. Hotchkiss, President of the Department of Oregon Reserve Officers' Association, on behalf of the Reserve Officers of Oregon, presented the Assistant Secretary with a beautiful silk-embroidered Assistant Secretary of War's flag, designed especially to carry on an automobile.

Colonel MacNider in an address, spoke very forcefully on industrial preparedness and outlined to his interested audience the measures now being taken by the War Department to eliminate a repetition of the mistakes made during the World War in handling industrial problems.

Arrangements for the entertainment of the Colonel was in the hands of a committee of the Portland Chapter, consisting of Lt. Col. H. F. McInturff, chairman; Lt. Col. James H. Como and Dallas D. Dennis; Majors Gustav Gonser, Barge Leonard, Robert Alton; Captains Chester A. Fuller, Harry Dengler, Lane Goodell and Adolph Friendenthal.

GEN. SUMMERWALL MAKES REVIEW AT PLATTSBURG

An interesting event at the C. M. T. C. at Plattsburg, N. Y., July 19, was a review incident to the celebration of "Organization Day," on the anniversary of the battle of Sedgwick, where the 1st Division of the Regular Army won such fame. Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, U. S. A., commanding the 2nd Corps Area reviewed the 26th Infantry, the C. M. T. C. regiment and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps battalion. The First Battalion of the Citizens' Military Training Camp regiment acted as the guard of honor with the overseas men of the 26th Infantry. The officers of the camp gave a dinner dance in the Camp pavilion in honor of General Summerall.

Brig. Gen. Merch B. Stewart, superintendent of the United States Military Academy at West Point, visited the camp July 26, and was pleasantly entertained.

The second camp opening August 6 gives every promise of being as large as the record breaking July one. Many present candidates hope to remain for both camps. The famous Plattsburg spirit has never been finer than it is this month. All the officers attached to the C. M. T. C. are unanimous in saying it is an unusually fine group of school, college, working young men.

GEN. JOHNSON OF VERMONT INVITES CITIZENS TO VISIT CAMP.

Adjutant General Herbert Johnson of Vermont has sent out a large number of invitations to citizens of the State to visit the camp of the Vermont National Guard during its annual Field Training at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., August 7 to 21. General Johnson pointed out in the invitation that the present policy of the Government is to depend largely upon the citizen soldiers for an army of sufficient size to furnish reasonable protection in case of emergency.

He also stated that a visit to camp by citizens would be very helpful in showing appreciation of the services performed in peace time by the young men of Vermont.

C. M. T. C. SCHOLARSHIP AT FORT NIAGARA, N. Y.

FROM August 4, 1926, to September 6, 300 of the finest young men of the Niagara frontier will receive training at historic Fort Niagara, N. Y., beautifully situated at the mouth of the Niagara River on Lake Ontario. Col. R. E. Ingram, 28th Infantry, leader of "Cantigny" fame will command the camp. Word was received this week by Colonel Ingram from Col. H. W. Fleet, U. S. A., the CMTC officer of the Second Corps Area, that a scholarship valued at \$800 would be given to one of the Niagara CMTC students as a gift from Canisius College, Buffalo, N. Y.

This scholarship may be won by any of the Niagara frontier youths who attend the camp. There will be 300 acceptances. To date there have been some 200 finally accepted. Applicants for the vacancies should write to the Adjutant, Fort Niagara, N. Y., at once; or write direct to the CMTC Officer, Governors Island, N. Y.

The following conditions as laid down by Maj. Gen. C. P. Summerall, U. S. A., commanding the 2d Corps Area, will govern selection of candidates.

"Basis of selection should be (1) Qualities of manhood, force of character and leadership, 75 per cent; (2) Physical vigor as shown by interest in outdoor sports, 25 per cent; (3) Psychiatric rating to be considered together with rating of candidate's immediate commanding officer; (4) Candidates need of assistance to obtain a college education to be considered."

76TH DIVISION STATUS.

THE following shows the status of the various units composing the 76th Division of Organized Reserves, as shown by the official returns of June 28:

Organization	Author- ized	Assigned	Percent
Div. Hq.....	41	26	63.4
Div. Sp. Troops	35	24	68.6
151 Inf. Brig. Hq.	11	6	54.5
151st Inf. Brig. Hq.	11	6	54.5
417th Inf.	116	72	62.1
418th Inf.	116	66	56.9
152d Inf. Brig. Hq.	11	8	72.7
304th Inf.	116	77	66.4
385th Inf.	116	80	70.0
158th F. A. Brig. Hq.	12	7	58.3
302d F. A.	75	55	73.3
355th F. A.	75	60	80.0
301st Amm. Tn.	7	3	42.9
301st Engr. Comb. Regt.	44	35	79.5
76th A. S.	38	28	73.7
301st Med. Regt.	69	38	55.1
76th Div. Tn.	23	21	91.3
	905	606	67.0

WAR DEPT. RED POLOISTS DEFEAT WAR DEPT. WHITES

THE War Department Red Polo team which was defeated by the War Department White Team in a polo game at Washington on July 17 by a score of 12 to 4, turned the tables on July 20, and beat the Whites by a score of 7 to 6.

Col. N. E. Margetts, Capt. Read Wipprecht and Theo. D. Robinson, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, vied for individual honors with the colonel having a slight edge. Secretary Robinson made several perfect placements and one drive from 30 yards out to score in addition to riding off the fearless Colonel Margetts on one occasion. Captain Wipprecht was consistently good in every chukker that he was up, and Colonel Margetts made one of the longest drives of the season for a goal. He propelled the sphere about 100 yards to score.

Reds. Position Whites.
Capt. Walsh..... 1..... Capt. Regnier
Maj. Parker 2..... Capt. Wipprecht
Col. Palmer..... 3..... Maj. Baird
Col. Morris..... Buck.... Col. Margetts
Score by chukkers:
Whites..... 1 0 2 0 1 2 0-6
Reds..... 2 0 2 1 0 1 1-7

Goals—Margetts (4), Wipprecht, Regnier, Parker (2), Robinson (2), Morris, Walsh, Palmer. Time of chukkers—7 minutes. Substitutions—Robinson, Baehr, Palmer.

Reserve Officers to Train at Camp Upton, New York.

COAST Artillery Reserve officers from New York City and vicinity who have been ordered to report for 15 days' active duty at Camp Upton, Long Island, N. Y., will be trained with the 62nd Coast Artillery of the Regular Army, as will also other succeeding groups of Reserve officers. The 62nd will commence a march on Monday, July 26, from its station at Fort Totten, to Camp Upton, near Yaphank, and at the end of the season will return to Fort Totten.

The training period at Camp Upton is to last two months, during which several classes of reserve officers will be accommodated. Under the direction of the Regulars, the Reserve officers will man the heavy guns in all the war problems scheduled. Day and night maneuvers are planned, and by the close of the training period it is expected that the Reserve officers will be thoroughly acquainted with the value and importance of the "Big Gun Corps" in the scheme of national defense.

Fort Leavenworth Golfers.

THE Fort Leavenworth golf players will resume their competitions on August 1 when they will make a trip to the Shawnee Club's links at Topeka, Kans. A return match with the golfers of the Shawnee Club will be played at Fort Leavenworth on August 15. The games for the 7th Corps Area elimination are scheduled for August 9 and 10 and officers from Fort Riley and Omaha and some Reserves from other points in the Area are expected on the links.

The winner and runner up of the elimination games will represent the Corps Area in the Army National Event to be held in September in Philadelphia.

When writing to advertisers, please mention the Army & Navy Journal.

385TH INFANTRY ORGANIZED RESERVES.

THE 385th Infantry Organized Reserves, Col. G. E. Buxton, whose headquarters are at Providence, R. I., was represented in rifle-pistol tournament recently conducted by the Rhode Island Department, Reserve Officers' Association, by Capt. J. A. Doherty, team captain, Lt. Col. W. F. Hoey, Jr., and Lts. A. E. Arnold and F. R. Witham. The team reached the semi-finals by defeating the 43rd Signal Company team 440 to 347 in the first round and drawing a bye in the second round. The team met and was defeated by the 489th Field Artillery in the semi-final by a score of 512 to 454, this team score of the Artillery team being high for the tournament. Captain Doherty made the best scores of the team, with a final average of 118, the second high individual score of 132 and second high pistol total of 43. Forty officers of the Rhode Island National Guard and Rhode Island units of the Organized Reserves took part in the competition. The 385th Infantry team members finished twelfth, twenty-fourth, twenty-eighth and thirty-first places.

U. S. Fleet Team Are Summer League B. B. Champions.

THE U. S. Fleet Air Base Ball Team won the summer Service League baseball championship and permanent possession of the Bledsoe Trophy at San Diego, Calif., July 14, when it defeated the San Diego Naval Training Station Team in the final round of the play on the station diamond by the score of 9 to 1.

The Marine Base Team won second place in the final standing by scoring a 5 to 4 victory in the 10th inning from the Destroyer Base Nine. Third place was won by the Training Station, while the Destroyer Base Club was at the bottom of the list.



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Corps. AreasNational Guard
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OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept.
Marine CorpsCoast Guard
Naval Reserves

WAR DEPARTMENT

G. O. 12, June 22, 1926, War Dept.
Makes amendments in previous orders relating to battles and campaigns of the United States.

Circular 42, July 14, 1926, War Dept.
This circular makes changes in Army Regulation 40-20 and Regulations 35-20-20, relating to the Army Nurse Corps.

Circular 43, July 14, 1926, War Dept.
This circular deals with the study of the Promotion List already noted in the Army and Navy Journal, and makes changes in Paragraph 185, and makes for Court-martial.

Circular 44, July 15, 1926, War Dept.
This circular relates to the uniform system of numbering contracts.

S. O. 168, W. D., JULY 16, 1926.

General Staff.

Maj. O. C. Aleshire detailed member board to select candidates for appointment as second lieutenants, Regular Army, vice Capt. M. B. Halsey, Inf., relieved.

Medical Corps.

Capt. G. E. Hesner on completing foreign service in Canal Zone, assigned to duty at Letterman Hospital, San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. H. S. Steinberg, assigned to duty at Langley Field, Va., on completing foreign service in Panama.

Capt. H. W. S. Hayes assigned to duty at Vancouver Brks., Wash., on completing foreign service in Philippines.

Capt. E. E. Brown from assignment, Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., from temporary duty Camp Custer, Mich., to New York and sail Oct. 6, to Philippines for duty.

Maj. A. R. Howard from Letterman Hospital, to sail from San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 20 for Canal Zone for duty with Governor Panama Canal.

Capt. S. E. Clinard from Langley Field, Va., to New York and sail Dec. 2 for Canal Zone for duty.

Dental Corps.

Capt. R. W. Leigh from Fort McDowell, Calif., to San Francisco, and sail Dec. 8 for Hawaii for duty.

Capt. W. F. Scheumann assigned to duty at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., on completing foreign service in Hawaii.

Medical Administrative Corps.

1st Lt. J. A. Ramsey assigned to St. Louis medical intermediate depot, St. Louis, Mo., on completing foreign service in Hawaii.

1st Lt. A. T. Houck from St. Louis, Mo., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail Dec. 8 for Hawaii for duty.

Ordnance Department.

The appointment of Maj. Gen. C. C. Williams as Chief of Ordnance, rank of Major General, for four years, beginning July 16, announced.

Cavalry.

1st Col. J. S. Fair, Philadelphia, Pa., to Washington, D. C., for treatment, Walter Reed Hospital.

Coast Artillery.

1st Col. James Prentiss from treatment Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., to station, Fort Story, Va.

Infantry.

1st Lt. D. A. Rosebaum from duty with Tanks, Camp Meade, Md., to duty as instructor, Tank School.

Capt. F. G. Bishop from treatment Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., to station, Camp Meade, Md. (Tanks).

Air Corps.

Capt. E. P. Sorensen appointed asst. commandant, A. C. Engineering School, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, vice 1st Lt. E. E. Aldrin, A. C., relieved.

1st Lt. E. B. Baley from Crissy Field, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Unisontown, Pa., for duty as commanding officer, Burgess Field.

Leaves.

One month to Capt. E. E. W. Duncan, A. C., Aug.

Leave granted 2nd Lt. J. H. Hicks, A. C., extended 1 month.

Two months to Lt. Col. Guy Kent, G. S., July 20.

One month to Lt. Col. H. M. Cooper, G. S., Aug. 1.

One month to Col. J. M. Morgan, G. S., Aug. 1.

Warrant Officers.

Wrt. Offr. Frederick Tomlinson, master, Army Mine Planter Service, Canal Zone, assigned to duty with harbor defenses of Sandy Hook, Fort Hancock, N. J., on completing foreign service.

Wrt. Offr. P. J. McGreevy, master, A. M. P. S., from Fort Hancock, N. J., to New York and sail Dec. 2, for Panama, for duty with harbor defenses of Cristobal.

Wrt. Offr. Clarence Delbridge from Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., assigned to duty at hqrs., 3d Corps Area, Baltimore, Md., as assistant property auditor.

Wrt. Offr. A. F. McIntosh, first mate, A. M. P. S., now a patient at Walter Reed Hospital, to Army Retiring Board, Washington, D. C., for examination.

Wrt. Offr. K. L. See from Fort Sam Houston, Tex., assigned to duty at hqrs., Hawaiian Division, Schofield Brks., H. T., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail Oct. 28 for duty assigned.

Wrt. Offr. O. C. Stauffer assigned to duty at hqrs., 8th Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., on completing foreign service in Hawaii.

Wrt. Offr. A. L. Handley from Atlanta, Ga., assigned to duty at hqrs., Hawaiian Division, Schofield Brks., Hawaii, to sail from New York Oct. 6 for duty assigned.

Wrt. Offr. J. A. Campbell from Atlanta, Ga., assigned to duty at hqrs., Hawaiian Division, Schofield Brks., Hawaii, to New York and sail Oct. 6, for duty assigned.

Wrt. Offr. Roy Farmer assigned to duty at hqrs., 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga., on completing foreign service in Hawaii.

Wrt. Offr. A. E. Dalby assigned to duty at hqrs., 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga., on completing foreign service in Hawaii.

Wrt. Offr. E. V. Greenman band leader, assigned to duty at Army Music School, Washington, D. C., on completing foreign service in Hawaii, and Sept. 28 to attend special band leaders' course at Army Music School.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

Matr. Sgt. W. A. VanDyke, Med. Dept., at Army and Navy Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Ark.

1st Sgt. C. E. Lowman, 16th Inf., at Fort Jay, N. Y.

Organized Reserves.

2nd Lt. C. R. Earp, Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training.

Following Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training; 1st Lt. E. F. Padgett and Capt. C. G. Quartier.

1st Lt. W. M. James, Med. Res., to active

RESERVE

3RD CORPS AREA.
Assignments.

Capt. A. Burton, Engr., to 375th Engr. Gen. Ser. Regt., C. Z. Capt. L. Christopher, A. S., to 40th Attack Squad, Fourth Army.

1st Lt. N. N. Broyles, Med., to 1st Evacuation Hosp., First Army, as Surg. Ward Offr. 1st Lt. J. C. Carter, Inf., to 428th Inf. (Col.) 1st Lt. J. C. Claggett, Dent., to 42nd Gen. Hosp., C. Z., as Dent. Surg.

The following 1st Lieutenants are assigned to 364th Med. Regt., Fourth Army: A. K. Bowie, R. J. Jansen, Med., L. B. Martin, Med., P. B. Palman, Med., and L. W. Rollings, Jr., Med.

1st Lt. O. M. Warner, Med., to 27th Gen. Hosp., C. Z., as Surg. Ward Offr.

2nd Lt. C. Dowlin, Jr., Inf., to 521st Inf. Bn., 1st Lt. H. M. Hart, F. A., to 6th F. A., 2nd Lt. F. A. Ridgeley, Inf., to 430th Inf. (Col.)

6TH CORPS AREA.
Assignments.

Maj. D. C. Martin, Vet., to 39th Vet. Gen. Hosp., Maj. L. Rudolph, Med., to 8th Med. Regt.

Capt. T. F. Beveridge, Med., to 8th Med. Regt.; Capt. G. J. Eckoff, Q. M., to 86th Div. Q. M. Train; Capt. C. A. Moreland, Q. M., to 46th Wagon Co.; Capt. W. N. Nevius, Eng., to 426th Eng. Bn.; Capt. P. W. Olson, to 109th Remount Troop, Capt. W. E. Troxler, Med., to 10th Surg. Hosp., as Roentgenologist.

1st Lt. J. G. Rosen, Dent., to 115th Gen. Hosp., as Dent. Surg., 1st Lt. H. K. Shrom, Med., to 6th Med. Regt.

The following 1st Lieutenants, Dental Corps, are assigned to the 118th Gen. Hosp., as Dental Surgeons: M. M. Archer, W. Pace, E. A. Spafford.

2nd Lt. F. W. Crawford, Vet., to 3rd Vet. Hosp., 2nd Lt. P. C. Fletcher, Vet., to 5th Army Remount Depot, 2nd Lt. W. W. Match, Inf., to 402d Inf., 2nd Lt. M. O'Connor, Q. M., to 319th Motor Repair Bn., 2nd Lt. I. G. Wallace, Inf., to 404th Inf.

8TH CORPS AREA.
Assignments.

1st Lt. H. R. Booth, Inf., to 1st Bn., 38th Inf. (Regular Army). 1st Lt. H. G. Pierce, to 86th Motor Transport Co., Houston, Tex. (Theatre of Operations).

2nd Lt. A. L. Laurence, to 314th Motor Repair Co., Camp Normoyle, Tex. (I. Z.)

duty Aug. 1, at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty at station hospital.

Following Med. Res., to active duty Aug. 1, at Fitzsimons Hospital, Denver, Colo., for duty; 1st Lt. F. W. Messer and A. W. Spittler.

1st Lt. L. V. Burkett, Med. Res., to active duty Aug. 1, at William Beaumont Hospital, El Paso, Tex., for duty.

1st Lt. E. H. Theis, Med. Res., to active duty Aug. 1, at Letterman Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., for duty.

5TH CORPS AREA.
Assignments.

S. O. 169, W. D., JULY 17, 1926.

Quartermaster Corps.

Capt. T. Barnaby from Camp Lewis, Wash., to San Francisco general intermediate depot for duty as assistant to Q. M. supply officer.

Medical Corps.

Maj. L. H. Tefft, now at Fitzsimons Hosp., Denver, Colo., relieved from assignment at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to duty at Fitzsimons Hosp., Dental Corps.

Capt. W. H. Siefer from Presidio of Monterey, Calif., to San Francisco, Calif., and sail Oct. 22 to New York City, thence to duty at Fort Hancock, N. J.

Corps of Engineers.

Capt. W. E. Teale detailed for duty with Org. Res. of 7th Corps Area, 613th Engrs., St. Louis, Mo., in addition to other duties.

Field Artillery.

Maj. F. B. Jordan to Oklahoma City, Okla., on completing temp. duty at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

2nd Lt. W. H. Kennett from Fort Bragg, N. C., detailed as student at Mass. Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.

1st Lt. W. C. Cope from treatment at Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., to proper station, Fort Monroe, Va.

Infantry.

1st Lt. W. A. Flanigan to 1st Div., Fort Hamilton, N. Y., on completing foreign service.

Leaves.

Four months to Col. H. Harrison, F. D., July 20.

Leave to Col. C. C. Kinney, Inf., extended one month.

Leave to Maj. E. C. Kelton, C. of E., extended one month.

Sick leave to 1st Lt. C. Himmer, C. A. C., extended three months.

Four months to Wrt. Offr. J. T. Douglas, station hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., July 21.

Two months, 4 days, to Wrt. Offr. G. K. Glover, station hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., Promotions.

Promotion of Lt. Col. W. M. Lambdin, F. A., to Colonel from June 14 announced.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

Mstr. Sgt. S. B. Owens, 6th C. A., at Fort Winfield Scott, Calif.

Sgt. H. E. Simmond, 27th Ser. Co., Sig. Corps at Seattle, Wash.

D. E. M. L.

Sgt. G. Bailey, D. E. M. L., detailed orderly for Maj. Gen. M. Craig, Asst. Ch. of Staff.

Staff Sergeants.

The following noncommissioned staff officers to station indicated: Staff Sgt. (electrical) P. W. Blair to 8th C. A., Fort Preble, Me. Staff Sgt. (electrical) R. A. Pusey to 10th C. A., Fort Pusey, N. Y. Staff Sgt. (electrical) A. P. Pusey to 11th C. A., Fort Hamilton, N. Y. Staff Sgt. (electrical) G. S. Boyd to 5th C. A., Fort Mitchell to 91st C. A., Fort Monroe, Va. Staff Sgt. (electrical) N. Xanthos to New York and sail Sept. 2 to Panama Canal Dept.

Organized Reserves.

Maj. B. C. Shaw, J. A. G. Res., to active duty Aug. 2 with Judge Advocate General, Washington, D. C.

Capt. D. M. Warner, Specialist Res., to active duty July 18, Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass.

2nd Lt. E. E. Broadbent, Q. M. Res., to active duty Aug. 1, Q. M. intermediate depot, Boston, Mass.

2nd Lt. C. R. Earl, Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training.

Following Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training; 1st Lt. E. F. Padgett and Capt. C. G. Quartier.

1st Sgt. C. E. Lowman, 16th Inf., at Fort Jay, N. Y.

Organized Reserves.

2nd Lt. C. R. Earl, Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training.

Following Q. M. Res., to active duty July 19, at Camp Holabird, Q. M. Intermediate Depot, Md., for training; 1st Lt. E. F. Padgett and Capt. C. G. Quartier.

1st Sgt. C. E. Lowman, 16th Inf., at Fort Jay, N. Y.

Organized Reserves.

S. O. 170, W. D., JULY 19, 1926.

Quartermaster Corps.

Lt. Col. N. E. Wood, from Boston, Mass., to Camp Devens, Mass., for duty as Q. M. Res.

Capt. C. A. Brinkley, from Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., to Army Retiring Board, Washington, D. C. for examination.

Capt. D. M. Warner, Specialist Res., to active duty Aug. 1, Q. M. intermediate depot, Boston, Mass.

Capt. M. H. Jones, from Q. M. School, Phila-

CORPS AREAS

1ST CORPS AREA.

Maj. R. C. Eddy, C. A. C., D. O. L., in addition to other duties, detailed as Executive for Org. Res., 1st Coast Art. Dist.

Capt. S. J. Raymond, Inf., D. O. L., to duty as Recruiting Offr., U. S. A., Springfield Recruiting Dist., Springfield, Mass., vice Capt. T. W. Herron, Cav., D. O. L., relieved, Capt. R. W. Voge, 5th Inf., from treatment, Sta. Hospt. Ft. Banks, Mass., to duty, proper station, Ft. Williams, Me.

Leaves: One month, Aug. 5, with permission to visit Canada, to Maj. Z. L. Drolling, Inf., D. O. L., Boston Univ., Boston, Mass., now on temp. duty at R. O. T. C. Camp, Camp Devens, Mass. Two months, 8 days, to Maj. N. O. Lewis, M. C., now on temp. duty at R. O. T. C. Camp, Camp Devens, Mass. One month, Aug. 1, with permission to visit Canada, to Maj. E. O. L., Boston Univ., Boston, Mass., now on temp. duty at R. O. T. C. Camp, Camp Devens, Mass. Leave to 1st Lt. F. T. Turner, 3rd Cav., Hedges Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., extended one month, 16 days. Two months, Aug. 4, to Wm. Offr. E. Kirk, U. S. A., 1st Corps Area.

3RD CORPS AREA.

Leaves: One month, 15 days, to Lt. Col. E. E. Fuller, Inf., D. O. L., Aug. 9. One month, to Maj. E. E. Bennett, C. A. C., D. O. L., Aug. 1 to Capt. T. F. Bresnaham, Inf., D. O. L., on completing temp. duty at Camp Meade, Md. Aug. 1, two months, 8 days, to Capt. F. G. Eppling, C. A. C., July 26. One month, 7 days, to Capt. C. C. Jones, Cav., D. O. L., on completing temp. duty at Ft. Myer, Va., July 29. Two months, 8 days, to Capt. W. J. Miehe, M. C., D. O. L., Sept. 1, one month, to Capt. C. H. Stewart, C. A. C., on arrival in New York city from foreign service in Philippines Dept. One month, to 2nd Lt. G. G. Gibbs, C. A. C., D. O. L., Aug. 1.

5TH CORPS AREA.

Capt. T. C. Gerber, O. D., to duty as asst. to Ord. Offr., 5th Corps Area, Ft. Hayes, Columbus, Ohio.

Leaves: One month, to Col. A. E. Williams, Q. M. C., on relief from duty in 4th Corps Area, Aug. 10. One month, to Wm. Offr. H. D. Fugate, Aug. 1.

6TH CORPS AREA.

G. O. No. 8, July 9, 1926.

Col. Chalmers G. Hall, A. S., is announced as Corp. Area Air Officer, with station in Chicago, Ill.

Maj. H. G. Rice, F. D., St. Louis, Mo., in addition to other duties, detailed Fin. Offr., Jefferson Brks., Mo.

Leaves: Two months, Aug. 7, to Maj. E.

OFFICIAL ARMY ORDERS

(Continued From Page 1131.)

Depot, Ft. Reno, Okla., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty.

Dental Corps.

The appointment of following Dental Corps Reserve officers as 1st Lieutenants, Dental Corps, Regular Army, from June 25, 1926, is announced:

1st Lt. M. E. Kennebeck, Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. H. D. Phillips, Letterman Hospital, San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. F. E. Patterson, Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. A. L. Irons, Mount Vernon, Ill.

Lts. Kennebeck, Phillips and Patterson will remain on duty indicated. Lt. Irons from Mount Vernon, Ill., to Army Dental School, Washington, D. C., for instruction.

Cavalry.

Maj. J. A. Robinson, from duty as instr., N. G. Santa Fe, N. M., to 1st Cav. Div., Ft. Clark, Tex., for assignment to organization with Cavalry of that division.

Field Artillery.

1st Lt. Col. G. A. Taylor, from assignment Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, on relief from treatment at Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., detailed to duty with Org. Res., 5th Corps Area, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Infantry.

Maj. J. D. Easton, to duty with 452nd Inf., Org. Res., Pine Bluff, Ark.

Capt. A. M. Mixson, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., assigned to Inf., 3rd Div., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Air Corps.

2nd Lt. R. L. Brooksfield, from Air Corps Tech. School, Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., to Bolling Field, D. C., for duty.

2nd Lt. J. R. Sherr (Signal Corps) from Air Corps Primary Flying School, Brooks Field, Tex., attached for duty with 2nd Div., Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Leaves.

One month to Maj. Gen. R. C. Davis, the Adj. Gen., Aug. 1.

Promotions.

Promotion of Lt. Col. C. W. Weeks, Inf., to Colonel, July 8, is announced.

Promotion of Maj. R. T. Phinney, Inf., to Lieutenant Colonel, July 7, is announced.

Transfers.

Transfer of Capt. F. J. Fitzpatrick, C. A. C., to Corps of Engineers, July 9, is announced.

Resignations.

Resignations of Wm. Offr. W. M. Betrys, Hdqrs., 5th Corps Area, Ft. Hayes, Ohio, is accepted.

Warrant Officers.

Wm. Offr. G. A. Davidsworth from Chicago Q. M. intermediate depot, Chicago, Ill., to Omaha, Neb., for duty with Q. M.

Wm. Offr. E. V. Sorenson, band leader to duty with 5th Cav. Band, Fort Bliss, Tex., on completing foreign service.

Wm. Offr. P. Arndt, Presidio of San Francisco, retired on his own application after more than 30 years' service.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

1st Sgt. M. A. Newton of U. S. Disciplinary Brks., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to Organized Reserves.

Capt. S. H. Anderson, A. C., to active duty, Aug. 20, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio.

1st Lt. A. T. Topwood, M. C., to active duty, Aug. 1, Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C.

S. O. 171, W. D. JULY 20, 1926.

General Officers.

Maj. Gen. W. S. Graves from command 8th Corps Area, to New York city and sail Dec. 2 for Canal Zone for duty to command Panama Canal Division.

Maj. Gen. W. Lassiter assigned to command 8th Corps Area on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Dept.

Maj. Gen. C. H. Martin from command of Panama Canal Division to command Panama Canal Department, Quarry Heights, Balboa Heights, C. Z., for duty, on relief of Maj. Gen. W. Lassiter.

Quartermaster Corps.

Capt. L. B. Gerow, in addition to other duties, to duty Aug. 3 as officer in charge District of Washington stables No. 1.

1st Lt. G. T. Barnes assigned to 3rd Motor Repair Bn., Camp Normal, Tex., on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Department.

1st Lt. R. E. Fleischer, from New York general intermediate depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., to New York city and sail Dec. 2 for Canal Zone for duty, Panama Canal Department.

Finance Department.

Lt. Col. T. Campbell from present duties Nov. 2, to duty as finance officer 8th Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Corps of Engineers.

Maj. R. G. Powell, in addition to other duties, detailed as superintendent of light-houses in 14th Lighthouse district.

Cavalry.

Maj. H. M. Raynor to duty as member of the Cavalry Board, Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kan.

Capt. H. L. Earhart from Cavalry School, Saumur, France, on completion instruction, to Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for duty.

1st Lt. K. G. Hoge, from Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., and detailed at Marion Institute, Marion, Ala., for duty.

Field Artillery.

Capt. R. H. Lewis, from instruction National Guard, East Orange, N. J., to duty with Field Artillery of Third Division, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.

1st Lt. N. F. Galbraith, detailed in the Air Corps, Sept. 13, from Fort Sill, Okla., to Air Corps Primary Flying School, Brooks Field, Tex., for duty.

Infantry.

Capt. E. G. Cooper from treatment Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., and rejoin his station at Fort McPherson, Ga.

Air Corps.

Appointment of Lt. Col. W. E. Gilmore as assistant to Ch. of the Air Corps, as Brig. Gen. for four years, July 15, is announced.

Appointment of Lt. Col. F. P. Lahn as assistant of the Air Corps, as Brig. Gen. for four years, July 15, is announced.

Air Corps Primary Flying School.

1st Lt. E. L. Fernsten, Brooks Field, San Antonio, Tex., for training on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Department.

1st Lt. E. T. Selzer on expiration of leave from Brooks Field, Tex., to duty as instructor A. C., Mich. N. G., Detroit, Mich.

Following 1st Lieutenants to duty as indicated on completing foreign service: J. T. Curry, Jr., to 3rd Attack Group, Ft. Crockett, Tex.; M. B. Asp, to Fairfield air intermediate depot, Fairfield, Ohio; J. R. Morgan, to Brooks Field, San Antonio, Tex.; H. C. Minter, Selfridge Field, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

Following officers from duties at station indicated to New York city and sail on Dec. 2 for the Canal Zone, Panama Canal Department, for duty: 1st Lt. C. F. Horton, Langley Field, Va.; 1st Lt. H. C. Downey, Industrial War

Plans, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio; 2nd Lt. H. S. Vandenberg, 3rd Attack Group, Kelly Field, Tex.

Leaves.

One month to Capt. D. Swanton, Inf., Aug. 7.

Transfers.

1st Lt. W. E. Shallen, 4th Cav., Ft. Meade, S. Dak., to 3rd Field Artillery, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., for duty.

Resignations.

Resignation of 2nd Lt. E. D. McLaughlin, Inf., Aug. 31, is accepted.

Organized Reserves.

1st Lt. W. Rhoads, Q. M., to active duty Aug. 1, at Fort Reno, Okla.

S. O. 172, W. D. JULY 21, 1926.

Quartermaster Corps.

1st Lt. L. B. Morris from treatment at Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., to rejoin station at Camp Holabird, Md.

Dental Corps.

Following First Lieutenants from duty Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., Aug. 23, to Army Dental School, Washington, D. C. for instruction:

M. E. Kennebeck and F. E. Patterson.

Corps of Engineers.

1st Lt. H. B. Lopez to duty as engineer reproduction plant, Washington Brks., D. C., on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Dep't.

1st Lt. L. A. Murray from Rapid City, S. Dak., to San Francisco, and sail Nov. 20 for Canal Zone for duty in Panama Canal Dep't.

2nd Lt. W. M. Mack to duty at Fort Monmouth, N. J., on completing foreign service in Panama Canal Dep't.

Field Artillery.

1st Lt. E. R. W. McCabe to 1st Div., Madison Brks., N. Y., on completing tempo duty in office of Asst. Ch. of Staff, G-2, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. R. M. Montague from duty at Fort Sheridan, Ill., to U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., for duty.

Infantry.

Maj. H. B. Cheadle from duty at Fort Eustis, Va., to Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., for duty as student.

Maj. L. A. Falligant from Fort Benning, Ga., to Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., for duty as student.

Capt. J. L. Murphy from Camp Meade, Md., on termination of H. O. T. C. Camp, to Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., for treatment.

Air Corps.

2nd Lt. F. A. Ingalls, from Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., for treatment.

Philippine Scouts.

Maj. C. Skladan (Inf.), now on leave at Brooklyn, N. Y., to Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., for duty as student.

Organized Reserves.

Maj. C. Skladan (Inf.), now on leave at Waterford Arsenal, Mass., for training.

2nd Lt. J. S. Cuppy, Sig. Res., to active duty Aug. 10, at Washington, D. C., for training with Chief Signal Officer.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

Staff Sgt. J. A. Krantz, Q. M. C., at Fort Totten, N. Y.

Tech. Sgt. Harvey Weaver, Q. M. C., at Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kans.

Organized Reserves.

Maj. F. B. Williams, Ord. Res., to active duty at Watertown Arsenal, Mass., for training.

2nd Lt. J. S. Cuppy, Sig. Res., to active duty Aug. 10, at Washington, D. C., for training with Chief Signal Officer.

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative Since July 15, 1926).

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—James T. Watson, Inf., No. 11 on Page 147.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Lieutenant Colonel—William W. McCammon, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Charles H. Mason, Inf., No. 593 on Page 149.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Major—Nicholas W. Campanole, Inf.

Last Promotion to the grade of Major—Ludwig D. Worsham, Engrs., No. 2333 on page 155.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Captain—Horace L. McBride, F. A.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Wiley H. O'Mundro, Inf., No. 5542 on page 166.

Vacancies—None.

Senior First Lieutenant—Herman H. Pohl, Engrs.

Last promotion to the grade of First Lieutenant—Burton L. Pearce, F. A., No. 5300 on Page 173.

Vacancies—None.

Senior Second Lieutenant—Alan D. Whittaker, Jr., C. A. C.

Vacancies in the grade of Second Lieutenant—163.

PROMOTION INJUSTICES CITED BY NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Now that the Secretary of War is making an investigation and study of injustices to the officer personnel in the single promotion list, attention is being called to the fact that many of the older non-commissioned officers, particularly in the Q. M. C., also suffer from similar discrimination, perhaps inadvertently.

According to these non-commissioned officers, after they had served a number of years and had been too long out of school to successfully compete in examinations, the Quartermaster announced competitive examinations and men who had seen a great deal less service, by virtue of their recent school training won higher places on the promotion list, causing the automatic demotion of the older men. These non-commissioned officers feel that this injustice could have been avoided had they been placed on a separate list until their number was absorbed by retirement.

ARMY TRAINING REGULATIONS.

The Chief of Ordnance has had prepared a training pamphlet dealing with the construction of indoor and outdoor small-bore rifle ranges. It will be issued shortly. Among the matters explained in detail by the pamphlet are:

(1) Use of small-bore ranges. (2) Characteristics, ranges and penetration of caliber .22 long rifle ammunition. (3) Type of small-bore ranges. (4) Selection of sites and construction of outdoor ranges. (5) Construction of indoor ranges. (6) Instruction regarding safety precautions.

(7) Drawings with necessary data as to material and dimensions.

Infantry.

1st Lt. Irvin Alexander, Inf., detailed in Air Corps, Sept. 13, from West Point, N. Y., to Brooks Field, Tex., for duty and training, A. C. Primary Flying School.

1st Lt. H. A. Brown detailed at Gulf Coast Artillery Military Academy, Miss., on expiration of leave, to duty.

Leaves.

One month to 1st Lt. G. C. McDonald, A. C., Aug. 1.

One month to Col. F. R. Brown, G. S., Aug. 4, with permission to leave U. S.

Leave granted 1st Lt. D. S. Royston, Inf., extended 3 months.

Leave granted Maj. L. R. Stuart, C. A., extended 1 month.

Leave granted 1st Lt. W. G. Caples, C. E., extended 1 month.

One month, 9 days, to 1st Lt. F. P. Kenny, A. C., on arrival in U. S.

Three months to Wm. Offr. J. E. Hard, band leader, 65th Inf., on arrival in U. S.

Resignations.

Resignations of 2nd Lt. F. M. Greene, Inf., July 28, accepted.

Army Board.

An Army retiring board is appointed to meet in Washington, D. C., from time to time, at call of the president, for examination of officers ordered before it: Members: Brig. Gen. W. D. McCaw, assigned to Surgeon General; Col. H. C. Whitehead, Q. M. C.; E. P. Orion, Finance Dept.; J. J. Toffey, Inf.; Lt. Col. J. M. Phalen, M. C.; A. F. Brewster, F. A.; W. W. Gordon, Cav.; A. G. Love, M. C.; Maj. L. B. McAfee, M. C.; 1st Lt. J. M. Erwin, Ord. Dept., recorder.

Aboard, consisting of Col. F. H. Pope, Q. M. C.; Lt. Col. H. J. McKinny, Cav.; Maj. C. L. Hall, C. E., appointed to meet at the call of its president, providing for the study and investigation of battle fields in the U. S. for commemorative purposes.

Wm. Offr. Ludwig Seitz, band leader, from Fort Sheridan, Ill., assigned to duty with 65th Inf. Band, San Juan, Porto Rico, to New York and sail Dec. 2 for Porto Rico for duty.

Wm. Offr. J. E. Hard, band leader, from San Juan, Porto Rico, assigned to duty with 2nd Inf. Band, Fort Sheridan, Ill., on completing foreign service, and on expiration of leave to duty assigned.

Wm. Offr. Richard Bolton from Fort Benning, Ga., assigned to duty in office of general superintendent, Army Transport Service, New York Intermediate depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., for duty.

Warrant Officers.

Wm. Offr. Ludwig Seitz, band leader, from Fort Sheridan, Ill., assigned to duty with 65th Inf. Band, San Juan, Porto Rico for duty.

Organized Reserves.

Maj. F. B. Williams, Ord. Res., to active duty at Watertown Arsenal, Mass., for training.

2nd Lt. J. S. Cuppy, Sig. Res., to active duty Aug. 10, at Washington, D. C., for training with Chief Signal Officer.

Retirement of Enlisted Men.

Staff Sgt. J. A. Krantz, Q. M. C., at Fort Totten, N. Y.

Tech. Sgt. Harvey Weaver, Q. M. C., at Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kans.

Organized Reserves.

Maj. F. B. Williams, Ord. Res., to active duty at Watertown Arsenal, Mass., for training.

2nd Lt. J. S.

OFFICIAL NAVY ORDERS

(Continued From Page 1131.)

Pa.; M. Jones (MC) to Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.
Lts. (Jg.) C. M. Dumbauld (MC) to U. S. S. Haron; A. J. Hamilton (MC) to U. S. S. Texas; M. T. Rosser (MC) to continue duty U. S. Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.; Lt. R. Hittinger (de) to St. Thomas Virgin Islands.
Comdr. B. H. Brooks (SC) to continue treat. Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.
Lts. E. C. Sanders (SC) to duty U. S. S. California; J. H. Skillman (SC) to Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
Lt. (Jg.) W. E. Tripp (SC) to Navy Yard, N. Y.
Ch. Boss, G. B. Llewellyn to treat. Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Effective July 21.

Comdr. R. F. Dillon, to duty Army War College, Washington, D. C.
Lt. Comdr. W. J. Causey, to U. S. S. Omaha; F. A. McD. Cramen, to U. S. S. Texas; H. F. Floyd, to Bu. Nav.; W. S. Hogg, Jr., to Office Naval Communications, Washington, D. C.; J. C. Lusk, to U. S. S. Candem; J. M. Miller, to U. S. S. Cincinnati; R. S. Parr, to Naval Academy; A. Schulze, to U. S. S. Cincinnati.
Lts. J. H. Carter, to Naval Academy; R. A. Dierdorf, to U. S. S. Camden for duty; S. K. Hall, to U. S. S. Litchfield; A. B. Kerr, to Pac. Coast Torp. Sta., Keyport, Wash.; M. L. Kurtz, to U. S. S. Macdonough; C. A. Rowe, to Nav. Hosp., Boston, Mass., for treatment.
Lts. (Jg.) M. H. Terrell, to U. S. S. New York; W. B. Terrell, to U. S. S. Hannibal; E. E. Woods, to U. S. S. R-13.
Capt. C. C. Adell, to duty U. S. S. Arkansas.
Capts. B. C. Holcomb (M. C.), to Med. Off. in command Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.; L. L. von Wedekind (M. C.), to Navy Yard, New York.
Comdr. C. B. Ryder (M. C.), to St. Thomas, V. I.
Lt. Comdr. J. W. Allen (M. C.), to Nav. Hosp., Boston, Mass.; W. E. Findeisen (M. C.), to Navy Regt. Sta., New York.
Lts. (Jg.) H. B. Scarrey (M. C.), to Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; N. C. Rubinsky, Supply Depot, Brooklyn.
Lts. L. A. Dyckman (S. C.), to duty Brigade Headquarters, U. S. Marines, Port au Prince, Haiti; L. C. Fuller (S. C.), to Q. M. Corps, Subs. School, Chicago; D. Lynch (S. C.), to Navy Supply Dept., Brooklyn, N. Y.; J. E. Wood (S. C.), to Navy Yard, New York; S. W. Salsbury (Ch. C.), to Navy Yard, New York; A. Martin, Jr. (C. E. C.), to Bu. Y. and D.
Ch. Pay Clk. J. P. Wilson, to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS.

July 21, 1926.

Capt. R. A. Dawes.
Comdr. A. G. Dibrell.
Lt. Comdr. R. A. Awrey.
Lt. J. E. Pixton.
Capt. F. H. Cooke.

U. S. M. C. ORDERS

Marine Corps Orders.
Major General Commandant John A. Lejeune, U. S. M. C., issued the orders this week which deal with the subjects listed:

M. C. O. 9, Jane 19, 1926.

1. Managua Marines' Trophies.—The members of the Semper Fidelis Club of Managua, Nicaragua, C. A., the membership of which was composed of enlisted men of the former marine detachment, American Legion, in Nicaragua, having most generously donated two trophies for perpetual award in athletic competitions in the Marine Corps, the acceptance of these trophies and the rules under which they will be awarded are hereby made.

2. Title.—These trophies will be known as the Managua Marines' Trophies.

3. To whom awarded.—A trophy to the post or organization rendering a separate muster roll located or stationed on the Atlantic coast and the same on the Pacific coast that attains the highest number of points under the rules prescribed hereinafter.

4. Rules.—(a) The factors considered in determining the final score of the winning post or organization will be the figure of merit attained in the monthly physical test during the preceding year and the total points made by competitors from the post or organization in a regional, coastal, or Marine Corps athletic competition.

(b) In determining the final score the following computations will be made:

Figure of merit times 8, divided by 10. Points made in competitions times 2, divided by 10.

For the purpose of this award the year will begin on July 1 of each year.

M. C. O. 10, July 19, 1926.

This order deals with athletic policy and military training and says in part:

Organization.—All forms of athletics will be controlled generally by headquarters of the Marine Corps. The Headquarters Athletic Council will fix the policy and all rules for the corps. In posts or organizations or regiments strength or larger an athletic council, one of whose members will be the athletic officer, will be appointed by the commanding officer. In posts or organizations of less strength, an athletic officer will be appointed by the commanding officer to carry out the functions of the council. When Marines are serving immediately with the Army or Navy they will, when encouraged to do so, invariably participate in athletic activities of those commands.

Leadership of officers.—In order that this policy may become effective and successful it is necessary that the younger officers and men take an active part in some form of sports. Officers should be leaders in this phase of their duties as well as the purely military phase.

Class of sports.—The following sports will be habitually and actively encouraged:
Football. Swimming.
Baseball. Boxing.
Basketball. Wrestling.
Soccer. Track and field.
Tennis. Monthly physical test.
Hockey. Rifle competition.
Lacrosse. Pistol competitions.
Polo. Rifle competitions.
Rowing.

Athletic competitions.—Annual competitions along lines very similar to those now conducted for rifle and pistol shooting will be held beginning with the year 1927. The detailed regulations for the conduct of these competitions will be announced later from these headquarters. The general plans of these competitions provide for six regional meets to which all posts and stations of the Marine Corps will send a quota of competitors. Winners of events in the various regional meets will be assembled at one point on the Atlantic coast and one point on the Pacific coast for semifinal competitions and the winners of events in these semifinals will later be brought together in alternate years on the Atlantic and Pacific coast for final competition. From the competitors in the final meet will be selected the U. S. M. C. track

U. S. FLEET DIRECTORY

Adm. S. S. Robison, Commander in Chief, U. S. S. Seattle (flagship), Seattle, Wash.
CORRECTED TO JULY 20, 1926.

Address mail for all vessels in Pacific waters to Pacific Station via San Francisco, Calif.; vessels in Atlantic and European waters in care of Postmaster, New York City.

BATTLE FLEET.

Adm. C. F. Hughes, commander in chief (flagship) California, Bremerton, Wash.

Battlefield Divisions.

Vice Adm. R. H. Jackson, Commander, Division Three—Arizona, Nevada, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Port Angeles, Wash.

Division Four—Mississippi, New Mexico, Port Angeles, Wash.; Idaho, Bremerton, Wash.

Division Five—West Virginia, Colorado, Bremerton, Wash.; Maryland, Tennessee, Port Angeles, Wash.

Destroyer Squadron.

Rear Adm. Luke McNamee, Commandant, Omaha (flagship), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; McDermut, San Diego, Calif.; Rigel, San Pedro, Calif.

Squadron Eleven.

Decatur (leader), Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Thirty—Henshaw, San Diego, Calif.; Moody, McCawley, Sinclair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Meyer, Navy Yard, Bremerton, Wash.; Doyen, Port Townsend.

Division Thirty-one.

Farragut, Somers, Wm. Jones, Zellon, Port Angeles, Wash.; J. F. Burnes, Percival, Port Townsend.

Division Thirty-two.

Paul Hamilton, Navy Yard, Bremerton; Stoddert, Reno, Kennedy, Farquhar, Thompson, Astoria, Ore.

Division Thirty-three.

Litchfield (leader), Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Thirty-four—Kidd, Shirk, Port Angeles; La Vallette, Mare Island; Sloat, San Diego, Calif.; Yarborough, Wood, Port Angeles, Wash.

Division Thirty-five.

Chase, Mullany, Robert Smith, Port Angeles, Wash.; Mervine, Selfridge, Port Angeles, Wash.; Marcus, Mare Island, Calif.

Division Thirty-six.

Farenholz, Macdonough, Cory, Melvin, Hull, Sumner, Port Angeles, Wash.

Division Thirty-seven.

Kidder, Shirk, Port Angeles; La Vallette, Mare Island; Sloat, San Diego, Calif.; Yarborough, Wood, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Thirty-eight—Farragut, Somers, Wm. Jones, Zellon, Port Angeles, Wash.; J. F. Burnes, Percival, Port Townsend.

Division Thirty-nine.

Paul Hamilton, Navy Yard, Bremerton; Stoddert, Reno, Kennedy, Farquhar, Thompson, Astoria, Ore.

Division Forty.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Forty-one—McFarland, Sturtevant, Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.; J. K. Paulding, Childs, King, Overton, Newport, R. I.

Division Forty-two.

Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.; Gilmer, Hatfield, Lawrence, New York, R. I.

Division Forty-three.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Forty-four—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Forty-five.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Forty-six—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Forty-seven.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Forty-eight—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Forty-nine.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Fifty—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Fifty-one.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Fifty-two—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Fifty-three.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Fifty-four—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Fifty-five.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Fifty-six—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Fifty-seven.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Fifty-eight—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Fifty-nine.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sixty-one.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty-two—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sixty-three.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty-four—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sixty-five.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty-six—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sixty-seven.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty-eight—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sixty-nine.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sixty-nine—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

Division Sevenoak.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sevenoak—McNamee, Melville, Barry, Sands, Williamson, Newport, R. I.

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Division Sevenoak.

McNamee (leader), Melville, Altair, Port Angeles, Wash.; Division Sevenoak—McNamee, Melville, Barry,

OFFICIAL NATIONAL GUARD ORDERS

IOWA.

Adj. Gen. Louis G. Lasher, of Iowa, announced the following changes in officer personnel:

The resignation of Capt. L. L. Myers, M. C., is announced.

Knud Bohr, Acting Adjutant General of Iowa announced the following changes to officer personnel:

The resignation of 2nd Lt. J. H. McGregor, 133rd Inf., Iowa N. G., is announced.

KENTUCKY.

Adj. Gen. James A. Kehoe announced the following orders relative to the commissioned personnel of the Kentucky National Guard:

Special Troops.

Resignation of Capt. A. Cope, 38th Military Police Co., July 1, is accepted. Promotion of Lt. A. W. Blanton, S. S. C. and D., to command vice Cope, resigned.

Resignation of 1st Lt. T. W. Stephens, 38th Tank Co., is accepted. Promotion of 2nd Lt. H. W. King to 1st Lieutenant and assigned 38th Tank Co. vice Stephens.

Infantry.

Capt. W. T. Ranner, 75th Inf., transferred to N. G. R. Appointed J. S. Taylor to Captain, Inf., and assigned to command Hdqrs. Co., 75th Inf. Brig.

Appointment Dr. G. M. Malan, Williamsburg, as Captain, D. C. with assignment to Med. Dept. Detach. 149th Inf.

Transfer of Capt. C. B. Pumphrey to N. G. R. Promotion Lt. E. J. Beers (formerly N. V. N. G.), to Captain and assigned to command How. Co., 149th Inf.

Resignation of Capt. L. H. Tarter as Captain, Co. B, 149th Inf., was accepted. He was replaced by promotion of Lt. B. E. Gooch, Post Office, 38th Div. Capt. Tarter has moved to Oklahoma. Appointment of Sgt. F. F. Combe as 2nd Lt. Co. B, 149th Inf., Hazard, Ky., vice Eagle, resigned.

Field Artillery.

Resignation of Maj. C. Krayenbuhl accepted. Promotion of Capt. W. J. Horrigan to Major, vice Krayenbuhl, and assigned as executive, 63rd F. A. Brig.

Resignation of 1st Lt. P. A. Martin, P. & T. O., 63rd F. A. Brig., accepted. Replaced by 1st Lt. A. G. Sand, 138th F. A.

Resignation of Lt. C. E. Homaker, 138th F. A. Ser. Btry., accepted.

Appointment of 2nd Lt. I. G. Barrickman vice Hoese, promoted.

Appointment 2nd Lt. H. R. Hill, Btry. B, 138th F. A., vice Vermilye, promoted.

Appointment 1st Lt. W. F. Reeser, Btry. D, vice Sand, transferred.

Promotion of Capt. N. C. Wedekemper, vice Hall, transferred.

Cavalry.

Appointment of H. D. Reed as 2nd Lt. Hdqrs. Detach., 54th M. G. Squad, vice Graham, resigned.

Transfer 1st Lt. G. W. Johnson to Troop A and 1st Lt. C. Gayle to command Hdqrs. Detach., 54th M. G. Squad.

Acceptance of the resignation of Lt. E. L. Lair, Troop B, 54th M. G. Squad.

Appointment of L. D. Thompson as 2nd Lieutenant, vice Cook, promoted, Troop B, 54th M. G. Squad.

Quartermaster

Appointment Lt. C. D. White, vice Dowdy, promotion and assignment to 123rd Wagon Co. Medical.

Appointment of Capt. J. W. Bratton and J. A. Snowden, Jr., vice J. D. Maguire and H. M. Hurst dropped from the rolls. Captains Bratton and Snowden are assigned to the 137th Hosp. Co.

MARYLAND.

Brig. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, Adjutant General of Maryland, announced the changes in office personnel:

1st Lt. W. T. Roe, Inf., to be Captain, from July 10, and assigned to 1st Inf.

E. W. Grubb to be 1st Lieutenant, Inf., from July 10, and assigned to 1st Inf.

W. J. Buck to be 2nd Lieutenant, F. A., from July 13, and assigned to 110th F. A. W. H. Shure to be 2nd Lieutenant, F. A., from July 13, and assigned to 110th F. A.

The resignation of 2nd Lt. E. C. Murray, F. A., assigned to Btry. B, 110th F. A., is accepted. The resignation of 2nd Lt. O. L. Tucker, F. A., is accepted.

The following officers have been extended Federal recognition by the Militia Bureau, effective from dates indicated:

Maj. B. C. Gott, Q. M. C. (assigned U. S. Property and Disbursing Officer, State Staff), from July 2, 1926.

1st Lt. J. F. Whitesidecarver, A. S. (assigned 10th Obsr. Squd., 29th Div. A. S., 29th Div.), from May 24, 1926.

OKLAHOMA.

Adj. Gen. C. F. Barrett, of Oklahoma, issued the following orders to officer personnel:

Lt. Col. M. F. Gibbons, Inf., O. R. C., appointed Lt. Colonel, Oklahoma N. G.

Promotions:

To Captain: 1st Lt. L. F. Calley, Hdqrs. 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div.; 1st Lt. C. W. Cotten, Amb. Co. No. 159, 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div.; 1st Lt. H. L. Minton, assigned to Hdqrs. 45th Div. Spec. Troops, vice Capt. E. D. Flynt, promoted; 1st Lt. H. M. Henehey, Ser. Co. 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div.; 1st Lt. H. D. Stites, Med. Dept. Detach., 180th Inf., 45th Div.; 1st Lt. H. H. Turner, Hdqrs., 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div.

To 1st Lieutenants: Sgt. R. N. Graham, assigned to Hosp. Co. No. 159, 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div., vice Capt. W. H. Miles, transferred; 2nd Lt. J. D. Garrison, assigned to 1st Bn. Hdqrs. Co., 120th Inf., 45th Div., vice 1st Lt. W. G. Green, resigned; Pvt. T. W. Owens, assigned to Amb. Co. No. 160, 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div., vice 1st Lt. C. C. Gardner, transferred to N. G. Res.; Pvt. F. A. Sanger, assigned to Hosp. Co. No. 159, 120th Med. Regt., vice 1st Lt. H. H. Turner, transferred; 2nd Lt. C. C. Simmons, assigned to How Co., 120th Inf., 45th Div.; Pvt. E. P. Veatch, assigned to Ser. Co., 120th Med. Regt., 45th Div., vice 1st Lt. A. C. Kramer, transferred to N. G. Res.

To 2nd Lieutenants: 1st Sgt. M. H. Angland, assigned to How Co., 120th Inf., 45th Div., vice 2nd Lt. C. C. Simmons, promoted; Sgt. P. B. Nohm, assigned to 45th Sig. Co., 45th Div. Spec. Troops, vice 2nd Lt. F. T. Wyatt, promoted; E. Capshaw, assigned to 1st Bn. Hdqrs. Co., 120th Inf., 45th Div., vice 2nd Lt. J. D. Garrison, promoted.

Resignations:

The resignation of Capt. H. B. Key, Inf., is accepted.

The resignation of 1st Lt. R. E. Waugh, 2nd Bn., Hdqrs. Btry. and Combat Train, 180th F. A., is accepted.

The resignation of 2nd Lt. M. R. Smith, Btry. F., 138th F. A., 45th Div., is accepted.

NEBRASKA.

Adj. Gen. H. J. Paul, of Nebraska, announced the following changes in officer personnel:

1st Lt. A. Rieber, Inf., appointed Captain, and assigned to Co. E, 134th Inf., Hastings, Nebr., vice Turbyfill, resigned.

2nd Lt. C. M. Lange, Inf., appointed 1st Lieutenant and assigned to Co. F, 134th Inf., Hastings, Nebr., vice Patterson, resigned.

2nd Lt. J. C. Riley, Inf., appointed 1st Lieutenant and assigned to Co. G, 134th Inf., Hastings, Nebr., vice Rieber, promoted.

F. R. Underwood appointed 1st Lieutenant, Inf., and assigned to Hdqrs. Co., 2nd Bn., 134th Inf., stationed at Sidney, Nebr., to fill an original vacancy.

NEW YORK.

Adj. Gen. Franklin W. Ward, of New York, announced the following changes in officer personnel:

Commissions.

R. H. Gillett, Brig. Gen. of the Line, for assignment to 3rd Inf., Brig.

Col. W. C. Robinson, Inf., for assignment to 108th Inf., Brig.

J. P. Butler, Inf., for assignment to 108th Inf., Machine Gun Officer.

Capt. L. F. Cole, M. C., 10th Inf., for assignment to Med. Dept.; Capt. G. M. Goodrich, Inc., 108th Inf., for assignment to Hdqrs. Co.; Capt. E. J. W. Lang, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. E; Capt. E. A. Lechleiter, C. A. Co., 312th C. A., for assignment to Btry. D.; Capt. A. J. McGovern, Inf., 105th Inf., for assignment to Co. M; Capt. W. H. Spring, Inf., 104th F. A., for assignment to 1st Bn. Hdqrs. Btry. and Combat Train; Capt. E. D. Starbuck, Jr., Inf., 104th Inf., for assignment to Co. L.

1st Lt. W. S. Hill, Inf., 105th Inf., for assignment to Co. L; 1st Lt. W. Magadine, Inf., 105th Inf., for assignment to Co. M; 1st Lt. C. S. Southall, C. A. Co., 312th C. A., for assignment to Btry. B; 1st Lt. R. Stone, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to 2nd Bn. Hdqrs. Co.

2nd Lt. E. R. Columbine, C. A. Co., 245th C. A., for assignment to Btry. K; 2nd Lt. L. O'M. Connell, Inf., 108th Inf., for assignment to Serv. Co.; 2nd Lt. B. De M. Morris, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to 2nd Bn. Lt. A. S. Ward, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. L; 2nd Lt. H. Whibley, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to Serv. Co.; 2nd Lt. G. W. Williams, 156th F. A., for assignment to 2nd Bn. Hdqrs. Btry., as Liaison Officer; 2nd Lt. M. M. Witterspon, Inf., 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. L.

Resignations.

Lt. Col. L. E. Jallade, 369th Inf.

1st Lt. F. J. Rode, 71st Inf.

Capt. T. F. Brown, M. G. Res.

Placed on National Guard Res.

Capt. H. A. Reimann, 102nd Med. Reg.

1st Lt. H. J. Seaton, 106th Inf.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Adj. Gen. F. D. Beury, of Pennsylvania, announced the following changes in officer personnel:

Transfers: Maj. H. R. Butterbaugh, M. C., to N. G. Res.; Capt. W. S. Campbell, M. C., to N. G. Res.; Capt. R. S. Benner, transferred to Unassigned List; Capt. J. G. Moore, Inc., transferred to N. G. Res.; Capt. T. J. Wenner to Unassigned List.

Resignations accepted: Capt. R. B. McGinn; Capt. W. M. West; 2nd Lt. H. R. Dodsworth; 2nd Lt. H. Hoover, Co. A, 10th Inf.; 2nd Lt. E. V. Moore, Btry. E, 176th F. A.; 2nd Lt. W. J. Friday, Btry. A, 176th F. A.; 2nd Lt. C. J. Shimer, Btry. D, 213th C. A. (A. A.)

Assignments:

Coast Artillery Corps: J. G. Schellist, 2nd Lt. to Btry. F, 213th C. A. (A. A.)

Field Artillery: E. C. House, 1st Lt., to 108th Amm. Tn.; C. H. Ott, Jr., 1st Lt., to Btry. E, 108th F. A.; M. Shulman, 2nd Lt., to Hdqrs. Btry. and Comb. Tn., 2nd Bn., 108th F. A.; R. Merenda, 2nd Lt., to Btry. D, 108th F. A.

Cavalry: L. H. Walker, 2nd Lt., to Tr. A, 52nd M. G. S.

Infantry: T. H. Lynn, Capt., to Co. K, 109th Inf.; W. S. Burchfield, 1st Lt., to Hdqrs., 35th Inf., Btry. as Alade and P. T. Officer (B-3); J. F. Curran, 2nd Lt., to Co. H, 109th Inf.; R. J. Himes, 2nd Lt., to Co. C, 112th Inf.

Medical Administrative Corps, Med. Dept.: J. W. McNair, 1st Lt., to Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt.

Medical Corps, Med. Dept.: E. L. Hazlett, Capt., Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt., Asst. Commdg. Officer; J. C. Keiso, Capt., to Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt.; H. J. Roddy, 1st Lt., to Hosp. Co. No. 107, 103rd Med. Regt.; A. Van Donaldson, 1st Lt., to Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt.; P. F. Eskstein, 1st Lt., to Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt.; Dev. Ritchie, 1st Lt., to Hosp. Co. No. 109, 103rd Med. Regt.; W. A. Weaver, 1st Lt., to Med. Det., 109th Fr.

Dental Corps, Med. Dept.: R. G. Griffin, Capt., Hosp. Co. No. 108, 103rd Med. Regt.

Engineers: B. R. Dolan, Capt., to Co. B, 103rd Engrs., Hdqrs., 1st Bn., 103rd Engrs., as Bn. Adj. and Supply Officer.

Field Artillery: H. A. Macchesney, Jr., 1st Lt., to Hdqrs. 1st Bn., 176th F. A., as Liaison Officer; C. M. Wolter, 2nd Lt., to Btry. A, 176th F. A.; J. R. Sprout, 2nd Lt., to Btry. F, 176th F. A.

Infantry: R. W. Parks, Capt., to Co. B, 109th Inf.; H. Price, 2nd Lt., to 28th Tank Co., Spec. Tps., 28th Div.

Air Service: L. W. Helweg, 1st Lt., to Flight 103rd Observ. Sqdn.

Engineers: A. H. Plasket, 1st Lt., to Co. B, 103rd Engrs.; W. E. Duryea, 2nd Lt., to Co. E, 103rd Engrs.

Infantry: W. B. Wagner, 1st Lt., to Hdqrs. Co. 100th Inf.; F. E. Justice, 1st Lt., to Hdqrs. Co. 3rd Bn., 111th Inf., as Adjutant; R. P. Cluley, 1st Lt., to Co. E, 111th Inf.

RODE ISLAND.

Adj. Gen. Arthur C. Cole, of Rhode Island, issued the following orders to officer personnel:

Capt. E. J. Noons, Adj. Gen., Dept., assigned to duty as Asst. Adj. Gen., 43rd Div., N. G., vice Cannon, promoted; Capt. R. F. Regnier, Troop B, 1st Squad, Cav., transferred to the Unassigned List.

1st Lt. E. C. Forsythe, 1st Squad, Cav., to assume command of Troop B, 1st Squad, Cav., R. I. N. G., vice Regnier, placed on Unassigned List.

Adjutant General's Department, As Captain: 1st Lt. C. T. Murdoch, formerly Postal Section, 43rd Div., vice E. J. Noons, transferred.

Quartermaster Corps, As Major: Capt. P. L. Cannon, 43rd Div., an Divisional Quartermaster, vice H. L. Manchester, transferred to the R. I. N. G. Res.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Adj. Gen. J. C. Dozier, of South Carolina, announced the following changes to officer personnel:

The resignation of 1st Lt. W. D. Moore, Hdqrs., 263rd C. A. Bn., Beaufort, S. C., is accepted.

The Marine Corps Reserve

(Continued From First Page.)

the duties they will be called upon to perform in time of emergency.

Plan II: This plan calls for the actual organization of four Reserve Regiments, with a Casual Company and an Aviation Unit in each Reserve Area.

Organization of Regiments.

Accordingly, there have been organized for administrative purposes in the different areas, the following: In the Eastern Reserve Area with headquarters at Philadelphia, Pa.; the Seventh Regiment with headquarters at New York; the Eighth Regiment (less one battalion) with headquarters at Philadelphia, Pa.; and Observation Plane Squadron (V. O.) and Casual Company, the latter two organizations with headquarters at Philadelphia, Pa.

In the Southern Reserve Area with headquarters at New Orleans, La., there have been organized, the 3rd Battalion of the 8th Regiment; Fighting Plane Squadron (V. F.); and Casual Company, all with headquarters at New Orleans, La.

In the Central Reserve Area with headquarters at Chicago, Ill., there have been organized, the 9th Regiment, Observation Plane Squadron (V. D.), and a Casual Company, all with headquarters at Chicago.

In the Western Reserve Area with headquarters at San Francisco, Calif., there have been organized, the 3rd Regiment, Observation Plane Squadron (V. D.), and a Casual Company, all with headquarters at San Francisco.

Regular officers were recently assigned to these Regiments. After receiving, at headquarters, for several days, indoctrination with respect to the Reserve, they have reported at their stations. Maj. William C. Wise has been assigned to the 3rd Regiment as Commanding Officer with 1st Lt. E. B. Moore for staff duty. Maj. Howard W. Stone has been assigned to duty as Commanding Officer of the 7th Regiment, with 1st Lt. Thomas J. Kilcourse for staff duty. Maj. Nedom A. Eastman has been assigned as Commanding Officer of the 8th Regiment. Capt. Charles Sniffin has been assigned as Commanding Officer of the 3rd Battalion, 8th Regiment. Maj. Robert W. Messersmith has been assigned as Commanding Officer of the 9th Regiment.

The enlisted personnel of these Regiments will consist of Class III and Class VI Reservists. Class III men are Marines who have obligated themselves to serve in the Reserve for a period of four years, upon the completion of an enlistment in the regular Marine Corps. The Regiments are receiving monthly, a quota of these men and will slowly but surely increase as long as the regular service secures obligations in Class III. The men are assigned to Companies of the Regiments where their previous experiences best fit them. The total authorized strength of each Regiment is 10 officers and 2,671 enlisted men. At the present time, each regiment has about one-fourth of its authorized enlisted strength.

As previously stated, there are also Class VI men in these Regiments and in this connection the Regimental Commanders have the duty of securing additional Class VI men so as to round out their organizations. We should strive to provide training for all our Fleet Reserve Officers and particular attention should be given to their training in their specialty. We should further strive to obtain the best men for appointment as second lieutenants as the ideal situation should be to commission reserve officers in the grade of second lieutenant, and thus, by service and merit, promote them to the higher grades the same as in the regular service. All reserve officers should be encouraged to take the correspondence school courses and officers on duty with the reserve should, by conferences and otherwise, assist these officers.

In the words of the Major General Com-

mandant, if our reserve is going to be of any value to the Marine Corps, it must be adequate and it must be efficient.

Reserve Officers.

Regimental Commanders should endeavor to secure the assistance of reserve officers, the recruiting service, other reservists, Marine Corps League Detachments, and former Marines, to increase enlistments in the Marine Corps Reserve.

There are in addition the following uniformed companies: 301st Company, Boston, Mass.; 302nd Company, Rochester, N. Y.; 305th Company, Philadelphia, Pa.; 306th Company, Detroit, Mich.; 307th Company, Los Angeles, Calif.; and the 309th Company, Philadelphia, Pa. These companies have Class IV and Class VI reservists.

There have also been in training for the period ending June 27, 33 officers of the Marine

THE U. S. COAST GUARD

U. S. Coast Guard Orders

Lt. (j.g.) (T) A. G. Morrell detached Paulding assigned Wainwright, Philadelphia.

Ens. (E) K. K. Cowart detached Mojave assigned Tucker, Philadelphia.

Ens. (T) H. C. Howe detached Ericsson assigned Wainwright, Philadelphia.

Acting Asst. Surgeon T. E. Snoddy, USPHS, assigned Manning.

Boatman (T) Alfred Rader detached Base 2 assigned Shaw.

The following appointments have been tendered: As temporary boatswain: C. B. M. A. Foster, Jr., assigned Norfolk Division. As temporary pay clerk: C. Y. F. P. Bergmister, Porter, assigned Headquarters, Washington. C. Y. A. Trattler, Recruiting Office, Chicago, assigned Seneca. Y. Ic. R. O. Sellings, Base 17, assigned Pequot.

Lt. (T) W. L. Foley detached Seneca assigned McCall.

Lt. (C) C. Etzweller detached Manning assigned Trippie.

Lt. (j.g.) R. J. Mauerman detached McCall assigned Philadelphia Navy Yard reconditioning and equipping Davis and as executive officer of that vessel when placed in commission.

Lt. (j.g.) E. H. Pritzsche detached Trippie assigned reconditioning and equipping Tucker and as executive officer of that vessel when placed in commission.

Ens. (T) N. S. Fulford detached Burrows assigned Philadelphia Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa., reconditioning and equipping Wainwright, and as watch officer on that vessel when placed in commission.

Order of July 8, 1926, detaching Lt. (j.g.) (T) G. Morrell from the Paulding and assigning him to Wainwright, revoked.

Baton. Walter Westling transferred Defoe Boat & Motor Works and assigned to American Brown Boerl Corp., Camden, N. J., as assistant to Stan. I. E. Johannsen, officer in charge.

Boat (T) C. H. Bartlett detached Base 9 assigned Destroyer Force.

Boat (T) Edward Gerhardi, Base 6, resigned.

Chief Gunner C. T. Thrun, Base 6, assigned Base 9.

C. R. M. W. M. Dawson, Trippie, appt. Radio Electrician (T) and assigned Headquarters temp.

C. R. M. C. A. Sears, Davis, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned Destroyer Force.

C. R. M. A. G. Descoleaux, Base 7, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned Destroyer Force.

C. R. M. C. G. Solt, Mojave, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned Destroyer Force.

C. R. M. W. H. Minnick, Mojave, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned Destroyer Force.

Base 15.

C. R. M. A. P. Arlington, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned Base 15.

C. R. M. Ole Frill, Radio Supply & Repair Base, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, appt. Radio Elec. (T) and assigned same duties.

C. G. FLOTILLA IN LAKES.

A flotilla consisting of Patrol Boats 121 and 142 and Picket Boats 2326, 2300, 2307, 2342, 2364 and 2372 has arrived at Buffalo, N. Y., for duty on Lakes Huron and Erie.

MOTOR SMACK SAVED.

CG-139, Section Base 16, Rockland, Me., Boatswain (T) William Tessin, officer in charge, recently went to the assistance of the disabled motor smack Margaret and towed her a distance of 18 miles to Rockland, Maine.

SALE OF WHITE STAR LINE HAS BEEN ABANDONED

Negotiations for the sale of the White Star Line by the International Mercantile Marine to a British syndicate represented by Morgan, Grenfell & Co. have been terminated, according to an Associated Press Dispatch.

P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Mercantile Marine, and Morgan, Grenfell & Co. authorized the following statement on July 16.

"Owing to present circumstances and conditions, the negotiations for the purchase of the White Star Line have by mutual consent been terminated."

CAPT. T. W. SIDMAN, U. S. A., MISSING

Capt. Theodore W. Sidman, 34th Infantry, U. S. A., according to a statement, has been absent without authority from Ft. Custis, Va., since July 12, 1926. Captain Sidman was born in Washington, D. C., and was a resident of Philadelphia when he entered the military service. He served as a private, corporal and sergeant, Co. "M," 20th Infantry, from 1913 to 1916, being appointed second lieutenant of Infantry, Regular Army, in 1916.

COAST GUARD NOTES

That the Coast Guard is active is shown by the following accounts of the salvaging of four boats and the saving of 46 persons: North Scituate Station, Second District, picked up and succeeded in towing ashore three small boats that were drifting helplessly. The lives of five young men and a young girl were saved.

On July 11, the Isle of Shoals Station, First District, went to the assistance of the disabled American motorboat White Cap and towed her to Amesbury, Mass. In this instance 12 persons were rescued.

The Acushnet, assisted by the CG-229, went to the aid of the American steamship Meteor, which had gone ashore on S. W. Point, Block Island, and succeeded in removing the crew of 28 without loss of life. The steamer went to pieces in the high seas.

Machine gun fire from a coast guard patrol boat July 16, killed Leo Yott, of Syracuse while attempting to land 400 bags of bottled beer on the shore of Lake Ontario, about 13 miles from Oswego, N. Y. Two companions were captured by the coast guard crew and the beer seized.

CANDIDATES TO U. S. M. A.

The following candidates have been designated for the U. S. Military Academy entrance examination to be held beginning on March 1, 1927, with a view to admission to the academy on July 1, 1927:

ARIZONA—L. S. Osdol, Douglas; F. J. Hayes, first alternate, Grand Canyon. Recommended by Senator Ashurst.

MISSOURI—W. W. Whiteside, Jr., Ironton, Thirteenth District.

MONTANA—R. S. Maxey, Missoula, First District.

PENNSYLVANIA—W. M. Morin, Pittsburgh, Thirty-fourth District.

TENNESSEE—H. P. Harris, Lawrenceburg; H. D. Rainey, first alternate, Pulaski; G. Newman, second alternate, Dellrose, Seventh District.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS—R. S. Pratt, Jr., Washington, D. C.; E. L. Bernheim, Edgewood Arsenal, Md.; E. M. Parker, Salt Lake City, Utah; C. J. Diestel, New York City; W. H. Chambers, Jr., West Point, N. Y.; J. A. Croghan, Washington, D. C.; P. Steel, Los Angeles, Calif.; C. F. McNair, Ft. Benning, Ga.; R. P. Neely, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; J. L. Matthews, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; E. L. Phares, Washington, D. C.; D. T. Workzer, St. Petersburg, Fla.; F. L. St. Claire, Jr., San Antonio, Tex.; R. F. Bower, Carlisle, Pa.; G. L. Van Way, Portland, Oreg.; K. Truestell, Jr., Washington, D. C.; W. M. Gosman, Wabon, Mass.; E. E. Hart, Ft. Wadsworth, L. I., N. Y.; H. Scott, II, Princeton, N. J.; K. Boyd, Pittsburgh, Pa.; O. B. Latrobe, Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.; H. D. Hoover, West Point, N. Y.; F. M. Thuney, Washington, D. C.; C. F. Falley, San Antonio, Tex.; W. D. Davis, Norfolk, Va.; F. R. Young, Washington, D. C.; Q. McK. Greeley, San Juan, P. R.; H. B. Thatcher, Boston, Mass.

Col. James B. Gowen, 29th Infantry, has announced that Company "H", of his command at Fort Benning, Ga., Capt. E. G. Herlihy, is the winner of the "Regimental Blue Pennant" for June, 1926. This Company in the opinion of the Regimental Commander has attained and maintained, in its company area, the highest standard as regards physical and mental well being of the organization.

First Battalion, Headquarters Company was announced as the company to receive honorable mention.

OBITUARIES

Announcement of deaths should be addressed to Editorial Office Army and Navy Journal, 1523 L St. NW, Washington, D. C.

Col. Howard R. Hickok, Cav., U. S. A., died on July 7 in Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C. He was buried with full military honors in Arlington National Cemetery July 9.

Col. Hickok was a native of Missouri being appointed to West Point from that State. He was graduated from the military Academy in 1892 and during his military career served in the Northwest, Arizona, New Mexico, Alaska and the Philippines.

During the World War, Col. Hickok was a Brigadier General serving as Chief of Staff of the Fifth Division, A. E. F., and commander of the 19th Brigade, 10th Division, Camp Funston.

He was an honor graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry Schools and also was graduated from the Staff College and Army War College, completing his course at the latter in 1920.

He was serving in the I. G. P. Sixth Corps Area prior to his death. Up to 1924 he commanded the Fourth U. S. Cavalry.

Col. Hickok is survived by his wife, Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Hickok and a sister, Mrs. Dwight Aultman.

The pallbearers at Col. Hickok's funeral were Maj. Gen. Frank W. Coe, Maj. Gen. Herbert B. Crosby, Brig. Gen. John McA. Palmer, Maj. Gen. Kenzie Walker, Col. Lewellyn W. Oliver, Col. Charles Lynch, Lieut. Col. W. W. Overton, and Maj. Mark E. Guerin.

Capt. B. F. Montgomery, U. S. A., Ret., for many years chief of telegraph and cipher at the White House, died at his home in New York City July 8 at the age of 73. He is survived by his wife and three children.

First Lt. Edwin P. Beeman, 124th Inf., Florida Nat. Guard, who died at his home at Orlando, July 10, 1926, is survived by a wife and child. He was born at Orlando, July 20, 1892. Adjutant General J. C. R. Foster, in announcing with deep regret the death of Lieutenant Beeman, states that he "commenced his military service upon the entry of his country into the World War, enlisting August 8, 1917, and was appointed Sergeant. In the following May he was assigned, as a Cadet, to the 4th Officers' Training Camp, and went overseas with the 124th Infantry, 31st Division. Later he was transferred to the 320th Infantry, and given special duty in the District of Paris.

"On June 28, 1924, he was appointed Second Lieutenant of Infantry in the Florida National Guard and assigned to Company "K," 124th Infantry, and, on July 6, 1926, was promoted First Lieutenant. March 30, 1926, he was transferred to the Headquarters Company of the 3rd Battalion, of which organization he remained in command until his death, on the eve of the departure of his company to participate in the annual tour of field exercises at the State Camp Grounds."

John Bartlett Boutelle, formerly holding rank as Lieutenant in the United States Navy and for 50 years connected with the Coast Survey Service, died at the Naval Hospital in San Diego, Calif., July 9, 1926. He was born in Massachusetts on December 14, 1849. His widow survives.

Lieut. Manuel Duran, the Spanish aviator, who was one of the companions of Commander Ramon Franco in the recent flight of a hydroplane from Spain to Buenos Aires, was killed at Madrid, July 19, 1926, by a collision in midair.

Capt. Lewis J. Edmunds, Mass. National Guard, died at Camp Devens, Mass., July 19, 1926, from wounds received in an explosion of T. N. T., he was handling in instruction work with the 101st Engineers.

At intervals he exploded the sticks of T. N. T. to simulate the shells of the enemy. The fuses on four or five out of the two dozen he had discharged were damp and he laid them aside as duds. It is believed that one of these exploded and set off several others nearby in a box.

Captain Edmunds was born in Massachusetts, December 24, 1895, and entered the Engineers as a private, April 7, 1917. During the World War he served as a Lieutenant of Engineers in the Federal

service. He was a graduate of the Engineer School, Nat. Guard Officer's Course.

Mr. Augustus M. Herring, who died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 17, at the age of 58 years, was credited with inventions which solved the problem of maintaining equilibrium in flight automatically, and for other safety devices relative to airplanes. He was associated with Prof. Langley, the Curtisses and other aviation authorities during early experiments with planes.

Lt. Col. Herbert J. Simon, Reserve Corps, died in Los Angeles, Calif., July 15, 1926, after a two weeks' illness. He was born in San Francisco, February 2, 1886.

At the age of 17 he enlisted in Co. A, 7th Inf., California National Guard, as bugler, and was given a commission when called into service on the Mexican border. In the World War he served eight months overseas with the 160th Infantry. He was one of the organizers of Los Angeles Chapter, Reserve Officers' Association, and served as its president in 1924 and 1925. His wife and two sons survive him.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BORN.

BOTTOM—Born at the Elizabeth Buxton Hospital, Newport News, Va., July 13, 1926, to Capt. and Mrs. Raymond Bottom, C. A. C., U. S. A., a daughter, Barbara Agnes.

CARTER—Born at Ancon Hospital, Ancon, C. Z., July 7, 1926, to Lt. and Mrs. Maynard H. Carter, 33rd Inf., U. S. A., a daughter, Ann Meredith.

FEIGER—Born to Capt. and Mrs. George Len Feiger, Inf., U. S. A., a daughter, Gertrude Butler, at the Southwestern Hospital, Lawton, Okla., July 9, 1926.

HOLLAND—Born to Lt. and Mrs. Temple Graves Holland, U. S. A., on July 12, 1926, at Manford, P. L., Jr., a son, William Carter. Mrs. Holland is the daughter of Capt. Paul Hanford Carter, U. S. A., retired.

ORDWAY—Born to Lt. and Mrs. Godwin Ordway, Jr., U. S. A., a son, on July 15, 1926, at Fort Eustis, Va. The baby is a grandson of Capt. and Mrs. Godwin Ordway, U. S. A.

RHODES—Born at Northville, Mich., on July 17, 1926, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Daniel Rhodes, a son, Daniel Hodgeson, for his grandfather, the late Senior Capt. Daniel B. Hodgeson, of the Revenue Cutter Service.

TAYLOR—Born to Lt. and Mrs. Willis R. Taylor, Air Corps, U. S. A., Crissy Field, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., a daughter, Anne Taylor, on July 16, 1926.

MARRIED.

DOHERTY-ZEISER—Married at Plattsburgh, N. Y., July 16, 1926, Lt. John Henry Doherty, U. S. A., and Miss Frances Carroll Zeiser.

HERMER-GOODHUE—Married in the American Cathedral, Church of the Holy Trinity, Paris, France, June 30, 1926, Lt. Comdr. Harry R. Hermach, Med. Corps, U. S. N., and Miss Louise Helen Goodhue, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wells Goodhue of Paris.

KELLER-BROWN—Married at San Diego, Calif., July 3, 1926, Lt. Randolph McCall Pate, U. S. M. C., and Miss Mary Elizabeth Bunting, of San Diego, Calif.

SCHROEDER-ALLEN—Married at Jamestown, R. I., July 17, 1926, Mr. Walwright Schroeder, son of the late Rear Adm. and Mrs. Seaton Schroeder, and Miss Jane Allen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Conrad Allen, of Jamestown.

SHOEMAKER-LITTLE—Married at the First Presbyterian Church, San Diego, Calif., July 15, 1926, Lt. Comdr. James Marshall Shoemaker, U. S. N., and Miss Frances Isadora Little, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Cox Little of San Diego.

SMITH-SYMINSTON—Married at Los Angeles, Calif., July 19, 1926, Capt. Lowell H. Smith, Air Corps, U. S. A., and Mrs. Madeline C. Symington, Rev. J. G. Smith, the groom's father, performing the ceremony.

WEILLER-KREBS—Married in Berkeley, Calif., June 19, 1926, Lt. Donald Parsons Weiller, U. S. N., and Miss Marion Holmes Krebs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rollo Calvin Krebs, of Los Angeles, Calif.

DIED.

BEEMAN—Died at Orlando, Fla., July 16, 1926, 1st Lt. Edwin P. Beeman, 124th Inf., Fla. N. G.

BOUTELLE—Died at the Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif., July 9, 1926, John Bartlett Boutelle, former Lieutenant in U. S. Navy.

EDMONDS—Died at Camp Devens, Mass., July 19, 1926, Capt. Lewis J. Edmunds, 101st Engineers, National Guard.

SIMON—Died in Los Angeles, Calif., July 15, 1926, Lt. Col. Herbert J. Simon, Reserve Corps.

WILSON—Died suddenly, July 6, 1926, in an automobile accident in California, Charles McCormick Wilson, formerly of Washington, D. C., husband of Elsie B. DuBarry Wilson, and son of the late Capt. James Eveleth Wilson, U. S. Army.

MAJOR L. D. GARDNER FLIES DISTANCE OF 21,000 MILES

Arriving at the London Air Station, "Croydon" July 21, Major Lester D. Gardner, director of aeronautics for the Chamber of Commerce of America, completed a trip of 21,000 miles. Major Gardner has been touring Europe via air, following all established airways. His wanderings took him to Asia, North Africa, Casablanca, Stockholm, London and Bagdad during the 53 days he was in the air.

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AVIATION AND RADIO

HOOVER FIELD, ARLINGTON, VA., DEDICATED

THE new Philadelphia-Washington mail and passenger air service flying field, at Arlington, Va., was formally dedicated July 16. The field was christened Hoover Field in honor of Secretary of Commerce Hoover, who was present with a number of other prominent persons. These included J. Walter Drake, Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Edward P. Warner, Assistant Secretary of the Navy; F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War; Harry S. New, Postmaster General; Rear Admiral William A. Moffet, U. S. N., and Maj. Gen. Mason M. Patrick, U. S. N.

The new service, it was explained, will be under the direct supervision of Anthony H. G. Fokker, airplane builder and pioneer in aviation. Lt. Victor E. Bertrandis, Air Service, U. S. A., pilot of 11 years' experience, and member of the celebrated Rickenbacker war squadron, will act as operating manager, it is announced.

AVIATION PERSONNEL NOTES.

LT. J. L. COTTON, U. S. N., has reported to the Bureau from the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet, to relieve Lt. Thomas L. Jeter in the Plans Division. Lieutenant Jeter has been transferred to the Army Air Service Engineering School, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, for a special course of one year.

Capt. Harold C. Major, U. S. M. C., has reported to the Bureau from Observation Squadron Two, Port au Prince, Haiti, to temporarily relieve Lt. Allan P. Snody in the Information Section.

Lt. Harmon J. Norton, U. S. M. C., has reported to the Marine Aviation Section of the Bureau as a relief for Lt. Walter G. Farrell. Lieutenant Farrell has been granted two months' leave and in September will report to Langley Field, Va., for the Air Service Technical Course.

Lt. Gale Morgan, U. S. N., has been detached from the Aircraft Squadrons, Battle Fleet and has been assigned to the Bureau of Aeronautics to relieve Lt. B. R. Holcombe, U. S. N., in the Flight Division.

Lt. Charles M. Huntington, U. S. N., has reported to the Bureau from the U. S. S. New York, to relieve Lt. H. F. Council, U. S. N., who is being transferred to Kelly Field, Texas.

SECRETARY FOR AERONAUTICS.

In an "Ainav" message on June 20, Secretary Wilbur notified the entire naval service of the fact that Edward P. Warner had assumed office of Assistant Secretary of the Navy. "To aid the Secretary in fostering naval aeronautics as provided by Act of Congress approved June 24, 1926," and officially designated him as the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Aeronautics.

Assignment of an official radio call and cable address of "Air Nav" was also announced and a later message authorized such honors as are prescribed for the Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

No changes have as yet been made in the naval regulations to cover officially the duties of his office. Such changes, Secretary Wilbur stated, are under consideration and, following the lines laid down in the law creating this position, will be announced in the near future.

AIR GUARD OF HONOR

WELCOMES PRINCE

When the train carrying Crown Prince Gustaf Adolph and Princess Louise of Sweden reached San Bernardino, Calif., on July 21, it was met by the Black Falcons, the 476th Pursuit Squadron, A. S., U. S. A., who flew over the train and followed it to Riverside and Pasadena, where the royal couple visited at the home of Henry E. Huntington, wealthy art collector. On Thursday morning the planes took the air again to welcome the visitors to Los Angeles.

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PANAMA-VENEZUELA FLIGHT.

THE State Department has obtained permission of foreign governments along the route and the War Department has authorized the Commanding General of the Panama Canal Department to conduct a round trip flight of two amphibian planes from France Field, Canal Zone, to Maracay, Venezuela.

The present plans contemplate that the planes should make stops at Cartagena, Barranquilla, and Girardot, in Colombia; at Willemstad, Island of Curacao (Netherlands), and at Maracaibo, Valencia and Maracay in Venezuela. The entire flight is estimated to require about 26 days. It will constitute a cost valuable service test of the operation of amphibian planes in tropical territory.

The personnel for the flight will consist of three officers and one mechanic to be selected from the following: Major Follett Bradley, Major Junius W. Jones, Lieut. Dale V. Gaffney, Lieut. Charles W. Sullivan, Master Sergeant Bernard Wallace and Technical Sergeant James Gall, all of France Field, Canal Zone.

The exact date for the start will be determined by the Commanding General, Panama Canal Department, after a study of flying conditions. The route to be followed in South America is in commercial use by "Scadta," a German company. The American planes will be the "Loening" with the inverted type of Liberty engine.

Society of Cincinnati.

The following names of the Army and Navy members of the Society of the Cincinnati are taken from the roster recently published by the society. There are at present about 1,000 members of the Cincinnati; in Washington's time there were about 2,000 members. This falling off in numbers gives a good idea of the rapidity with which the older American families have died out. The Society of the Cincinnati was founded in 1783 by the officers of the Continental Line who had served for three years, or to the close of the war in the American Revolution. On his death each member was succeeded by his eldest son, if he had one, and so following the laws of primogeniture, the members today are the eldest male representatives of the officers of the Continental Line or the Navy during the Revolution. Officers of the Militia and those of the State troops were not eligible to the Cincinnati.

Washington was the first President-General of the Society and was succeeded by Alexander Hamilton. There are branches of the Society in each of the original thirteen States and in France. Many of the original members were French officers. There are a few honorary members. The State society to which each officer belongs is indicated after his name.

1. Brig. Gen. Henry Latreom Abbott, U. S. A., ret. (Conn.); 2. General the Viscount d'Aboville, French Army (France); 3. Lieut. Comdr. Walden Lee Ainsworth, U. S. N. (N. H.); 4. His Majesty, Albert King of the Belgians (N. Y.); 5. Maj. Gen. Henry Truman Allen, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 6. Rear Admiral Edward Alexander Anderson, U. S. N., ret. (N. C.); 7. Lieut. Comdr. George Bamford Ashe, U. S. N. (N. C.); 8. Col. George Franklin Baltzell, Inf., U. S. A., (Md.); 9. Col. John Monroe Bannister, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 10. Lieut. Samuel Westray Battle, U. S. N., ret. (N. C.).

11. Brig. Gen. Theodore Alfred Bingham, U. S. A., ret. (Conn.); 12. Capt. David French Boyd, U. S. N. (Md.); 13. Capt. Lytle Brown, C. E., U. S. A. (N. C.); 14. Lieut. Col. Henry Chafer Cabell, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 15. Maj. Julian Mayo Cabell, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 16. Major George Russell Callender, M. C., U. S. A. (Mass.); 17. Lieut. David McCaskey Chapman, Inf., U. S. A. (Md.); 18. Capt. Ethis de Corney, 23rd Dragoons, French Army (France); 19. Comdr. Logan Cresap, U. S. N., ret. (Md.); 20. Lieut. Howard Alston Dues, Inf., U. S. A. (S. C.).

21. Surgeon Richard Laurens de Saussure, U. S. P. H. S. (S. C.); 22. Capt. Wiley Lee Dixon, U. S. A., ret. (N. C.); 23. Major Louis Alexander Falligant, Inf., U. S. A. (N. C.); 24. Capt. James Randlett Finley, Cav., U. S. A. (Va.); 25. Marshall of France Ferdinand Foch (Hon.); 26. Capt. Joseph Knox Forrance, Q. M. C. U. S. A. (Pa.); 27. Col. John Chowning Graham, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 28. Admiral the Count de Gueydon, French Navy (France); 29. Capt. Farragut Ferry Hall,

U. S. RADIO LICENSES UP-HELD IN COURT.

JDGE ALBERT L. REEVES in the Federal District Court at Kansas City, Mo., on July 19, held that a radio broadcasting station having accepted a license from the Federal Government is bound to observe the terms of the license.

A permanent injunction was issued restraining station WOS, the State Marketing Bureau, Jefferson City, Mo., from infringing on time granted station KLDS, operated by the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints at Independence, Mo.

Officials of the Commerce Department at Washington tentatively expressed the belief that the granting of the injunction to radio station KLDS would have no general value except as to stations having written agreements between themselves regarding broadcasting hours.

ATLANTIC OCEAN SEADRAMES

Seadrames across the Atlantic are feasible, according to tests made by Edward R. Armstrong, chief research engineer for the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Co., of Wilmington, Del.

Inf., U. S. A. (N. C.); 30. Lieut. William Carrell Hall, U. S. M. C. (Md.).

31. Major William Lee Hart, M. C., U. S. A. (N. H.).

32. Lieut. Col. George Percy Hawes, Jr., F. A., U. S. A. (Va.); 33. Col. Gordon Graham Heiner, C. A. C., U. S. A. (Pa.); 34. Maj. Clement Craig Heth, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 35. Comdr. Arthur Bainbridge Hoff, U. S. N., ret. (N. J.); 36. Lieut. Comdr. William Stetson Hogg, U. S. N. (N. C.); 37. Major John Lee Holcombe, C. A. C., U. S. A. (Va.); 38. Capt. William Henry Engle Holmes, F. A., U. S. A. (Pa.); 39. Col. William Edward Horton, Q. M. C., U. S. A. (N. H.); 40. Major Edgar Elsikine Hume, M. C., U. S. A. (Va.).

41. Col. Henry Jackson Hunt, U. S. A., ret. (Mass.); 42. Marshal of France Joseph Jacques Cesaire Joffre (Hon.); 43. Admiral Hilary Pollard Jones, U. S. N. (Va.); 44. Col. Samuel Goode Jones, Cav., U. S. A. (N. C.); 45. Capt. Frank Woodruff Kellogg, U. S. N., ret. (Conn.); 46. Comdr. Robert Vivian Lowe, U. S. N. (Md.); 47. Brig. Gen. Walter Drew McCaw, M. D., U. S. A. (Va.); 48. General the Duke de Magenta, French Army (France); 49. Capt. Pierre Mallett, F. A., U. S. A. (N. C.); 50. Major Gen. Peyton Conway March, U. S. A., ret. (Va.).

51. Chap. Walter Marvine, U. S. A., ret. (Conn.); 52. Capt. Lewis Morris, U. S. N., ret. (S. C.); 53. Col. Benjamin Patten Nicklin, Inf., U. S. A. (Va.); 54. Major Gen. Robert Ernest Noble, U. S. A., ret. (Conn.); 55. General the Count d'Ollone, French Army (France); 56. Lieut. Col. Francis Lithgow Payson, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 57. Capt. Gaillard Pickney, Inf., U. S. A. (S. C.); 58. Lieut. George Washington Polk, A. S., U. S. A. (N. C.); 59. Lieut. Comdr. Oliver Middleton Read, U. S. N. (S. C.); 60. Comdr. Isaac Stockton Keith Reeves, M. C., U. S. N. (S. C.).

61. Ens. Isaac Stockton Keith Reeves, Jr., U. S. N. (S. C.); 62. Maj. Gen. Hugh Leonard Scott, U. S. A., ret. (N. J.); 63. Brig. Gen. Allen Smith, U. S. A., ret. (Del.); 64. Capt. Roy Campbell Smith, U. S. N., ret. (Va.); 65. Capt. Hans Ludwig Count von Stedingk, Royal Life Guard, Swedish Army (R. I.); 66. Maj. Gen. Samuel Storrow Sumner, U. S. A., ret. (Mass.); 67. Lieut. Col. Howard Carlisle Tatum, Cav., U. S. A. (N. C.); 68. Col. John Rodgers Meigs Taylor, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 69. Capt. Gilbert Livingston Thompson, Q. M. C., U. S. A. (Md.); 70. Rear Admiral Thomas Washington, U. S. N. (N. C.).

71. Maj. Alexander Mackenzie Watson, U. S. M. C., ret. (Va.); 72. Major Edwin Martin Watson, F. A., U. S. A. (Va.); 73. Major Walter Duval Webb, U. S. A., ret. (N. Y.); 74. Vice Admiral Roger Welles, U. S. N. (Conn.); 75. Major Deshler Whiting, U. S. A., ret. (Mass.); 76. Brig. Gen. Charles Henry Whipple, U. S. A., ret. (N. Y.); 77. Rear Admiral Cameron McRae Winslow, U. S. N., ret. (N. H.); 78. Col. Hugh Douglas Wise, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 79. Lieut. Col. Robert Scott Woodson, U. S. A., ret. (Va.); 80. Col. Cornelius DeWitt Wilcox, U. S. A., ret. (Ga.); 81. Col. John Womack Wright, Inf., U. S. A. (Ga.); 82. Lieut. Comdr. Philip Williamson Yeatman, U. S. N. (Va.); 83. Major Edmund Loughborough Zane, U. S. A., ret. (Va.).

RADIO CORPORATION PURCHASES STATION WEAF

THE Radio Corporation of America, of which Maj. Gen. James C. Harbord, U. S. A., is the head, has purchased the famous radio broadcasting station WEAF, from the American Telephone and Telegraph Co. The announcement was made by the latter company from its offices in New York on July 21. The transfer will be made on January 1 next.

No statement was made by the Radio Corporation of America, but it is understood that the station will continue in operation as heretofore and that the same artistic and business organizations will be maintained. These are considered the most complete on the air.

In radio circles the opinion was expressed that the purchase of the American Telephone & Telegraph station is the beginning of the movement of the Radio Corporation of America, the General Electric Co. and the Westinghouse company to acquire a practical monopoly of the air through control of the important broadcasting stations. For some time it has been reported that these three companies are to combine their broadcasting activities under the name of the American Broadcasting Co., and WEAF would be an important link in this company's chain of stations.

RADIO COMPASS BEARINGS.

THE U. S. S. Richmond conducted a very satisfactory test demonstrating the practical application of radio compass bearings in guiding a plane back to the ship. A plane from the Richmond was sent out from the ship in a direction unknown to the radio compass personnel and instructed to make the return using radio compass bearings received from the ship. A few minutes after the plane arrived at her position, about 45 miles from the Richmond, a bearing was observed by the Richmond and after correction was transmitted to the plane. This indicated to the plane the initial course to be steered on her return. The plane was furnished bearings regularly and by following these the pilot, steering the course indicated by them, brought the plane directly over the Richmond.

AVOIDING STORM CENTERS.

The U. S. S. Kittery has recently met with success in locating and avoiding the storm centers in the Caribbean by plotting the information contained in the daily weather report, thereby locating by her own effort the center of the disturbance. Tentative steps looking to the transmission of the daily weather map by radio photography from Naval radio stations are in hand. Press reports indicate that this is being done by Germany.

SEWARD RADIO STATION.

Plans have been completed and instructions issued for the Commandant, 11th Naval District, to turn over the Seward Radio Station for operation by the Signal Corps of the Army under the same conditions as Juneau and Ketchikan.

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"I never saw their equal." Yank corns right out by the roots and never a pain or sting. It's a joy to stick an "O-Joy Corn Wafer" on a tender, achy corn. Away goes pain immediately, and then later out comes callous, corn, roots and all. Slip shoes right on—they won't hurt. O-Joy Corn Wafers are thin as paper. Stop using ugly burning acids and doughnut plasters. Thousands of people tortured with corns have joyfully praised O-Joy Wafers. Results absolutely guaranteed. At leading druggists, or sent direct upon receipt of dime—Clower Pharmaceutical Co., Brentwood, Md.—Adv.

SOCIAL HAPPENINGS IN THE SERVICES

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and Births requested. Photographs of brides are invited for publication. Address Society Editor, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, 1523 L Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

MRS. JOHN L. HINES, wife of General M. Hines, chief of staff, U. S. A., entertained informally at a tea on July 21 in compliment to Mrs. Leonard Kitts, wife of Captain Kitts, U. S. A., formerly stationed in Washington, D. C., but now at Fort Sill, Okla., and Miss Katherine Killburn.

Mrs. Shirley Q. Elmore, wife of Captain Elmore, M. C., U. S. A., entertained at bridge and tea recently at her quarters at Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., complimenting a number of Presidio matrons who are leaving various San Francisco posts shortly for new stations. The guests of honor were Mrs. Ralph E. Haines, wife of Major Haines, U. S. A.; Mrs. James W. Duckworth, wife of Captain Duckworth, U. S. A.; Mrs. Henry D. Todd, wife of Brig. Gen. Todd, U. S. A., and Mrs. S. A. Hamilton, wife of Captain Hamilton, U. S. A. Four tables of bridge were arranged and later a few additional guests called for tea.

Mrs. E. J. Timberlake, wife of Colonel Timberlake, U. S. A., entertained recently at West Point, N. Y., as a farewell to Mrs. H. B. Lewis, who is soon leaving that post with Major Lewis, U. S. A., for their new station in China. Mrs. Merch B. Stewart, wife of General Stewart, U. S. A., presided at the tea table, assisted by Mrs. W. A. Mitchell, wife of Lt. Col. Mitchell, U. S. A. The hostess was assisted in serving by Mmes. A. W. Chilton, B. F. Fellers, O. G. Collins, G. E. Stratemeyer, and W. A. Copthorne. There were about 60 guests present. Among whom were Mmes. Fox Connor, Peter Murray and Thomas Hammond, who are spending the summer at West Point.

Among the prominent Army people in Paris at the present time are Gen. and Mrs. P. C. March, Gen. and Mrs. W. H. Johnston, Gen. J. B. Bellinger, Col. and Mrs. N. F. McClure, Col. and Mrs. S. M. de Loffre, Col. and Mrs. A. W. Morse, Maj. W. E. Dorman and Mrs. J. W. McAndrew.

Coast Artillery officers of all the components of the Army of the United States in the vicinity of San Francisco to the number of about 140 assembled around the banquet board in San Francisco, Calif., on July 8, to honor Brig. Gen. Henry D. Todd, Jr., U. S. A., commanding the Ninth Coast Artillery District, who will soon depart from San Francisco to assume command of the Hawaiian Coast Artillery District.

The speakers besides Brig. Gen. Todd included Maj. Gen. Hunter Liggett, U. S. A.; Maj. Gen. J. H. McRae, commanding the 9th Corps Area; Brig. Gens. Ira A. Haynes and J. P. Wister and Brig. Gen. R. E. Mittelstaedt, the Adjutant General of California. Other guests included Col. A. V. P. Anderson, Chief of Staff, 9th Corps Area, Col. Alston Hamilton and Major C. K. Wing, 9th Coast Art. District. The last two officers will soon depart for other stations.

The 6th Coast Artillery Band from Port Winfield Scott furnished the dinner concert. The Loewe-Warfield Theatre provided a number of artists, and the event was a most enjoyable one.

PERSONAL MENTION

ADM. EDWARD H. CAMPBELL, U. S. N., Judge Advocate General of the Navy, will leave Washington, D. C., July 25 for an inspection trip of the Pacific Coast, to be gone about three weeks. He will stop off at the Great Lakes a few days before continuing his tour of inspection.

Col. Hanford MacNider, Assistant Secretary of War, and Mrs. MacNider, have returned to Washington, D. C., after a prolonged absence and are now at their home on Wyoming Avenue. Colonel MacNider made an inspection trip through the West, Mrs. MacNider accompanying him to the West Coast, after leaving their small son at Clear Lake, Iowa, where the MacNiders have a summer home.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U. S. A., charter member of George Washington Post,

American Legion, was indorsed by the post on July 20 for national commander.

Comdr. Charles T. Jewell, U. S. N., has left Washington, D. C., to join his parents, Adm. and Mrs. Theodore F. Jewell, U. S. N., at Jamestown, R. I. Admiral Jewell and his family will return to Washington about the middle of September.

Mrs. Edward Rhodes Stitt, wife of Admiral Stitt, U. S. N., Surgeon General of the Navy, has returned to Washington, D. C., after visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Herman Hudgins, in Norfolk, Va.

Maj. and Mrs. Asa M. Lehman, U. S. A., their son, Hugh, and Mrs. L. A. McClintock, have arrived in Philadelphia, Pa., and are at home at 102 Anita Apartments, Overbrook, Pa., until September, after which they will be at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., where Major Lehman has been assigned to duty.

Major and Mrs. Lehman motored from Camp Lewis, Wash., visiting Canada, Yellowstone Park and Leavenworth, Kans., where they were extensively entertained. Mrs. Lehman was formerly Jessie E. R. McClintock, of Ardmore, Pa.

Miss Mabel Potter, of Denton, Tex., is spending the summer with her brother and sister, Lt. and Mrs. Hal N. Potter, U. S. M. C., of San Diego, Calif. A number of delightful social affairs have been given in her honor and a number of others are being planned.

Lt. C. B. Gary, U. S. N., of the U. S. S. Colorado, is at the Martinique, Washington, D. C., with Mrs. Gary, until they move into their apartment, which is being renovated. Lieutenant Gary is now stationed in Washington.

Mrs. James Shepherd Freeman, of San Pedro, Calif., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Steinman, in San Diego, Calif., for several weeks, and expects to join her husband, Lieutenant Freeman, U. S. N., of the U. S. S. New Mexico, some time in August in Seattle, where the ship is at present.

Capt. and Mrs. Ralph E. Hill, U. S. A., of Fort Monroe, Va., spent a day or so last week with Capt. and Mrs. Bryan L. Milburn, U. S. A., in Washington, D. C. They were guests on Saturday evening of Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Milburn at the Chevy Chase Country Club.

Capt. Saburo Isoda, Assistant Military Attaché, Japanese Embassy, Washington, has been authorized by the War Department to be attached to a battalion of the 16th Field Art., U. S. A., at Camp Meade, Md., for a period of one week, commencing July 26, for the purpose of observing their activities in fire practice.

Maj. Robert W. Shufeldt, U. S. A., retired, who was recently permitted to leave St. Elizabeth's Hospital, D. C., and was since reported missing, has been located and looked perfectly well.

Secretary of the Navy Curtis D. Wilbur will spend the week-end at the summer White House in the Adirondacks, as the first stop in his journey across the continent to Seattle, Wash., where he starts on an extended inspection tour of the Pacific coast fleet.

He will be the second cabinet officer to call on President Coolidge since his departure from Washington. Secretary of War Dwight F. Davis was a visitor at the Coolidge camp on July 19.

Miss Hallie Brooke, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Mark Brooke, U. S. A., is visiting in Bar Harbor, Me. She is the guest of Miss Lydia Archbold, daughter of Mrs. Anne Archbold of Washington, D. C., and will later visit in Newport, R. I.

Maj. Gen. Robert C. Davis, U. S. A., the Adjutant General, and Mrs. Davis left Washington, D. C., July 23 for Lake Champlain, where they will be until August 10, when they will leave for Eagles

Mere, Pa. They will return to Washington about August 31.

ENGAGEMENTS

BRIG. GEN. AND MRS. WILLIAM W. HARTS, U. S. A., announce the engagement of their daughter, Polly, to Mr. Robert Earl, Jr., of Herkimer and Utica, N. Y. The wedding will take place early in September at Madison, Conn.

Mrs. Buck, widow of Col. William L. Buck, U. S. A., announces the engagement of her daughter, Louise, to Mr. Frank Oliver Well, of Prescott, Ariz., the marriage to take place at her home, 487 Arista Drive, San Diego, Calif., in August.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Ens. Charles Anderson Dodge, U. S. N., attached to the U. S. S. Preston, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan S. Dodge, of Alhambra, Calif., to Miss Elizabeth M. Stearns, daughter of William F. Stearns of Winchester, Mass., near Boston. Ensign Dodge was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy in the class of 1922. The wedding is to take place August 25, 1926.

WEDDINGS

LT. COMDR. HARRY R. HERMESCH, Med. Corps, U. S. N., and Miss Louise Helen Goodhue, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wells Goodhue, of Paris, France, were married on June 30, 1926, in the American Cathedral, Church of the Holy Trinity, Paris, with Dean F. W. Beekman officiating. The military custom was followed of forming the arch of crossed swords under which the bride and groom passed.

Miss Goodhue wore a bridal robe of white crepe georgette, combined with taffeta. Her bridesmaids were Miss Margaret Russell and Miss Frances Morgan, of New York. Capt. Richard Drace White, U. S. N., the new Naval Attaché of the American Embassy in Paris, acted as best man, while Comdr. Dallas D. Dupre, U. S. N., also of the American Embassy, was a member of the bridal party.

The bride's brother is Lt. Comdr. Wells E. Goodhue, U. S. N., and she is a niece of Comdr. Edward E. Goodhue, U. S. N. The bridegroom had been in naval service in Chinese waters and only recently went to Paris to meet his bride, who had been living there with her parents for several years. The bride has distinction of her own, in that she has published several works of fiction in America.

The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast for members of the bridal party, after which Commander and Mrs. Hermesch left to travel in Europe for a month before sailing for America, where Commander Hermesch will take his new post in Washington.

Lt. Donald Parsons Weller, U. S. N., attached to Submarine Division 12, Battle Fleet, stationed at Mare Island, Calif., and Miss Marion Hulmes Krebs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rollo Calvin Krebs, of Los Angeles, Calif., were married on June 19, 1926, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Everett Luden, in Berkeley, Calif. The groom was graduated from the Naval Academy in the class of 1923.

Lt. Rex Edwin Keller, O. R. C., assistant adjutant of the 414th Field Artillery, and Miss Mabel Louise Bercot, of Bay City, Mich., were married in the Church of St. Mary of the Angels, in Los Angeles, Calif., June 30, 1926, with Rev. Neal Dodd officiating. The bride was given in marriage by Edwin F. Doolittle. The maid of honor was Miss Edith Bercot, while F. Carlton Black was best man.

Lt. Randolph McCall Pate, U. S. M. C., recently stationed at Bremerton, Wash., and Miss Mary Elizabeth Bunting, of San Diego, Calif., were married on July 3, 1926. Following a honeymoon trip in the Canadian Rockies they planned to make their home in Bremerton.

Capt. Lowell H. Smith, Air Corps, U. S. A., leader of the United States around the world airplane flight and chief engineering officer of Rockwell Field, San Diego, Calif.,

and Miss Madelaine C. Symington, of Los Angeles, were married in Los Angeles July 19, 1926. They have sailed for Honolulu, where Captain Smith will be stationed.

The marriage took place at the home of Captain Smith's parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. G. Smith, his father performing the marriage ceremony.

The bride obtained a divorce a year ago from Lt. Comdr. Thomas A. Symington, of the United States Navy.

Miss Jane Allen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Conrad Allen, of Jamestown, R. I., and Wainwright Schroeder, of Providence, R. I., son of the late Rear Adm. and Mrs. Seaton Schroeder, were married at the Jamestown Casino, July 17, 1926, in the presence of a large gathering of relatives and friends. The ceremony was performed by Chaplain W. H. Rafferty, of the U. S. S. Dobbin, and just prior to the ceremony there was a solo by David Allen Church, of New Rochelle, N. Y., a friend of the bride's family.

The bride, who was attired in the wedding gown worn by her mother, had as her maid of honor her sister, Miss Hope Allen, while her bridesmaids were Miss Eleanor S. Parker of Pelham Manor, Miss Janet Reynolds of Brooklyn, Miss Margaret Rowland of Haverford, Pa., and Miss Belle M. Johnson of Washington. Miss Sally Pitt, a niece of the bride, acted as flower girl.

The bridegroom, who was an aviation Lieutenant in the army during the World War, had as his best man his brother, Seaton Schroeder, while the ushers were William O. Sears of Huntington, Pa.; F. B. Hayes of Haverford, Pa.; Donald F. Nesbitt of Springfield, Mass.; and Francis C. Allen of Providence, a brother of the bride.

A reception at the Casino followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder, upon their return from their motor trip through Canada, are to live in Providence, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. James Marshall Shoemaker, U. S. N., on duty at the Naval Air Station, North Island, San Diego, Calif., and Miss Frances Isadora Little, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Coe Little, of San Diego, were married at the First Presbyterian Church in that city on July 15, 1926, the ceremony being performed by the pastor, Rev. Wallace M. Hamilton, D. D., in the presence of a large concourse of friends and relatives. The auditorium of the church was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The matron of honor was Mrs. Allan Fleming, sister of the bride, and the bridesmaids were Mrs. Virgil Korns, wife of Lieutenant Korns, U. S. N.; Mrs. M. C. Whalen, of Stockton, Miss Jeanette Strothoff, of Los Angeles, Miss Elizabeth Young of Stockton, and Miss Dorit Jackson, of San Diego. Lt. Comdr. Francis M. Maile was best man. The ushers were Lt. Comdr. William K. Harrill, Lt. George F. Chapline, Lt. John E. Ostrander, Jr., Lt. Albert R. Buehler and Lt. Humphrey W. Toomey.

The wedding marches were played by Mrs. Ethel Widener Kennedy, the church organist. Following the church service a reception was held at the Cuyamaca Club for the members of the bridal party and the intimate friends of the bride and groom. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Shoemaker have sailed for Honolulu on a honeymoon trip, planning to stop for a week in San Francisco and Los Angeles on their return. They will be at home after September 1 at 1024 Encino Row, Coronado, Calif. The bride was graduated from St. Mary's School in Los Angeles and Mills College in Oakland. The groom is a graduate of the Boston School of Technology and of the United States Naval Academy, being a member of the class of 1915 at the latter.

Miss Louise F. Gleason, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle J. Gleason, of New York, will be married to Lt. Frederic Stanton Withington, Jr., U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic S. Withington of Des Moines, Iowa, formerly of Rutherford, N. J., on July 31, 1926, in St. Luke's Church, East Hampton, L. I. The ceremony will be followed by reception at Greysinges, the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Elizabeth Gleason, sister of the (Continued on Page 1143)

MAGAZINE PAGE

History of Fort Leavenworth Is Varied and Notable.

A history of Fort Leavenworth, 1827-1927, by Maj. Elvind Hunt, U. S. A., with a preface by Brig. Gen. Edward L. King, U. S. A., has just been issued by the General Service School Press at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

The volume is handsomely bound, printed in large readable type and contains 298 pages with index and a number of illustrations and drawings. In his preface to this interesting work General King says, "Fort Leavenworth today enters upon the one-hundredth year of its century of service to the nation—a service which has been unusually varied and notable.

"The history of the fort seems to typify the way in which our Army has marched side by side with American civilization and helped in its remarkable progress. Like the Army, Fort Leavenworth has been a guardian and promoter of the peace and progress of the country, rather than an inceptor to war. As the advance post of white civilization in the prairie country west of the Missouri River, it guarded the beginning of trade over the Santa Fe Trail. Throughout the period of trade extension and western migration, its activities and its position of readiness furnished a large measure of protection and help to our merchants and pioneers. In time of war, it organized and trained many bodies of troops in support of our national policies. During the last quarter century, Fort Leavenworth has developed a great school of higher military command which has received world-wide recognition for its efficiency.

Fort Leavenworth symbolizes the best traditions of the Army—Preparedness and Service. The Army and the Nation have reason to be proud of its history."

Among the illustrations in the book is one of Colonel Leavenworth of the 3rd Infantry for whom the celebrated post is named, a wagon train on the old Santa Fe Trail; Colonel Henry Dodge as a U. S. Ranger; the old Block House; Department Commander's House about 1870; entrance to underground magazine, 1869; Guard Monument, 1870, earliest permanent quarters; Dragoon Barracks about 1870; Fort Leavenworth about 1877; First General Service Schools, 1881; The General Service Schools in 1926; Marshal Foch with General Pershing and other officers at Fort Leavenworth in 1921.



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FIRST STARS AND STRIPES TO BE RAISED IN BATTLE

A INTERESTING bit of research has been made by the War Department at the request of an historical society, and it shows that the first engagement of American troops under the flag of Stars and Stripes design was at Fort Stanwix, N. Y.

During the investment of Fort Stanwix, which began on the 2d of August, 1777, a flag was hoisted by the garrison which is described as follows in a volume entitled "A Narrative of the Military Actions of Col. Marinus Willett": "The fort had never been supplied with a flag. The necessity of having one had, upon the arrival of the enemy, taxed the invention of the garrison a little; and a decent one was soon contrived.

"The white stripes were cut out of ammunition shirts; the blue out of the camlet cloak taken from the enemy at Peekskill, while the red stripes were made of different pieces of stuff procured from one and another of the garrison." Lieut. Col. Willett was present in Fort Stanwix at this time. In a letter written by him at Hartford, on Aug. 21, 1777, and reproduced in the book above mentioned, he mentions an action that took place on August 6. He states: "We totally routed two of the enemy's encampments, brought off upwards of * * * five colors, the whole of which on our return to the fort were displayed on our flag staff under the continental flag."

The description of the collection of the red, white and blue materials which were made up into a flag, and the statement that the captures made on August 6 were displayed under the "Continental flag," indicate that the description of the Continental flag was known to the garrison on the day it was raised, and that the flag that floated over Fort Stanwix was the Stars and Stripes.

RAINBOW DIVISION (42D) ELECTS NEW OFFICERS.

The annual convention of the Rainbow Division (42d) was concluded in New York City on July 17. The following officers were elected:

Capt. Howard G. Smith, of Iowa, president; Joseph J. O'Meara, of Chicago; David Norwood, of Birmingham, Ala.; Joseph Justad, of Minneapolis, and Burton W. Speigle, of Cleveland, vice presidents.

The following were appointed to serve for one year: Cortez Souter, of Des Moines, secretary, and Dr. Frank I. Williams, also of Des Moines, treasurer.

The 1927 convention will be held in Des Moines, Iowa.

AMERICAN LEGION.

Former Col. William Mitchell, Air Service, will probably be the next president of Costello Post of the American Legion, Washington, D. C. Mr. Mitchell has on numerous occasions been entertained by that organization, and recently complimented the members with a barbecue at Roma Villa, near the District line. He has indicated that he would deem it an honor to serve as president—provided that there was no contest at election.

GERMAN PEOPLE DONATE \$1,300,000 FOR SHIP.

THE people of Germany are raising a fund of \$1,300,000 for construction of the L. Z. 127, a dirigible one-half as large again as the Los Angeles. Work on the giant air liner has already started, and it is estimated that the ship will be completed about August, 1927, although half of the cost of construction is yet to be raised. The L. Z. 127 will be the first ship of its kind to be run by gas rather than by liquid fuel. Contents of this fuel remain a secret, but Dr. Lempertz, Zeppelin Works chemist, is credited with its invention. The dirigible will be slightly longer than the Los Angeles, and the hydrogen content of its gas bag will exceed that of the Los Angeles by 1,400,000 cubic feet. The feasibility of trans-Atlantic passenger and packet service is being considered.

NAVAL ACADEMY MEN SHOW ENTHUSIASM OVER AVIATION

The first week of practical instructions for the ensigns of the class of 1926 was successfully completed, with a total of 72 flights and about 120 flying hours. To date, 99 student officers have received instruction in the operation of radio sets, machine guns and navigational gear in the air. There is a very commendable interest, enthusiasm and steady improvement being shown by these officers in all matters pertaining to aviation, which should go a long way toward making them good material for future pilots.

In addition to the regular instruction while underway, lectures in Mahan Hall, and informal talks on the beach are being given on subjects such as—safety precautions, rules of the air, various types of planes, practical flying, general information on the course at Pensacola, with the idea of giving these officers a thorough "aviation indoctrination."

CHUTE SAVES ANOTHER.

While flying from Philadelphia to Bolling Field, D. C., on July 21 the airplane piloted by Lt. Victor E. Bertrandias, U. S. A., was suddenly and inexplicably left without a propeller. The pilot jumped and descended with the use of his parachute while the plane crashed at Saunders Range and was demolished. Lieutenant Bertrandias' home is in Philadelphia, where he had been while on leave from McCook Field.

U. S. COAST EXHIBITION AT SESQUICENTENNIAL

The exhibition of the U. S. Coast Guard at the Sesquicentennial in Philadelphia is attracting great attention. Realistic exhibitions of the art of life saving is given daily. Regardless of the attractiveness of other exhibitions, the splendid performances of the seamen hold the attention of all visitors. The most spectacular demonstration is the construction of a breeches buoy from land to a vessel in Edgewater Bay, which represents a ship in distress. A mortar is used in firing the line aboard, and all the mechanics of life saving are simulated. Boatswain Lester Moore, a ten-year commander of the Cape Lookout Station off the coast of North Carolina, who has been in the Coast Guard for 21 years, commands the life saving crew at the exposition.

ARMY MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

The following are new memberships in the Army Mutual Aid Association—Maj. E. J. Lyman, Inf., 1st Lt. Charles Stalsburg, Q.M.C., Maj. W. D. A. Anderson, C.E., 1st Lt. H. L. Peckham, C.E., Capt. N. L. Simmonds, Inf., Capt. C. G. Hammond, Inf., Capt. L. H. Lohmann, C.A.C., Capt. A. C. Jensen, Q.M.C., Col. J. R. Thomas, F.A., Maj. W. F. vonZelinski, M.C., 2nd Lt. E. D. Regad, Ord. Dept., Maj. Albert Gilmer, C.A.C., Capt. J. D. Cooks, P.S., Maj. C. H. Bonesteel, Inf.

Your Hair Will Never Turn Gray If You Heed Suggestions Below

Simple Home Tonic Keeps Scalp In Healthy, Vigorous Condition—Dandruff Goes Away And Gray Hairs Vanish.

Makes Hair Grow Thick, Even-Colored And Beautiful.

MANY DRUGGISTS ARE FEATURING IT

Leading druggists are featuring a wonderful new tonic for the hair and scalp. A tonic for nineteen years the much sought after secret of various hairdressers and used by thousands of wealthy men and women but never until now sold in drug stores.

One prominent lady whom everyone knows says regarding it: "I never dreamed anything could so revive, stimulate and beautify your hair. It is marvelous how hair just turning gray and dull-looking will respond to the massaging of a little bit of it into the scalp occasionally. My own hair began turning gray at the temples a couple of years ago but while I was in Florida friends wintering there told me of this wonderful Lea's Hair Tonic, and as soon as I began using it every hair in my head seemed to take new life, luster and strength. Even the gray hairs at my temples gradually disappeared. That was two years ago and since then I've kept my hair and scalp in such splendid condition that I haven't a sign of gray hair or dandruff and probably never will," declares this lady.

No man or woman who uses Lea's Hair Tonic occasionally on their scalp will ever be gray. Some say one will never grow bald if using it, although it isn't so infallible for baldness. It will banish dandruff also, however, and keep one's scalp in healthful condition. Even if partially gray already it will grow out again in the old,

original color. Even off-colored patches of hair will come back to an even shade and anyone may get the same results.

Lea's Hair Tonic is made by a Mrs. Kittie M. Lea of Tampa, Fla. Through praise given it by wealthy old folks wintering in Florida, she developed a mail order business all over the country and, in fact, the demand grew so large without any advertising at all that she recently arranged to bottle it in a central plant with modern facilities and is now supplying druggists here and there.

Leading druggists are selling it on the positive guarantee that it will prevent gray hairs and even banish the gray hair you already have unless you have a full head of snow-white hair in which case it would be a shame to bring it back to original shade and color, anyway. They urge its use for baldness, dandruff and as a general scalp and hair treatment. Use it so that you may have a healthy clean-looking scalp and a luxuriant, brilliant head of hair entirely free of gray which makes one appear so old-looking in this age of youth and "pep." They say it is no bother or trouble. It is almost colorless and has only the faint, agreeable odor of Bay Rum. Full directions come with each bottle on how to massage it into the scalp now and then with the finger tips.

Note: Thousands of prominent men and women who wouldn't dream of using ordinary hair preparations use Lea's now and then, year after year, with delightful results. No man or woman need ever be gray. If your druggist hasn't Lea's Hair Tonic send dollar bill to Lea's Tonic Co., Brentwood, Md., for bottle prepaid return mail.—Adv.

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GIRLS IN SWIMMING MEET

A SWIMMING meet between the Fort Benning, Ga., girl swimmers and the Columbus Country Club team at the garrison pool a few days ago, resulted in a victory for the Columbus swimmers, the score being 28 to 13. Miss Eleanor Garrard of Columbus was the star of the event, taking first place in the 50 yard free style and 25 yard backstroke and swimming in the anchor position in the relay race won by the Columbus girls. Of the five events contested the three aforementioned were won by Columbus, while Fort Benning took two firsts, Miss Marie Russ winning the 50 yard breast stroke, and Miss Marguerite Williams finishing in front in the 200 yard free style.

The Country Club team was composed of Miss Eleanor Garrard, Mabel and Ellen Shepherd, Ann and Mary Morris and Mary Flournoy. The girls on the Fort Benning team were Misses Marguerite Williams, Martha Bonner, Marie Russ, Jane Kilburn and Rosabelle Elliott. Capt. Elbridge Colby, U. S. A., of Fort Benning, was in charge of the meet. A return meet will be held at the Country Club pool in Columbus, Ga., on July 31. There will be diving and swimming for form.

ARMY WOMAN GIVES TEA

Mrs. Charles Vincent Hart, wife of Captain Hart, Med. Corps, U. S. A., entertained recently at a tea in San Antonio, Tex., honoring Mrs. James M. Chaney, wife of Major Chaney, U. S. A., new commander of Brooks Field.

A mound of pink roses and bluebells, topped by a Dresden figure, marked the center of the oval tea table. About this were grouped four Dresden candlesticks, holding tall pink tapers, garlanded with gold tulle. At one end of the table was the big silver punch bowl, festooned with pink roses and bluebells, while at the other end, there was a huge block of ice, with pink roses and bluebells frozen into it, and from this the ice was served.

Mrs. Hart and Mrs. Chaney received the guests at the end of the room, a hedge of palms and floor baskets of gladiolus blooms forming a pretty background. Mrs. Hart wore a peach-colored georgette gown, the skirt fashioned with an uneven hemline, and embroidered with crystals and rhinestones. She wore a shoulder corsage of pink rosebuds and lilies of the valley. Her slippers were silver.

Mrs. Chaney's gown was of lavender georgette and her slippers were of gold kid. She also wore a shoulder corsage of pale yellow rosebuds and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. William Guy Ruggles, Mrs. Frederick I. Patrick, Mrs. E. B. Cassidy and Mrs. C. E. Branshaw alternated at the tea table. Mrs. Ruggles wore a French gown of gray georgette, hand-embroidered with blue and orchid flowers and adorned with a shoulder rose of orchid. Mrs. Cassidy wore white georgette trimmed with baby Irish lace. Mrs. Patrick's gown was of cream lace, made in bouffant style and she wore a flame-colored picture hat. Mrs. Branshaw wore a flowered chiffon gown.

WRITES IN ENGINEERING CAMP.

MRS. BURGIS COY, who recently featured in the program of the General Federation of Women's Clubs meeting in Atlantic City, N. J., is a poet and dramatist who does most of her work in an engineering construction camp.

Her husband, Major Burgis Coy, is in charge of a tunneling project high in the Rockies, and Mrs. Coy spends her time with him. Her latest works have been written at an elevation of 9,000 feet above the sea level.

OVERSEAS CAPS FOR NURSES

MAJOR JULIA C. STIMSON, Superintendent of the Army Nurse Corps, and her assistants in her office in Washington—Capts. Dora E. Thompson, Sayres L. Milliken and Blanche S. Rulon—in order to give the nurses of the Army a more comfortable headdress than they have been wearing in the past, as well as one that is more practical, beneficial and cheaper in every way, have decided that the best form of headdresses is the overseas olive drab cap, with certain modifications.

Major General Merritt W. Ireland, U. S. A., The Surgeon General, and all the officers in his office, it may be said, heartily endorse the views of Major Stimson and her assistants, and the recommendations bearing on the matter are now in the hands of the members of the General Staff. These officers, undoubtedly possessing the chivalrous instincts of Sir Walter Raleigh, and therefore being desirous of adding to the comfort of the "weaker sex," will probably appreciate the need of a comfortable headdress for the ladies and will, it is almost certain, approve the recommendations, not only for the cap but for the issue of the new white uniform which was adopted in 1925.

The olive drab cap replaces the brown sailor hat which has been found unserviceable, unsuitable and uncomfortable. Any one of the foregoing defects should be sufficient to warrant the change. The stiff brim, Major Stimson and her assistants point out, is objectionable and is extremely difficult to keep on the head, even in a moderate breeze. Great care and continual rebloking is necessary to keep the present headdress in shape.

The Surgeon General and the officers in Major Stimson's office are unanimous in the belief that the overseas cap favored is ideal for wear over bobbed hair, besides being non-crushable, cheaper to manufacture and occupying small space—an important consideration to an Army Nurse. The modification of the cap for the nurses will require a little more space at the crown to accommodate the hair—the average woman being blessed with more hair than the average man. A prominent feature in connection with the adoption of the cap by the War Department, is the fact that the change can be effected without cost to the government.

It is further advocated, and General Ireland has recommended, that the new pattern white uniform adopted for the nurses in 1925 be issued in lieu of the old one which is suspended largely from the waist. The new pattern is suspended from the shoulder. The old uniform requires underneath support not now worn by modern women.

General Ireland recommends that the stock of old white uniforms now on hand be declared surplus and disposed of, and that the wearing of the new type of uniform be authorized.

AGED WOMAN PREPARES BANQUET.

Mrs. Sam L. Bloomer, widow of "Cap'n" Bloomer, color bearer of B Company, 1st Minnesota Infantry, which fought nine battles in the South in the Civil War, arranged the table for the annual banquet of the Last Man's Club, formed 42 years ago. The club, which has only three survivors of an original membership of 37, met for the affair at Stillwater, Minn., on July 21, the anniversary of the first battle of Bull Run.

Mrs. Bloomer is entrusted with the club's flag and documents, and each year it is her duty to prepare the banquet table for the survivors. At the center of the table was the traditional bottle of Burgundy, presented to the club 61 years ago, which the last two survivors will quaff some day as a toast to their departed comrades. The wine was intended for the last man, but the club, unwilling to face the ordeal of a solitary toast, last year amended the ritual so that two shall share it.

P. O. Hall, 87 years old, of Atwater, Minn., presided by virtue of his seniority in years. His two comrades are C. M. Lockwood, Chamberlain, S. Dak., 84, and John S. Goff, St. Paul, 84.

D. C. TO TEXAS IN DAY.

Major Carl Spatz, A. S., assigned to the office of the Chief of Air Corps, flew from Washington to Texas between dawn and dusk of July 20. Leaving Boeing Field at 5:10 a. m. in a new Curtiss one-seater,

P-1 type, Major Spatz went by Wright Field, Ohio, Scott Field, Mo., Muskogee, Okla., and landed at Kelly Field at 7:30 p. m. The distance between the two fields is approximately 1,600 miles.

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SAN FRANCISCO AND NEARBY BASES.

An enjoyable evening was arranged recently in honor of Capt. Horace L. Whittaker, U. S. A., by Mrs. Whittaker and Lt. and Mrs. W. F. Sodler, U. S. A. The occasion celebrated Captain Whittaker's birthday, and a dinner, followed by bridge, was enjoyed by the hosts and guests, Lt. and Mrs. Grayson Smith, Lt. and Mrs. Harold Laub, Lt. and Mrs. W. G. Roeder, Lt. James R. Goodall, Mrs. Murray Nelson, Miss Janet Murray, and Miss Juliette Waite, the latter a house guest of Mrs. Whittaker from Honolulu.

Interesting newcomers at Mare Island are Lt. and Mrs. Donald Parsons Weller, U. S. N., whose marriage was a recent event of interest in Los Angeles. Their marriage took place on July 8. Lieutenant Weller is with Division 12 at Mare Island. In September he will be detailed to the submarine base in the Canal Zone.

Capt. and Mrs. W. C. Braly, U. S. A., were hosts at their quarters at Fort Scott recently in honor of Maj. and Mrs. Ralph C. Baines, U. S. A., who are leaving the post soon.

Lt. and Mrs. Reginald Nicholson, U. S. N., retired, have arrived from Washington and plan to visit relatives in California for two or three months. They are staying with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Code. Later they will be the guests of Mrs. Nicholson's niece, Mrs. J. C. Wilson.

Lt. and Mrs. Harold Laub, U. S. A., were recent hosts at a dinner and theatre party in compliment to Maj. and Mrs. Ralph C. Baines, U. S. A., who will leave Fort Scott soon, and for Mrs. James Goodall, who will go East with her son, Jimmie. Mrs. Goodall will visit her parents, Col. and Mrs. John Ohlstrom, U. S. A., in Evanston, Ill. The dinner was given at Lieutenant and Mrs. Laub's quarters at the post. Later the party attended the Alcazar. Mrs. Laub's sister, Miss Janet Murray, who is visiting from Los Angeles, was also in the party, also Lt. James R. Goodall, U. S. A.

The home of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Carroll Dovel in Menlo Park was the scene of a attractive tea and garden party. More than 200 guests attended the affair, which was given for Gen. and Mrs. James McRae. Civilian and service friends attended and the hostess was assisted to receive by Mrs. Frederick Funston of San Francisco. Mrs. J. H. Fowler of Palo Alto, Mrs. George Bailey of Los Altos and Mrs. H. F. McFeesy and Mrs. Frank Armstrong of Palo Alto.

FORT HAYES, OHIO.

Maj. and Mrs. FREDERICK C. TEST enteredained at a buffet supper at their quarters recently, honoring Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Robert L. Howze. Those serving included: Mrs. George E. Stewart, Mrs. Mathew C. Smith, Mrs. Seth W. Cook, Mrs. Henry C. Rexach, Mrs. Fletcher O. McFarland, Mrs. Ridgway P. Smith. Guests were: Gen. and Mrs. Howze, Col. and Mrs. George E. Stewart, Col. and Mrs. Mathew C. Smith, Col. and Mrs. Harry J. Watson, Col. Ralph B. Parrott, Col. William F. Martin, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Eugene J. Ely, Lt. Col. Mrs. Ely's father, Mr. Marion Ely, Lt. Col. Harry D. Mitchell, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Esther H. Harris, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Alfred Ballin, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Henry C. Rexach, Maj. Miner F. Schaefer, Maj. and Mrs. Charles F. Sevenor, Maj. Charles F. Johnson, Maj. and Mrs. Bolton E. Brewer, Capt. and Mrs. Fletcher O. McFarland, Capt. and Mrs. Ridgway P. Smith, Miss Sarah McKinley.

Col. and Mrs. Charles C. Walcutt, Jr., of the Seawell Hotel, entertained with an informal house party, recently, honoring their house guest, Mrs. McArthur, widow of Clifton McArthur, who was a member of the House of Representatives from a district in Oregon. Mrs. Walcutt entertained with a small luncheon at the Marmon for Mrs. McArthur, who made a brief visit to Columbus en route to her home in Portland from Washington, D. C., where she is second secretary to Congressman Nicholas Longworth. Mrs. McArthur will remain in Portland during the recess of Congress.

Capt. and Mrs. Perry C. Ragan and children of Fort Hayes have left for Grand Rapids, Mich., where they will visit Mrs. Ragan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Mosher. They will also visit in Macatawa, Mich., as the guests of Captain Ragan's grandmother, Mrs. H. W. Perry. They will return to Fort Hayes August 15.

FORT RILEY, KANS.

COMPLIMENTING Col. and Mrs. George Williams, who are leaving Fort Riley for their new station at Fort Leavenworth, a dinner was given at the Bridge Tea Room, which included the entire personnel of the 2nd Cavalry. The large table used for the dinner was decorated with bowls of sweet peas. Candles and nut baskets carried out the regimental colors of yellow and green. Colonel Williams, formerly commanding officer of the 2nd Cavalry, has been stationed with the regiment for two years and both he and Mrs. Williams have taken an active part socially at the Cavalry school.

Maj. Pearl L. Thomas, of Washington, D. C., has joined his wife and son, Booth, who are visiting Mrs. Thomas' parents, Gen. and Mrs. E. K. Booth.

Capt. and Mrs. R. D. Newman and little daughter, Rose Marie, and their mother, Mrs. Shields, motored to Fort Meade, So. Dak.

A farewell dinner was given to Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Hicks by the officers and ladies of the Marshal Field Air Service Squadron at the East Wind Tea Room.

Maj. T. K. Brown and son, George, are visiting Major Brown's mother at Morristown, Tenn.

Capt. and Mrs. C. C. Hillman and children journeyed by motor to West Yellowstone, Montreal, Canada, where they will spend the summer.

Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Hicks will spend a month in Denver, Colo., before going to their new station in Honolulu, Hawaii.

Capt. and Mrs. J. E. Davis are spending the summer months in Colorado Springs, Colo. Capt. and Mrs. Paul Seal are guests of Maj. and Mrs. Jack Heard. Captain Seal has recently returned from China, where he has been stationed for three years.

FORT SILL, OKLA.

COL. AND MRS. W. F. ENNIS have returned from West Point, N. Y., where they went to be present at the graduation of their son, William. Lieutenant Ennis is now a member of the Field Artillery with station at Fort Huachuca.

Maj. P. W. Newgarden, who will relieve Maj. M. O. French as Commander of the Third Battalion, 20th Infantry, has arrived at Fort Sill.

A delightful dinner party at Medicine Park was held by the members of the Third Battalion of the 20th Infantry as a welcome to their new commandant, Maj. P. W. Newgarden.

Mrs. G. N. Watson is passing the summer with her parents at San Antonio, Tex.

Lt. and Mrs. George E. Barth complimented Miss Dorothy Diebert with a swimming party and picnic.

Lt. and Mrs. D. S. McLean entertained at dinner, complimenting Maj. P. W. Newgarden.

Mrs. Merrill Ross is spending a few months at Portland, Me., with Capt. Ross' family.

POSTS AND STATIONS

CAMP KNOX, KY.

CAPT. AND MRS. T. D. STERLING and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Dickson were recent hosts at a tea at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Gallagher and Misses Lucille and Genevieve Gallagher from Wythe, Texas, who are visiting Capt. and Mrs. Sterling. Forty guests were present and those who assisted in serving were Miss Ann Eliza Robertson, Mrs. E. T. Hayes, Mrs. B. F. Duckwall, Mrs. L. H. Joffe and Mrs. A. O. Lindloff. The dining room decorations were carried out in a color scheme of pink and green.

Mrs. T. D. Sterling has left Camp Knox for Corpus Christi, Tex., where she was called because of the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Mark A. Dawson gave a tea at her quarters recently, honoring Mrs. L. J. McNair. Her table decorations were pink papers and pink flowers. The guests were Mrs. L. J. McNair, Mrs. B. F. Duckwall, Mrs. Theodore E. T. Haley, Mrs. H. F. Schoumover and Miss Ruth Bowyer.

Mrs. L. J. McNair has arrived at Camp Knox from Lafayette, Ind., to join Major McNair. Mrs. McNair is staying at the Officers' Club.

Mrs. Francis W. Glover gave a dinner party at the Officers' Club in honor of Colonel Glover's birthday. The guests were Col. Francis W. Glover, Mrs. T. P. Smith and Mrs. Allie W. Williams, Maj. and Mrs. B. F. Duckwall, Capt. Carl B. Ryd, Capt. F. W. Bonner and Mr. Jack Griffin. The table decorations were in pink and white, a pink and white birthday cake forming the centerpiece.

Mrs. Theodore E. T. Haley was recent hostess at a tea in honor of Mrs. L. J. McNair. Other guests were Mrs. B. F. Duckwall, Mrs. S. Y. Kennedy, Mrs. A. P. Dawson, Mrs. H. F. Schoumover, Mrs. E. F. Shaffer and Miss Ruth Bowyer.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

COL. AND MRS. B. S. BOND, U. S. A., of Bennington, Ga., are spending the summer in Annapolis and are occupying the home of Dr. and Mrs. Enoch H. Carey on St. John's Campus.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Clarkson Bright, U. S. N., returned from a motor trip to Missouri.

Lt. Taylor Selden, U. S. M. C., Mrs. Selden and their son, who have been visiting Mrs. Selden's mother, Mrs. H. W. H. Glover, have returned to Quantico, Va.

Comdr. and Mrs. O. L. Downs, U. S. N., have returned from a visit to Comdr. Downs' home in Dover, Del. They are at present stopping with Miss Mary E. Magruder on Hanover Street, but will shortly move into quarters in the Naval Academy.

Comdr. and Mrs. Harry Baldridge, U. S. N., have returned from a motor trip to Long Island.

Mrs. Old, wife of Comdr. Old, U. S. N., entertained at bridge in honor of Mrs. B. G. Heiner, who is spending several weeks in Annapolis.

Mrs. Anne Jeffers, mother of Capt. W. N. Jeffers, U. S. N., of Norfolk, Va., is spending some time in Annapolis and is staying at the Peggy Stewart Inn.

The members of the Officers' Club of the Naval Academy were hosts at a dance in compliment to the Ensigns who are taking the initiation course. The guests were received by Rear Adm. Louis M. Nulton, superintendent of the Naval Academy, and Mrs. Gannon, wife of Capt. Sinclair Gannon, commander of midshipmen.

Mrs. Kurtz, wife of Capt. T. R. Kurtz, U. S. N., entertained at bridge followed by luncheon, in honor of Mrs. B. G. Heiner, of Quantico, Va. There were three tables of bridge.

Lt. and Mrs. H. E. Poole, U. S. N., are recent arrivals in Annapolis, where Lieutenant Poole has been ordered to the Naval Post Graduate School. They have taken an apartment on Prince George Street.

Comdr. and Mrs. Frank Rockwell, U. S. N., have returned from visit to Mrs. Rockwell's father, Gen. Allison Wilmer, at La Plata, Md.

Ens. and Mrs. Roger E. Ferry, U. S. N., have arrived in Annapolis for a visit to Mrs. Ferry's father and mother, Comdr. and Mrs. Tardy, on Prince George Street.

Comdr. Bryon McCandless, U. S. N., until recently officer in charge of athletics at the Naval Academy, has assumed his new duty as chief of staff to Rear Adm. W. E. Irwin, U. S. N., on the cruiser Concord. Mrs. McCandless and her children are spending the summer at their home on Market Street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

BRIG. GEN. AND MRS. J. E. FECHET, U. S. A., have sold their home at 3101 Garfield Street and are established in an apartment in the Biltmore. General and Mrs. Fechet will leave Washington at the end of next week for Clifton, Md., to spend the month of August.

Adm. and Mrs. E. E. Hayden, U. S. N., have left Washington, sailing from Baltimore on the S. S. Ontario for Boston and an extended trip through New England.

Maj. D. B. Falk, Jr., U. S. A., and Mrs. Falk have joined the Army colony in Washington. They are at the Martinique until their apartment at Tilden Hall, on Connecticut Avenue, is ready.

Maj. and Mrs. Francis B. Wilby are spending the midseason on Lake Champlain and will return the first of September.

Capt. J. M. McDowell, Jr., from Baltimore, Md., on the S. S. Chatham, Merchants and Miners, is spending the summer in Camden, Me.

Maj. E. P. Benson, U. S. A., and Mrs. Benson have arrived in Washington from Fort Benning, Ga., where the major has been stationed, and are at the Martinique.

Capt. C. H. Dickens, U. S. N., and Mrs. Dickens have purchased the house at 3101 Garfield Street from Gen. and Mrs. J. E. Fechet.

Lt. and Mrs. Benjamin R. Holcombe, U. S. N., have returned to Newport, R. I., after spending a few days at Wardman Park Hotel.

Lt. and Mrs. Neal Dow Franklin are in Paris, where Lieutenant Franklin is on temporary duty in the office of the military attaché of the United States Embassy in Paris until September, when he will enter the tank school in France.

MADISON BARRACKS, N. Y.

MRS. FRANK PARKER and the Misses Katherine and Anne Parker sailed for France from New York city on July 10. General Parker accompanied his family to the steamer.

The officers and ladies of the post gave a farewell party in honor of Maj. and Mrs. J. N. Greeley. Major Greeley has left to assume his new duties in Washington.

The Watertown Rotary Club held its regular weekly meeting at the post as guests of the officers. Meats were served in field style. Each Rotarian was given a mess kit and canteen cup in which he was served lunch.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

WEST POINT, N. Y.

MRS. WIRT ROBINSON entertained with a large luncheon in honor of several ladies who are soon to leave West Point for other stations. Mmes. Fox Connor, D. C. Cubbins, E. C. Rose, R. M. Perkins, E. N. Bobbie and W. O. Beeler; other guests were Mmes. H. McC. Snyder, W. H. Chambers, T. B. Catron, A. W. Chilton, Earl McFarland, J. B. D. Matheson, C. A. Bagby, C. P. Stearns, W. H. Dodds, E. C. McNeil, C. L. Fenton, H. L. Taylor, D. E. Cain, G. J. Richards, H. C. Neblett, Col. and Mrs. W. A. Mitchell have left for Edgartown, where they will visit Mrs. Mitchell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Brady, of Wheeling, W. Va., for 10 days; Mrs. Mitchell's sister, Miss Hester Brady, will stay at West Point with the children.

Col. and Mrs. R. G. Alexander and children have returned from Missouri, where they have been visiting Col. Alexander's family for several weeks.

Chaplain and Mrs. W. H. Holt are visiting Colonel Holt's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Holt, at Nahant, Mass.

Maj. and Mrs. A. W. Chilton entertained at a bridge tea at the home of Mrs. George Quanle in Honolulu, honoring her house guest, Miss Katherine Baum, of Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. Thomas G. Bond and Mrs. Henry C. Jones were joint hostesses to the ladies of the 19th Infantry Afternoon Bridge Club recently at the regimental club rooms. For several months the club has been having a tournament, awarding small table prizes at each meeting. The meeting marked the close of the tournament and the awarding of two substantial prizes for first and second place. The former was won by Mrs. Orestes Cleveland and the latter by Mrs. Andrew J. Evans.

Miss Margaret Hamilton, of Portland, Ore., arrived on the "Maul" to be the house guest of Capt. and Mrs. Hay M. O'Day for the summer.

Miss Mary Slusher will be the house guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas W. Rouse, at their quarters for the summer.

CAMP STOTSENBURG, P. I.

CAPT. H. W. TURNER and Lt. H. L. Love were hosts at a Sunday dinner recently for Maj. and Mrs. J. O. Lackey and Miss Lillian Lackey.

Lt. and Mrs. E. D. Crandall, Lt. and Mrs. G. H. Behn, Lt. and Mrs. H. C. Hine, Jr., Miss Lillian Lackey, Miss Helen Brady, Miss Eloise Morse, Lt. J. L. Stodder, Lt. J. T. Reynolds and Lt. C. C. Clemenzen included the party which went out to the Bam Bam recently for a picnic.

Lt. and Mrs. W. L. Brady were hosts at a dinner recently. Their dinner guests included Lt. C. C. Clemenzen, Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Bline, Jr., Lt. J. B. Reynolds, Miss Lillian Lackey, Mrs. C. W. Brady and Miss Helen Brady. Other guests invited in after dinner were: Capt. S. Bacon, Lt. R. T. J. Higgins, Jr., Lt. R. E. Raymond, Lt. and Mrs. F. A. Garrecht and Lt. R. Sears.

Lt. and Mrs. S. C. Page entertained at a dinner recently. Their guests included: Lt. and Mrs. E. D. Crandall and Lt. and Mrs. J. L. Ballantyne.

Maj. and Mrs. J. O. Lackey entertained at a dinner recently for Capt. and Mrs. B. E. Willoughby, Capt. and Mrs. B. Moore, Capt. J. Egan, Lt. and Mrs. L. O. Field and Miss Lillian Lackey.

Little Miss Nancy Gallier celebrated her sixth birthday by giving a party for her small friends who were Peggy White, Virginia Lee Smith, Barbara McDowell, Beanie Cook, Johnnie Walker, Mildred Rees, Tim Rees, Jacqueline Thompson, Henry Koziowski, Wanda Koslowski, Burton Andrus, Dorothy Andrus, Mary J. Wyane, Betty Stickman, Bobby Stickman, Jane Stickman, Norma Shotwell, Sue Shotwell, Sue Anderson, Betty Durnford, Webb Lee, Buddy Partridge, Phyllis Partridge, Solidel Fortier, Abraham Baclig, Ben Baclig, Esi Alba, Louis Alba, Junior Wood, Jeanie Hine, Con Marcus, Margaret Fuller, Evelyn Harrison, Bill Harris and Nedie Voller.

An enjoyable event in the form of a controlled ride took place recently. Approximately 100 persons attended the ride held at the club after the ride. The course extended outside the main part of the post. Prizes were donated by Mrs. H. C. Andreas. Ladies prizes were won by Mrs. W. R. Stickman, Mrs. K. E. Koslowski and Miss Peggy Stanford. Gentlemen's prizes were won by Lt. F. H. Morse, Capt. E. Willoughby and Jimmie Coxeter.

FORT HARRISON, IND.

MAJ. AND MRS. LOUIS P. PATTON and daughter, Marian, entertained at dinner recently for Miss Patti Dittenhaver, of Toledo; Miss Suzanne Schambel of Louisville; Col. R. R. Groves of Findlay; Col. C. C. Chambers of Culver; and Col. L. L. Roach of Charleston, W. Va.

The Fort Harrison Afternoon Bridge Club met last week with Mrs. C. H. Calais. High scores were held by Mrs. Cain, Mrs. Howard Clark II, and Mrs. H. V. Brown.

Mrs. Louis P. Patten, Miss Marian Patten and their house guest, Miss Patti Dittenhaver, were recent luncheon guests of Mrs. William F. Muller, of Indianapolis.

The post bridge club met last week with Mrs. J. M. Groves and Mrs. H. V. Brown. Those winning prizes were: Capt. R. H. Neely, Lt. Ridgely Gathier, Jr., and Capt. Groves, Mrs. Groves, Mrs. J. L. Hardin and Mrs. John P. Edgerly.

Miss Amy Sonderland, of Memphis, Tenn., has arrived to be the house guest of Lt. and Mrs. H. V. Brown. Mrs. Brown expects to do some entertaining for Miss Sonderland.

Maj. and Mrs. Louis P. Patten had as their recent dinner guests Capt. James V. Easley and Lt. George N. Reed, of Toledo, and Lt. Leon Ketchum and Lt. Kenneth Ketchum, of Findlay.

Mrs. Louis P. Patten and daughter, Marian, had as their luncheon and matinee guests recently Mrs. C. F. Cleveland, Mrs. W. F. Mullen, of Indianapolis, Miss Patti Dittenhaver, of Toledo, and Miss Suzanne Schambel, of Louisville.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

CAPT. AND MRS. RALPH NEWTON, of the Medical Corps at the Fort Sam Houston Base Hospital, are being much feted as a farewell compliment before leaving for their new station at the Walter Reed General Hospital in Washington, D. C. Capt. and Mrs. Hamilton Calmer entertained in their honor with a dinner party on July 12. Mrs. Henry C. Pilkington honored Mrs. Newton with a luncheon in her quarters on July 16, and Col. and Mrs. Wallace DeWitt entertained them with a picnic supper in New Braunfels on July 21.

Maj. and Mrs. Alfred W. Bloor entertained with a dinner in honor of their guests, Maj. and Mrs. Walter E. Prosser and Maj. and Mrs. Frank Robison, Jr., who have recently arrived from Washington.

Mrs. Laure Virginia Adams entertained with a buffet supper on July 16, preceding the post hop.

Maj. and Mrs. George Charlton entertained with a buffet supper in honor of Mrs. Charlton's sisters, Mrs. Burton Young Read and Miss Barbara Kays, of Los Angeles, Calif.

PEARL HARBOR, HAWAII.

In honor of their house guest, Miss Vera Glavin, Lt. and Mrs. Wayne L. Barker entertained with four tables of bridge.

Lt. and Mrs. Harold A. McGinnis entertained the Air Service Get-Together Club at the Officers' Club at Luke Field.

Chaplain and Mrs. Edward L. Branham recently entertained for Chaplain and Mrs. James L. McBride, of Schofield Barracks.

Lt. Comdr. Ulrich Kessler and Lt. Meyer Dohner, of the German cruiser "Hamburg," visited Luke Field and were the luncheon guests of Lt. and Mrs. Richard H. Magee.

Lt. Russell L. Meredith was dinner host to Maj. and Mrs. Henry J. F. Miller and Miss Alice Leon Deo, of Canada, at the Officers' Club, Luke Field, recently.

Capt. and Mrs. August C. Jensen recently entertained the Quartermaster Bridge Club at their home and had a few special guests in addition to the members of the club.

Lt. and Mrs. Francis V. Fitzgerald are entertaining a house guest for the summer, Mrs. W. J. McCoy, Mrs. Fitzgerald's sister.

PEARL HARBOR, HAWAII.

In honor of their fourth wedding anniversary, Lt. and Mrs. William L. Maxson entertained at bridge at their home.

Officers of the German cruiser "Hamburg" were the guests of honor at a buffet supper given by Lt. and Mrs. H. F. Hale at their home, 20 Dewey Court. The honored guests were Lt. Poenitz, Lt. Hause, Lt. Lt. Brauns.

Lt. and Mrs. Thomas M. Schmidts, who were leaving for the mainland for duty, were the guests of honor at a dinner party given by Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Walter M. Anderson at their home.

Lt. and Mrs. R. W. Flood and Lt. and Mrs. A. L. Prosser were recent dinner guests of Lt. and Mrs. Bert R. Peoples. The party later went to the "Ventura" to see Mrs. Flood off. Mrs. Flood will go to the east coast, where she will visit her parents.

JAPANESE BASEBALL TEAM DEFEATS U. S. ARMY TEAM

YOU can't beat a man at his own game. How often is this said, and what a mess of rhubarb it is! Take for instance the Army Baseball Team stationed in Tientsin, China. On June 18, this team undertook to show a Japanese team a few twists of the American National Sport. The result was that the Japanese won a baseball game from the American Army team with a score of 8 to 2—and did it easily!

The game was featured by brilliant fielding on each side, but the Army found it impossible to score from the field. The Japanese made nine hits off the Army pitcher, while the best the military players could do was seven safeties off the Oriental hurler. Although the Army succeeded in getting men on base during each inning, "bone head" base running ruined its chances of scoring each time.

Box Score:

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Japanese, a.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Iwaibara, 2b	4	2	3	1	1	0
Takagi, lf.	4	2	2	1	0	0
Tasaki, 1b	4	0	0	1	0	2
Kosaka, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Hotta, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Shinomyn, 3b	2	1	0	1	3	0
Inouye, ss.	4	1	1	2	2	1
Shiga, c.	4	1	1	10	2	3
Totals.	38	9	27	10	7	
Army.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Hyland, 2b	3	0	1	1	1	0
Hunter, 1b	3	0	0	9	0	1
Crowder, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Ollie, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	0
Grant, lf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Mahoney, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Farris, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	2
McGuire, c.	4	2	2	8	1	1
Walsh, p.	4	0	1	1	4	0
Totals	34	2	7	24	11	4

Summary: Earned runs—Japanese, 3; Army, 1. Two-base hits—Iwaibara. Three-base hits—Iwaibara. Home runs—Takagi, McGuire. Stolen bases—Fukunaga, Shinomyn, Inouye, Hyland, 2; Ollie, Grant. Sacrifice hits—Hyland, Hunter. Base on balls—Off Walsh, 3. Struck out—By Walsh, 6; Hotta, 9. Left on bases—Army, 6; Japanese, 4. Double plays—Iwaibara to Inouye to Tasaki. Passed balls—Shiga, 3; McGuire, 1.

MADISON BARRACKS POLO TEAM BEATS ROCHESTER

THE Madison Barracks Polo team composed of Brig. Gen. Frank Parker, Maj. R. E. Anderson, Capt. B. R. Legge, Capt. R. V. Marnast; Capt. A. M. Sheets and Lt. George. McR. Williamson, U. S. A., played at Rochester recently, defeated the Rochester four by a score of 14 to 10.

NAVY MED. SCHOOL WINS AT WASHINGTON BARRACKS

THE baseball team from the Naval Medical School, Washington, D. C., crossed bats with the Army nine from Washington Barracks, on July 17, and won by a score of 8 to 0. Collins who pitched for the Navy team did good work; he allowed the Army men only 5 hits well scattered, and also sent eight players to the bench by the strike-out route.

MEDALS TO ARMY BOXERS.

Maj. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, U. S. A., commanding the Second Army Corps Area, on July 14 presented Willie Ptomey, middleweight boxer of the 16th Inf., U. S. A., and Chief Eagles of the Recruiting Service, Newark, N. J., with gold medals of the Sesquicentennial Exposition in Philadelphia, emblematic of the service boxing championship.

The presentation was made at Army headquarters, Governors Island. Ptomey and Eagles, who won titles in the recent Army, Navy and Marine Corps title tournament in Philadelphia, were warmly congratulated in a message from Maj. Gen. John L. Hines, U. S. A., at Washington, D. C., which was read to the boxers before Maj. Gen. Summerall and his staff.

Following the presentation Maj. Gen. Summerall made a brief address in which he emphasized the importance of athletics as a part of military training.

Boxing

SERVICE SPORTS

Polo

SCHEDULES FOR ARMY FOOTBALL AND SOCCER

THE West Point Cadets will not meet the Navy soccer team this fall, according to the football-soccer schedule announced by the Army. The Pointers are scheduled to meet nine opponents on the football field, terminating the season with the game with Navy at Chicago on November 27. The first game will be with Detroit University, and will be played at West Point on October 2. On October 6 the Cadets will test their strength in a soccer game with Western Maryland. The complete schedules for the two sports are:

Football—Oct. 2, Detroit University; 9, Davis and Elkins College; 16, Syracuse University; 23, Boston University; 30, Yale (at New Haven); Nov. 6, Franklin and Marshall; 13, Notre Dame (at New York); 20, Ursinus; 27, Navy (at Chicago).

Soccer—Oct. 6, Western Maryland; 13, Lafayette; 20, McGill; 27, Lehigh; Nov. 3, Syracuse; 10, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; 17, Springfield.

3RD CORPS AREA BOXERS

BOXERS of the 3d Corps Area were prominent in the bouts in the armory of the Richmond, Va., Grays a few nights ago, showing up in good form, and gave satisfactory evidence of their hitting and staying powers.

Among the fistio talent were Kayo Spagnola, Kid Holland, and Johnny Deteris, of the U. S. Army.

Spagnola was pitted against a hard hitting foe in Young Griffin, Richmond's fighting fireman. Griffin has a reputation of having a wicked right hand punch, but this failed to find its target on the soldier fighter.

In the Kid Holland-Andy Kelly bout, Kelly found the soldier a poor target for his blows. In the second round Kelly turned Holland around with a right, but the soldier came back front and center and sent Kelly to his knee with a mean sock which echoed throughout the Armory. Kelly was up in a jiffy and it was then that Andy realized that he had something more than a rookie to deal with in the manly art of self defense.

Holland was quick and very clever, blocking and ducking successfully the hard rights and lefts aimed at his chin and body. Kelly had the punch but Holland's defense could not be penetrated by the Baltimorean. This bout was declared a draw.

The next soldier to hop into the roped arena was Johnny Deteris. The soldier was pitted against a hard-hitting Irishman from New York and put up such a good fight that he earned a draw over his opponent, Dan Mahoney, who was clever but lacked a real hard punch. Spagnola won a decision over Griffin. Holland and Deteris both got draws, which was a good showing for the Army boxers in the Capital City.

WAR DEPT. POLO WHITES DEFEAT WAR DEPT. REDS

THE War Department White polo team on July 17 overcame an early lead in a game with the War Department Red team in Potomac Park and won a decisive victory. The score was 12 to 4. On the previous Saturday the Reds had put over a 6 to 5 score on the Whites.

Col. Margetts dominated the field during the play on the 17th, as he has often done during the present season. Captain Du Brot, a newcomer on the local polo fields, scored two of the four points made by the Red team.

Whites. Position. **Reds.**
Capt. Kilburn.....1.....Capt. Walsh
Maj. Baird.....2.....Maj. Beahr
Col. Johnston.....3.....Capt. Wipprecht
Col. Margetts.....Back.....Capt. Du Brot

Score by chukkers:

Whites. 0 0 3 1 2 2 1 2—12
Reds. 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0—4

Goals—Margetts (5), Kilburn (4), Johnston (3), Du Brot (2), Wipprecht, Baehr. Substitutions—Maj. Hoyle for Whites and Col. Morris for Red. Time of chukkers, 7 minutes.

LEAVENWORTH RAMPANT ON POLO FIELD AT DES MOINES

THE Fort Leavenworth championship polo team showed its ability to overcome handicaps here by defeating the Fort Des Moines quartet with a 17 to 16 score at Fort Des Moines.

During the early periods of the game, the local team piled up a 9-point lead on the Leavenworth aggregation, and apparently was sitting on top of the world. You can't keep a good team down, though, and the final score showed that Humpty-Dumpty's seat is an uncertain one.

Wakonda Country Club, Des Moines, met the Leavenworth team last Sunday and succeeded in piling up an early lead, but the final score in that instance was 12 to 8, also in favor of the Fort Leavenworth team.

TWENTY LONG YEARS AT THE OLD ARMY GAME

Skinny, at 28, received a medal.

He is a polo pony, and an active participant in the game since 1906, when Maj. Gen. McBrien used to ride him. He is now possessed by D. L. McCarthy, of the Toronto Polo Club, who rides him regularly during matches. The medal was awarded for the best member of the United States Polo Association.

BOLLING FIELD AIR UNITS RETURN.

THE 99th Observation Squadron, U. S. A., has returned to Bolling Field, D. C., after a 15-day maneuver from Shepherd's Field, near Martinsburg, W. Va. The 99th was accompanied on maneuver by the Third Photo Section, also of Bolling Field. The two organizations were praised by Air Corps officials for their excellence in action.

BECKY SHARPE SHOWS HER HEELS AND FORM

CONTESTS for temporary ownership of the Rock Creek Hunt Club cup ended with Captain Royden Williamson, Cav., U. S. A., retaining the title of cup defender. The weekly contests will be resumed on the second Sunday in September. Permanent ownership of the valued cup will be decided in the National Capital Horse Show next summer.

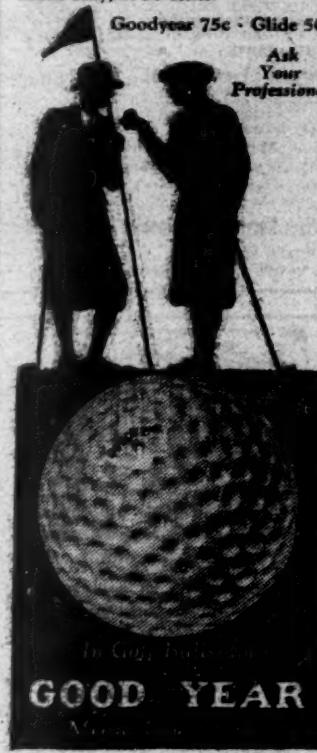
Captain Williamson rode his mare, Becky Sharpe, in the first contest and won. Since then he has several times been challenged, and has found it necessary to challenge other contestants. However, the final summer jump found him with a score of 99, although two other horses, Mary Bonnington and Virginia, owned by civilians, tied Becky Sharpe for first honors for the day. In the jump-off, both these animals slightly bested Captain Williamson's mount, taking the blue and red ribbons. As the jump-off never affects the title, Captain Williamson still came out as temporary possessor of the cup.

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as you doubtless know, is the trainer of the Washington Baseball Club. His liniment is used by big league ball players everywhere. It is wonderful for sore and aching muscles. His liniment enabled me to pitch to batting practice every day without any bad results during the whole past summer," declares "Chief" C. A. Bender, Coach of the U. S. Naval Academy, and one of the most famous Indian athletes of all times.

If the reader feels aged, old, stiff, achy and rheumatic, let him get a bottle of Mike Martin's Liniment and rub with it good tonight. You will be positively amazed how fine you feel in the morning. If by any chance your druggist hasn't it, send a dollar bill direct to Mike Martin, trainer, Washington, Ball Club, Washington, D. C., for large bottle, parcels post, to your door."

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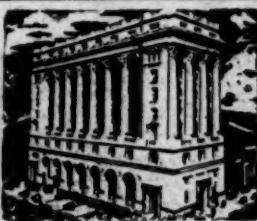
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THE FINANCIAL DIGEST
BY A MARKET EXPERT.

Financial circles are watching with keen attention the developments in connection with the French and Belgian franc. The continued decline of the latter caused the Belgian Parliament to empower King Albert to act as dictator. The fall of the former caused the resignation of the tenth Briand cabinet, the formation of a new ministry controlled by the Radicals and Socialists, and talk of a French dictator.

Will these political maneuvers effect stabilization of the money of France and Belgium. Wall Street has its doubts on this point. So far as France is concerned, the dismissal of Robineau as director of the State Bank is accepted as indicating that the French have yet to experience the evil consequences of inflation. In some circles, the belief prevails that the underlying policy of the French government economists is to let the franc slip and eventually to establish a gold franc currency while repudiating all the paper issues outstanding.

If so, what will be the effect upon French securities. How far would such repudiation extend? And what would be the repercussion in the United States.

Luckily, general trade in the United States is excellent, being figured at 5 per cent above normal. While the stock market suffered from heaviness as a result of developments of the week in France, and the collapse of the boom in Florida, yet the prices prevailing are still regarded as above estimates of true values.

Foreign trade is not showing much change. Because of the British strike, it was natural that there should have been a decline in May, but June figures will show recovery. June commercial failures were less than those in May, but more than those in February or March. June steel figures were below normal. Iron prices fell that month to the lowest of the year, and agricultural prices also showed declines. The horizontal movement in bond prices, which are at a fairly high level, continues, thus discounting the reduction in Federal taxes and the improved money market.

MAYOR WALKER, N. Y., AIDS NATIONAL DEFENSE

Mayor James G. Walker, of New York City, has written to Col. Hanford MacNider, Asst. Secretary of War, that he is greatly impressed with the latter's plans for industrial procurement for the defense of the nation, and will aid them in every possible way. Mayor Walker also stated that he would accordingly select a representative committee, known as the Committee on Industrial Coordination and Defense of the City of New York, which will be ready to cooperate with the National Government in carrying out the plans for industrial defense. "At the same time," says Mr. Walker, "I am certain that our own city will be benefited by such a committee, in their study of industrial conditions locally. It will also stand ready to serve in case of any national calamity such as earthquakes or floods or any internal crisis."

"I deem it my duty as mayor of the largest city in the United States to tender the cooperation of this district."

Secretary of War Davis in acknowledging the letter sent to Colonel MacNider, expressed his gratification to Mayor Walker for his interest in the public welfare, and in conclusion said:

"I am confident that the result of your efforts will not only develop an acceptable solution of the local problems with which your citizens alone are familiar, but will have a most helpful influence throughout the nation."

S-51 BOARD OF INQUIRY.

The final report of the Board of Inquiry which investigated the sinking last September of the submarine S-51 was received in the Navy Department on July 21. Pending final departmental action on it the contents were not made public. It is understood to be a conclusive and all-embracing report, more than half a hundred different findings being included. It is now being reviewed by the department's legal authorities.

Davison Will Welcome Tips on Air Service

(Continued From First Page.)
for revolutionizing the existing order of things, the new assistant secretary has settled into harness and started "learning the ropes," and for the present, at least, is rather an uncommunicative individual.

Cooperation on Every Hand.

Declining to discuss any of the controversial questions that have made aviation the storm center so frequently during the past few years, the new assistant secretary responded more readily to questions of a more general nature and in substance his replies can be summarized as follows:

"I am deeply gratified over the way the Army has taken me in. The Secretary and Assistant Secretary have both given me every assistance and cooperation, the Chief of Staff and General Conner have assured me of their desire to help in any way possible and General Patrick and those officers of the Air Service with whom I have come in contact have made every effort to help me get my bearings."

"Under the provisions of the law creating this position, stress is laid on the important of coordination between the Air Corps and Naval Aeronautics. All of my aviation experience has been with the naval branch and it seems a coincidence that the new Secretary for Aeronautics in the Navy has, on the other hand, dealt mainly with the Army fliers. I am hopeful that this coincidence will prove helpful in working out an even closer cooperation between the two."

"Another phase of this work which is specifically mentioned in the law is that of encouraging development work and stimulating aeronautical progress by consideration of new inventions and adequate rewards for all those worth while. In this I personally expect to draw largely on the experience, knowledge and facilities of the National Advisory Committee on Aeronautics as Congress specified."

One important phase of the aviation situation was commented on by Mr. Davison. "One matter I have decided on. Every suggestion through the proper channels from the field service will be given proper consideration and will be investigated."

"In cases where such action seems warranted I expect to give my personal attention and if it seems advisable I will visit the field and get first hand information as to the conditions. Naturally, it will be impossible in every instance to meet all demands for improvements especially where a greater expenditure of funds would be required but I want the Air Corps to feel that constructive suggestions are welcome."

PRIZE WINNERS SELECTED IN ESSAY WRITING CONTEST

The Committee on Awards in the contest conducted by the Army and Navy Journal for the best essays on the subject, "The Value of Military Training for American Youth," announces the following winners:

For a college man, round trip ticket from his home to Yellowstone Park, with \$25.00 toward expenses—John Farris Curle, 368 North Eighth Street, Laramie, Wyo.

For National Guardsman, a uniform made to order in accordance with the new uniform regulations—Captain Harry Stanborough Monnell, New York National Guard, address, Oteon, N. C.

For R. O. T. C. student, a round trip ticket to Europe on a first-class steamer, with \$50 toward expenses—First Lieut. J. Mitchell Fain, CW-ORC, address, 407 Hart Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Another prize was offered, two round trip tickets to a Citizens' Military Training Camp for a high school boy and his mother, but no essay was received from any entrant in this class.

While the judges agreed that all of the submitted essays were of a high quality and indicated that all the contestants were keenly alive not only to the value but the necessity of military training for American youth, the number of entrants was small and disappointing.

Each of the winners has been communicated with and arrangements are being made for the two trips and the new uniform awarded by the judges.

U. S. ARMY AIR CRAFT PROCUREMENT BENEFICIAL

Acting Secretary of War MacNider regards the procurement provision of the Army Air Act as certain to stimulate aircraft development. Upon his return to Washington he declared that inventive genius in the creation of new designs for aircraft would be encouraged by the competition in design authorized by the law. The awards under the direction of Congress will be based upon merit of design rather than on cost of production or cost of design. This principle also is carried into the quantity production of aircraft by discretionary powers given to the department head. Another valuable feature of the law in the opinion of Mr. MacNider is the permission to purchase unpatentable design rights, which will enable the reward of competent designers.

COMMISSION TO SURVEY APPOMATTOX BATTLEFIELD

CAPT. ROBERT G. CARTER, U. S. A., retired, who resides in Washington, D. C., has been appointed by Secretary of War Davis a member of the commission for a survey of the Appomattox battlefield and surrender grounds with a view toward their development into a national military park. Captain Carter succeeds the late Maj. Gen. Charles F. Humphrey, U. S. A.

Other members of the commission are Robert A. O'Brien, of Appomattox, and Lt. Col. Francis A. Pope, Corps of Engrs., U. S. A., engineer of that district.

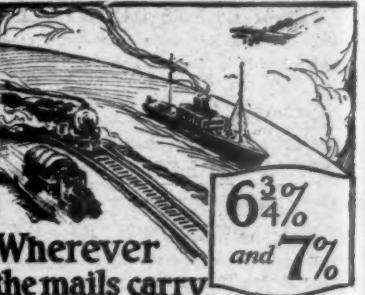
GOES TO FORT TOTTEN.

Lt. Col. W. S. Bowen, U. S. A., left the Office of the Chief of Coast Artillery on July 22 for Fort Totten, N. Y., where he will officiate as umpire during exercises to be held by the 62nd Anti-Aircraft during the month of August.

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POLICY FOR ESTABLISHING BIG MERCHANT MARINE

FORMULATION of a concrete policy for establishing a permanent and adequate Merchant Marine that in its final form is expected to have the backing of the administration and serve as basis for legislation to make it effective, has been undertaken by the Shipping Board.

Acting on the resolution of Senator Jones introduced in the Senate on June 23, the board, at a meeting on July 15, created Merchant Marine Planning Committee consisting of Commissioners Edward C. Plummer, chairman, and Teller and Walsh to carry out the intent of that resolution.

Immediately following its creation the committee began to function and daily sessions are being held on the mass of preliminary work necessary. It is the intention of this committee to make an exhaustive study of the situation, enlist the aid of every possible agency and have its findings as conclusive as it is possible to make them.

Cooperation has already been sought from the other government departments directly interested; the committee having requested Commerce, Treasury, the Interior and Navy Departments each to assign a representative to function with them in an advisory capacity. In addition all the varied and separate interests throughout the country are being communicated with and asked to such data, information or suggestions that they feel may prove helpful. As a specific instance letters have been written to each member of the National Merchant Marine Conference held a year ago under the auspices of the National Chamber of Commerce, asking for an expression of views.

While the work to date has been confined to the preliminaries and plans for the assembling of data, the committee proposes to go into the problem from every possible angle and later expects to have a series of hearings at various points throughout the country. In order to get a cross-section of the views throughout the nation, it is proposed to give every section a chance to be heard and not to confine it to coast lines and shipping centers.

The problem, admittedly of prime importance to the United States and of vital import to the future of the Merchant Marine, apparently admits of only two solutions as the senate resolution indicates. One through private capital and under private ownership and the other through government ownership.

Congress has mandated that there shall be a Merchant Marine and the gigantic task before the committee is to discover whether private capital can build and maintain a Merchant Marine without a subsidy or not, the alternative being the adoption of a permanent policy of government ownership and operation to replace the present unsatisfactory "Emergency policy."

One of the most difficult problems of the committee will be to determine whether the higher cost of construction and operation in the United States over that of foreign competitors creates a differential that Yankee ingenuity and inventiveness cannot overcome; whether it is possible for private capital to compete with foreign shipping without this differential making the difference between profit and loss.

Another phase of the committee's work will be a survey of all American shipping to determine what can be used in the future and what new construction and replacements are necessary to make a "well balanced fleet." Still another subject for investigation will be existing port facilities and improvements necessary for more expeditious and economical handling of cargoes.

Among all "ship wise" men, and the government officials who are dealing with the problems of a Merchant Marine, there is a fundamental difference of opinion. On the one side are those unalterably opposed to government ownership, holding the view that rules in Congress that private ownership is the only ultimate solution of the problem. There are others, and this list includes many of the best informed and most seasoned shipping men

DISPOSAL OF MUSCLE SHOALS HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

THE Secretary of War has approved an agreement with the Alabama Power Company for utilization of power at Muscle Shoals, without restriction, until December 1, and thereafter until terminated by thirty days' notice either on the part of the Government or the Alabama Power Company.

In approving the agreement, the Secretary of War has insisted on a modification whereby the Alabama Power Company will give precedence to use the hydro-electric power over steam power. Under the original agreement the Government received \$119,000 from the Alabama Power Company for the sale of power generated at Muscle Shoals for the month of June, 1926. If the new contract had been in effect the Government would have received \$145,000 for this power.

WEDDINGS

(Continued From Page 1137.)

bride, will be maid of honor. The other attendants will be Mrs. Edward Sands, Mrs. Thomas Harrison, Miss Edith Chisholm and Miss Clara Workum, a cousin of the bride. Stuart Hyde Hawkins, of New York and Boston, will be best man and the ushers will be Lt. J. T. Taylor, Harry Chase, Dashell Madelira, Stribling Snodgrass and Atherton Mandary. Following their wedding trip, the couple will live on the West Coast.

Miss Gleason was graduated from Miss Porter's School in Farmington, Conn., and is a member of the Junior League. Lt. Withington was graduated from the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1922 and is stationed on board the U. S. S. West Virginia on the Pacific Coast.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Lt. John Henry Doherty, U. S. A., to Miss Frances Carroll Zeiser on July 16, 1926, at Plattsburg, N. Y.

NEW ARRIVALS

Lt. and Mrs. Temple Graves Holland, U. S. A., announce the birth of a son, William Carter, on July 12, 1926, at Manila, P. I. Mrs. Holland is the daughter of Capt. Paul Hanford Carter, U. S. R., retired.

Lt. and Mrs. Maynard H. Carter, 33rd Inf., U. S. A., announce the birth of a daughter, Ann Meredith, on July 7, 1926, at Ancon Hospital, Ancon, Canal Zone.

Lt. and Mrs. Willis R. Taylor, Air Corps, U. S. A., Crissy Field, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., announce the birth of a daughter, Jo Anne Taylor, on July 10, 1926.

Announcement has been made of the birth of a son to Lt. and Mrs. Godwin Ordway, Jr., U. S. A., on July 16, 1926, at Fort Eustis, Va. The baby is a grandson of Col. and Mrs. Godwin Ordway, U. S. A., of Fort Hancock, N. J.

Capt. and Mrs. George Lea Febiger, Inf., U. S. A., announce the birth of a daughter, Gertrude Butler, at the Southwestern Hospital, Lawton, Okla., on July 9, 1926.

Capt. and Mrs. Raymond B. Bottom, C. A. C., U. S. A., announce the birth of a daughter, Barbara Agnes, at the Elizabeth Buxton Hospital, Newport News, Va., July 19, 1926.

of the country, that under existing conditions and without a government subsidy, which seems an impossibility in view of the hostility to it both in Congress and throughout the country, private capital cannot make the shipping business pay and the only way for the United States to have an adequate Merchant Marine is for the government to go into the business as a permanent policy.

It is the hope of members of the board that the board will be able when it completes its work to present such a comprehensive compilation of facts and figures that it will furnish the answer to the problem and that the board will be able to agree on the policy recommended and present a concrete plan to Congress next January that will have the solid support of the board members and the backing of the administration.

U. S. SHIPPING BOARD NOTES

DECISION by the Shipping Board as to the reconditioning of the passenger steamers Mt. Vernon and the America will be deferred until after the opening of bids, some 30 days off, for the sale of the United States Lines and the American Merchant Lines. Under the probable terms of the advertisements for bids these two ships may be included and for this reason no action will be taken on them now. At its meeting on July 20 the board voted to reject all bids submitted for the reconditioning.

Other actions taken by the board at this meeting included:

Settlement for damages on the claim arising out of collision by the Shipping Board S. S. Danville with the S. S. Woodfield on May 6, 1921. The amount of settlement which the Shipping Board is to pay to the owners of the Woodfield is \$65,000.

A resolution approving an agreement between the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company and the United States Lines covering the movement of shipments on through bills of lading from the Pacific Coast to Bremen, Germany.

The transfer of Roy H. Morrill, secretary of the board, to the position of assistant to Commissioner Plummer, Bureau of Traffic, and the appointment of Samuel Goodacre to succeed Mr. Morrill as secretary was also approved. Both Mr. Morrill and Mr. Goodacre have been in the employ of the Shipping Board for several years. Mr. Goodacre is at present budget director of the Shipping Board and through his selection as secretary of the board the positions of budget director and secretary will be combined.

TAMPA RESCUES CASTAWAYS.

In response to an appeal from the State Department, the Coast Guard Cutter Tampa rescued the marooned crew of the American Schooner Falmouth, wrecked on Sable Island July 3, and took them to Boston. There were nine men in the crew.

GEODETIC EXPERTS FROM VARIOUS COUNTRIES TO JOIN IN RADIO TEST

EXPERTS of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, in an effort to test the new theory that the continents of the world are not solidly fixed to the globe, but are constantly changing in position, have arranged a series of cooperative radio tests to be carried out simultaneously with scientists from many other countries to begin October 1 and end November 30.

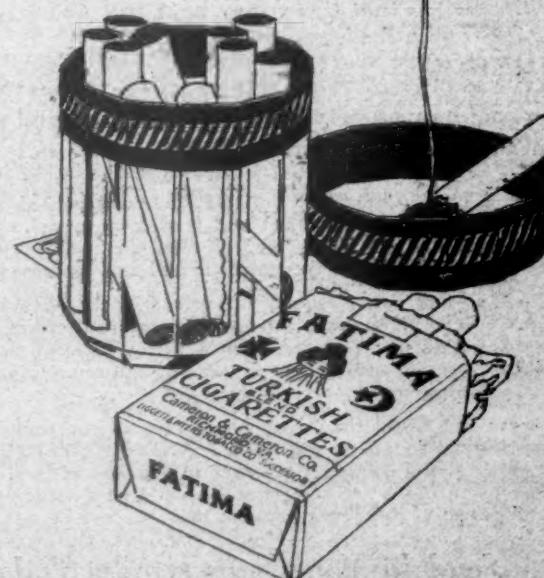
Checks will be made simultaneously by radio in the United States, Hawaii, the Philippines, Canada, Mexico, Australia, Japan, China, India, England, France, Spain, Belgium, Portugal, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, Poland and several other countries, including points yet to be selected in Africa. The object sought will be the precise longitude of the points from which observations are taken. If the measurements are completed this year, a check will be made against the results in 1931, and if the slightest evidence is found to support the theory that continents move, similar checks will be carried on until the hypothesis become a proved fact or is discarded as untenable.

The test is considered of the utmost scientific importance because, if the theory is substantiated, it will affect all of the theories held in the past as to the origin of continents and the causes of the great changes which have taken place in geologic time on the surface of the earth. So accurately will the observations be, according to Commerce Department scientists, that the distance between a given point in Washington and another in Paris will be determined within a margin of 24 feet.

Col. Duncan K. Major, 34th Inf., U. S. A., commanding at Fort Eustis, Va., and who is also directing the C. M. T. C. there, is highly pleased with the progress the young men have been making since the camp opened on July 8. He publicly commended them on July 17.

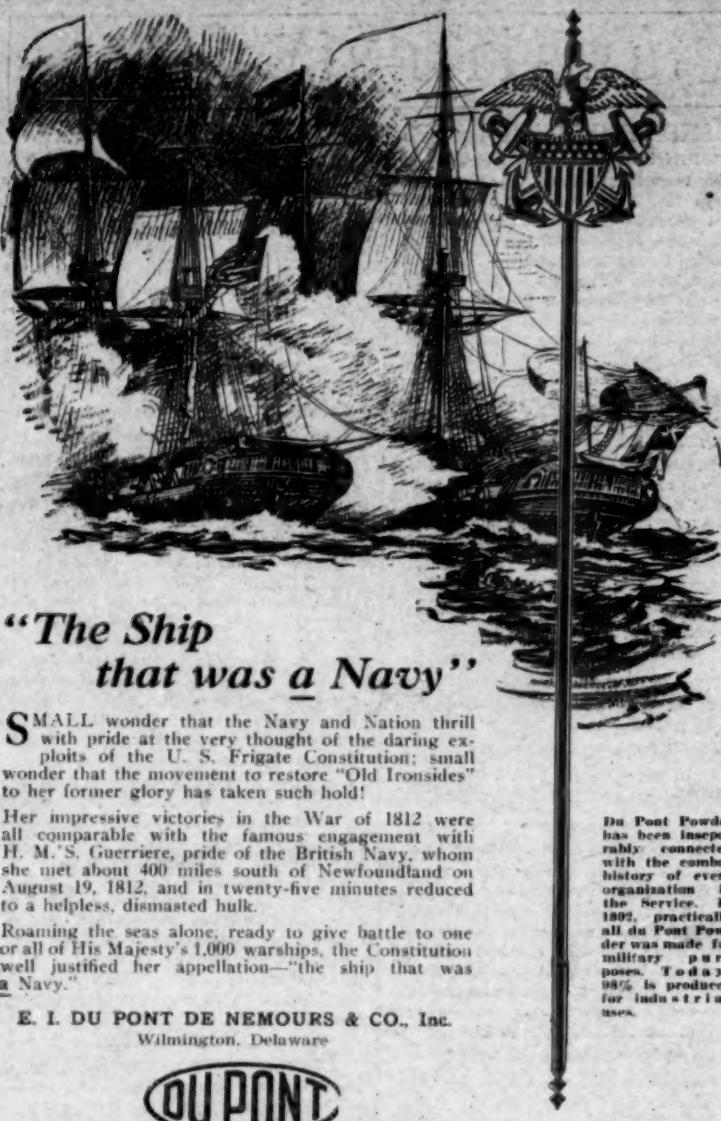
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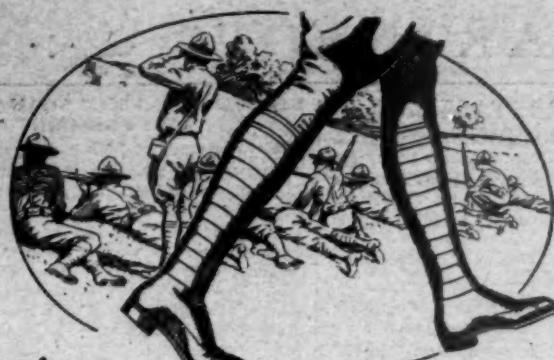
Her impressive victories in the War of 1812 were all comparable with the famous engagement with H. M. S. Guerriere, pride of the British Navy, whom she met about 400 miles south of Newfoundland on August 19, 1812, and in twenty-five minutes reduced to a helpless, dismasted hulk.

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What do you think?

UNDER an Act of Congress, the Secretary of War is now making an investigation and study of the injustices which exist in the single promotion list in the Army, with a view of submitting recommendations for changes in the present promotion system.

The views of all Army officers on this subject are of value. Many letters on the gross injustices of the single promotion list are now being received by the Army and Navy Journal and all of them will be published so that there may be a full and free discussion of the subject.

What are your views regarding the single promotion list and what are your suggestions for changes in it? Write a letter of about 500 words or less setting forth your views and send it to the Army and Navy Journal immediately. Join in this forum and watch for the views of others in the columns of "The Journal of the Services Since 1863."

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL will publish a great many letters on this subject and it will be more important than ever that all Army officers read this paper and keep themselves advised of the points raised and discussed.

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